The Massillon Independent.

WHOLE NO 1800 | MASSILLON, OHIO, NOVEMBER 14, 1895 | XXXIV—NO. 32

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Rudolph's jewelry store, South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. W. H. KIKLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Coleman & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

D. ATWATER & SON. Established in 1837. Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Ware house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No, 8 South Erie street.

B. & B

This store is reaching out for more buisness and getting it with choice goods at prices that are in the interest of people's pocket books, of which the following are examples:

Large lot of Red and Black

All-Wool Suitings,

Medium rough effects—which on account of style and value, for the money, is the most important offering of Dress Goods this year. They're 45 inches—yard and a quarter wide—and **50c a Yard**

We want every one of you to send and get samples of these and you'll know when this store advertises anything extraordinary it is that.

100 pieces assorted all-wool

Cheviot Suitings,

In neat mixture effects, choice colorings—all 50 inches wide—**50 cents.**

It's not only these extraordinary 50c lines we're calling attention to, but as representation of a general line from 10c to $4 50 a yard that we believe is without equal in this country, and we'll send you samples when you write for them to see what you think, and that will be the same as we think or we're very much mistaken in the wonderful values—but we don't think we are.

Several cases of late things from Europe in Dress Goods, Novelty Suitings and Tailorings, 75c to $1.50 that will convince you where it's best for you to buy Dry Goods.

BOGGS & BUHL,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

You see them everywhere.

Columbia Bicycles

—$100—

COLUMBIAS are the product of the oldest and best equipped bicycle factory in America, and are the result of eighteen years of successful striving to make the best bicycles in the world. **1895 Columbias** are lighter, stronger, handsomer, more graceful than ever—ideal machines for the use of those who desire the best that's made.

HARTFORD BICYCLES cost less—$80, $60. They are the equal of many other higher-priced makes, though.

POPE MFG. CO.

General Offices and Factories, HARTFORD.

BOSTON, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO, PROVIDENCE, BUFFALO.

Columbia Catalogue, telling of both Columbias and Hartfords, free at any Columbia agency, or by mail for two 2-cent stamps.

F. H. SNYDER,

Agent for Columbia and Hartford Bicycles

MASSILLON, O.

POLES TO GO TO CUBA.

Over 300 Will Leave Cleveland on Nov. 25.

FUND TO SEND THEM BEING RAISED

Leaders Declare If They Can't Fight For the Freedom of Poland They Will For Cuba—Other Patriots to Join From Chicago and Buffalo.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 13.—Henry Du Lawrence, a young Polish attorney, expects to have between 300 and 400 Poles in this city Nov. 25, ready to join the Cuban insurgents. The fighting spirit runs high among the Poles in Cleveland, their leaders declaring that if they cannot fight for the freedom of Poland they desire to fight for Cuba.

Already 83 Poles in Buffalo have signed an agreement to report to Du Lawrence in Cleveland, and he expects more than 100 from Chicago. Thaddeus Drojecki, a young Cleveland druggist, is enthusiastic in the movement and from now on will devote all his time to raising money and recruits in Cleveland, Chicago and Buffalo. They expect to raise a fund sufficient to send the battalion to Cuba.

Cleveland People Go to Atlanta.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 13.—One of the most magnificently equipped special railway trains ever seen in the Union station has started southward over the Big Four road, having on board about 300 members of the Cleveland chamber of commerce, bound for the Atlanta exposition. The party will celebrate Cleveland day at the exposition tomorrow. The excursion is made in the interest of trade extension as well as for pleasure.

Confessed to a Murder.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 13.—Edward Campbell, alias Charles Rice, alias George Smith, in jail here, has made a confession to the murder of Maggie McGraw of No. 23 River street, Newark, N. J. He says he hit the woman over the head with a chair during a drunken row, and that she died from the effect of the blow. The Newark authorities have been notified.

Died of Lockjaw.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 13.—Mrs. James G. Miller, wife of the manager of the Grand Opera House, has died of lockjaw. Her death was the result of an accident. Last Saturday a week she fell, breaking her left thumb, the bone protruding through the flesh. A few days later blood poisoning became manifest, and lockjaw resulted.

Dangerous Way to Test Gas.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 13.—At Lockland, a suburb of this city, a natural gas well has been struck. Someone who wanted to see if it really was natural gas thoughtlessly applied a match. A terrific explosion followed, seriously injuring John Kumler, Julius Sonntag, Henry Nabors and C. F. Schmidt.

Standard Increases Oil prices.

TOLEDO, Nov. 13.—The Standard has raise the price of crude oil—north of Lima 80 cents, south of Limam 75 cents, Indiana 71. This is a rise of 5 cents per barrel. There is great excitement among the oil men and intense activity in drilling.

Editors Entertained at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 13.—About 200 editors of weekly papers in Ohio and Michigan and members of their families were entertained here previous to their departure on a special train this morning for the Atlanta exposition.

Judge Thurman Much Better.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 13.—Ex Senator Thurman now sleeps well. He talks and knows persons who call. His injured hip is better. The doctor says his patient will get up.

SMALL OHIO HAPPENINGS.

William M. Williams, ex postmaster of West Liberty, was instantly killed by falling from a scaffold. He was 51 years old.

Joseph Robinson of Portsmouth, the yardmaster of the Norfolk and Western railroad, was crushed between the cars, and will lose a hand, even if he survives.

William Wilt, the man who disappeared from his home at Comet College, has been discovered at East Monroe, Highland county. When found he was lying unconscious with his head in a ditch.

The general store of Asalph McCall, at South Webster, was burglarized, and property amounting to $500 was stolen. The burglars are believed to be a gang of tramps that have been hanging around the place for several days.

Anna Haggardy, a domestic in the employ of Mrs. Wooley of Broadway, while going down the cellar steps at her home was struck in the head by the cellar door, which fell while she was descending the steps. She was senseless for three hours.

Pete Haley of Marion, a former inmate of the insane asylum, made a vicious attack on Thomas Burke, with the apparent intention of severing his head from the body with a razor, but by the timely intervention of bystanders prevented a fatal cut.

W. C. Hooper, foreman at the Tytus Gardner papermill, threatened to discharge Mart Reed, Reed knocked Hooper down and kicked him and Tom Hooper, brother of the foreman, then thrashed Reed. The cause of the trouble was Reed's discharge for beating a female employe of the mill.

Mrs. Reuben Smith of Findlay eloped with a man by the name of Grant McGregor, who boarded with the Smith family, taking her little daughter with her. The couple purchased tickets for Dayton, and Mr. Smith telegraphed ahead and had them arrested on their arrival. They will be brought back to Findlay.

Enos Curtiss, an old gentleman, was walking along the Lake Erie and Western tracks, in Findlay, near the junction of the Toledo and Ohio Central, when he noticed a coupling link firmly clinched over the rail. Mr. Curtiss at once secured some tools and removed the link. This is the second attempt in the past two months that has been made in that particular place to wreck a train.

A CLUE TO THE ROBBERS.

Escaped Prisoners Supposed to Have Got the $20,000 at Colorado Springs.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Nov. 13.—The Wells-Fargo Express company's officials believe that the robbery of Messenger George Krout was committed by A. J. Gray, alias Sam Wells and J. G. Stuart, alias C. J. Starr, who were arrested for the theft of $16,000 from the express wagon at Cripple Creek April 11 and who recently, in company with Tom McCarthy, escaped from jail in this city. R. T. Montgomery, who was a prisoner at the time of the escape, notified the police at Denver several days ago that Gray and Smart plotted while in jail to rob the express company again. The officials of the company believe that the robbers had an accomplice in the bank.

Twenty thousand dollars was sent from Denver to the First National bank of Colorado Springs and was received about 4 o'clock and too late to be delivered to the bank. The package containing the money was placed in the Santa Fe depot safe and both doors locked. There was nothing to indicate its value. Evidently the thieves knew of its existence. When train No 6 came in at 9.45, there were other packages aboard with currency to the amount of $35,000 consigned to the same bank. These packages were delivered to the agent and placed in the safe with the other. After the train had departed the agent, George Krout, went to the platform to straighten the trucks, and when he returned to the office he was met at the door by two masked men with drawn revolvers. The robbers demanded money and he handed out the $20,000 package.

Krout's action in handing out the $20,000 package alone saved the company $35,000. The robbers compelled Krout to go to bed and pull the covers over him, while they escaped. The depot agent was not 100 yards away from Krout's office while the robberry was being committed, but he did not see the robbers and knew nothing about the matter until informed by Krout.

BRICE LINES O COMBINE.

A Consolidated Company to Be Organized the First of Next Year.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 13.—Such progress has been made in a proposed consolidation of the Brice lines of railway that it is understood here that the consolidated company will be organized Jan. 1. The Lake Erie and Western as a separate system and name will be wiped out and its lines merged in an aggregate of 1,655 miles, of road as follows:

Lake Erie and Western, 735; Cincinnati, Jackson and Michigan, 346; Cleveland, Akron and Columbus, 206; Ohio Southern, 243, Northern Ohio, 165.

The Lima Northern will also be taken into the combination and completed to Toledo next season. The Northern Ohio extension to New Castle, Pa., is to be completed. There a traffic agreement with the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg, to be extended to New Castle, will also be made. The headquarters of the system will be at Indianapolis. Terminals will be maintained in Cincinnati, Toledo, Cleveland and St. Louis. The Clover Leaf, by consolidation or traffic agreement is to afford the desired St. Louis and Toledo facilities. The general officers of the Lake Erie are to retain charge of the system.

A Mutiny on Board Ship.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 13.—The American ship Bohemia has arrived from Philadelphia with stories of mutiny and disaster. The crew, headed by Second Mate Egan, mutinied after the ship had been through a storm off Rio Janeiro, and against his will the captain had to make for port. With the exception of the chief officer there was not a skipper. The second officer, who led the mutineers, deserted at Rio de Janeiro, but the remainder of the crew are aboard. They will probably be arrested.

An Increase In Exports.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The bureau of statistics in its statement of domestic exports shows that during the month of October, 1895, the exports of breadstuffs amounted $12,314,358, as against $9,851,064 during October, 1894; cotton, $27,802,425, as against $30,754,506; mineral oils, $ 880,514, as against $3,768,021; provisions, $15,174,672, as against $12,636,274, making a total of $68,159,944 for October, 1895, as against $57,005,965 during October, 1894.

Can't Haul Guns to Uruan.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The cable report that an expedition of three Maxim guns, 50 men and ten canoes had been dispatched by British Guiana to Uruan, the seat of the trouble with Venezuela, leads officials here to say that the expedition if started, will never reach Uruan. It is pointed out that it is impossible to haul Maxim guns to Uruan through the dense tropical forests.

Saw Her Child's Death Torture.

WHEELING, Nov. 13.—At Tilden Ridge, this state, the infant son of Mrs. John West has met with a horrible death. While playing about a stove it suddenly upset, falling upon the boy. As the little fellow lay pinned down by the hot stove a pot of boiling beans emptied its contents upon him, scalding him to death. The mother, who is an invalid, was unable to rescue the child.

Mormon Elders Ridden on Rails.

ASHLAND, Ky., Nov. 13.—A report from White Post, Pike county, states that two Mormon elders were taken from a church there Sunday night and ridden out of the state and into West Virginia, on rails. The elders, who have been in West Virginia for some time, crossed the river in defiance of the warnings of the farmers.

Two Immense Gold Bricks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The Bank of Montreal has received from Kootenai, British Columbia, the second largest block of gold that has ever passed through the New York assay office. It weighs 2,435 ounces, and is valued at $41,857. The bank has also received a gold brick weighing 1,511 ounces, valued at $26,154.

PULLMAN'S CLOSE CALL

An Insane Man After George M. and an Employe.

A FORTUNE TELLER RESPONSIBLE.

She Said He Had Secret Enemies and Described the Magnate and His Building Manager—Hesitation as to Who to Kill First Saved Them.

CHICAGO, Nov 13.—The life of George M. Pullman and that of John B. Griffin, the manager of the Pullman building in this city, have been menaced by an insane man. Both men were to have been shot and killed on or before the 15th and 25th of this month. The delay of the maniac in making up his mind who should be the first victim gave the police time to arrest him. The prisoner is William Sherman, who has been employed as a window cleaner around the Pullman building. A woman fortune teller is at present held responsible for the suggestion that placed the lives of Mr. Pullman and his manager in jeopardy, and the police are now endeavoring to find her and ask why she advises her patrons to commit murder.

Sherman, when captured, said he had consulted a fortune teller, because he was unable to sleep. The woman told him that he was troubled by secret enemies, and that unless he killed them before Nov. 17 or 27 they would kill him. She described the men to him and the descriptions were those of Mr. Pullman and Mr. Griffin. The woman would not tell him the names of the men unless he paid her $25. This he declined to do, as he knew the men by the description, he said. Sherman said that he would have killed one of the men if he could have made up his mind which one to take first. The man was palpably insane and was removed to the detention hospital. He was going about the Pullman building making threats.

WON'T CHALLENGE CORBETT.

But Maher Will Fight Any Other Man In the World.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—J. J. Quinn, the manager of Peter Maher, who knocked out O'Donnell so readily, has made a statement in behalf of the fighter. He said:

"Maher challenges any man in the world to fight for the championship, and he will not put the stakes so high that no one except a man with three millionaires behind him can accept. Maher will fight for $5,000 a side, in public or private, and he will go any place to do battle, South Africa not barred. Peter claims that he has as much right to the title of champion as any one man, and he is particularly anxious to meet Fitzsimmons."

Quinn said that Maher would not challenge Corbett, because Corbett had asked him as a personal favor not to do so, as he had retired.

Harmon Preparing His Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Attorney Harmon is busily engaged in the preparation of his annual report to the president. The attorney general will recommend in his report an amendment to existing laws, by which all criminal cases involving violations of United States laws other than capital cases, now subject to appeal from the lower federal courts, shall go to the several United States circuit courts of appeal for final hearing, as such cases take up much valuable time in the supreme court.

No Uprising of Utes Feared.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The report of the killing of two southern Ute Indians and a squaw near the head of Lost Canon, Colo., has been confirmed in dispatches received at the interior department. Agent Day telegraphed Indian Commissioner Browning that he apprehended no danger, however, despite the story that the Utes were making threatening demonstrations. Eight Indian police have gone to the scene of the murder and will make a thorough investigation.

Inheritance Right Challenged.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The friends of the late Curtis E. Robinson, formerly a prominent real estate dealer of this city, and who died in 1892, have been amazed to learn that he is charged in a suit brought here with having deserted a wife in Massachusetts in the early sixties, when he came to Chicago, and his three children are probably surprised to find their right to inheritance challenged by their Massachusetts relatives. The estate is represented to be worth about $1,000,000.

Education of the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—W. N. Hailman, superintendent of Indian schools in his annual report discusses at some length the proposition to enlist the different states in Indian education. He says there are in some cases an unwillingness to admit Indian children to schools attended by white children and in some cases he thinks it might become necessary to continue specific Indian schools for limited periods.

The Christian Workers' Convention.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov 13.—At the Christian Workers' convention the speakers were Mrs. George E. Clarke, of the Pacific Garden mission, Chicago; Rev. A. C. Dixon of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Tracy McGregor of Detroit, Mich. The latter spoke on his work in aid of drunkards.

Two Children Probably Perished.

BUFFALO, Nov. 13.—A frame cottage on Geneva street has been burned and it is feared that the two small children of the tenant of the house, Mrs. Kurtzman, were consumed.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $178,413,648; gold reserve, $92,918,479.

MISS WHITNEY'S WEDDING.

She Marries Almeric Paget In the Presence of the President and Others.

NEW YORK, Nov 13.—The marriage of Miss Pauline Payne Whitney daughter of Hon. William C. Whitney, to Mr. Almeric Paget at St. Thomas' church was celebrated in the presence of many notable people, among them President Cleveland, Secretaries Lamont and Herbert, Governor Morton and wife, Sir Julian Pauncefote and members of the British embassy, Dr. Chauncey M. Depew, members of the Whitney household, Lady Colebrook and Miss Alice Paget, sisters of the bridegroom, Lord Westmeath and many others.

The groom is the youngest son of the late General Lord Alfred Paget, who was personal aide-de-camp to the queen and grandson of the first Marquis of Anglesea.

Edouard De Reszke, Mme. Nordica and Frank Ondricek, aided with the music. The regular church choir, under the direction of Dr. George W. Warren, also sang.

To the strains of the wedding march, the bridal party proceeded to the chancel in the following order: Ushers—Gould Hoyt, John C. Furman, H. Maitland Kersey, W. Cutting, Jr., Winthrop Rutherford, Jared Howe, Crawford Livingstone, and the bride's brother, Mr. Harry Whitney. Then

ALMERIC H. PAGET. MISS PAULINE WHITNEY.

came four little flower maidens, Miss Catherine Barney, Miss Laura Whitney, Miss Francis Bingham and Miss Dorothy Whitney, the bride's sister.

Following these came six bridesmaids, Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, Miss Emily Vanderbilt Sloane, Miss Azuba Barney, Miss Beatrice Bend, Miss Susie Dimmock and Miss Edith Blake Brown.

The bridal party were met at the chancel steps by the groom and his best man, Mr. Gerald Paget. The bride and groom were met at the chancel steps by Bishops Potter and Leonard, and the rector, Dr. John Wesley Brown, where the charge was read by the rector of the church, Bishop Leonard performing the betrothal service and Bishop Potter officiating at the marriage ceremony proper at the altar rail.

Immediately after the ceremony the newly wedded pair were accompanied to the vestry by the president and Sir Julian Pauncefote, who subscribed their names to the marriage registry as witnesses.

A reception was held immediately after the ceremony at the residence of the bride's father, No 2 West Fifty-seventh street, to which 400 guests were bidden. In the inner hall an immense bell of white flowers was hung, beneath which the bridal couple received the congratulations of their friends.

The wedding breakfast was served at small tables set in the ballroom and the diningroom. The bridal party was seated at a crescent shaped table, arranged across the bay window.

The bridal party will pass part of the honeymoon at Mr. Whitney's country seat at Westbury, L. I., and later will tour through the eastern states enroute to St. Paul, Minn., where Mr. Paget and his bride will make their future home.

To Aid the Freedmen.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—At the closing session of the Freedmen's Aid society committee the amount decided upon as being sufficient to meet the requirements of the struggling schools in the south was $3,000 over and above the regular appportionment. The conference then adjourned to meet in November, 1896, at some point to be designated. The bishops and the other delegates have left for Denver, where the missionary society is to meet.

10,000 May Make the Dash.

JULIPATTA, Ida., Nov. 13.—Two hundred and fifty home seekers are in camp in this vicinity waiting for the opening of the Nez Perces reservation Nov. 18. It is expected there will be 10,000 people ready when the word is given to enter the land.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Captain General Campos will take the field personally against Maximo Gomez in Cuba.

A combination of soft coal operators in Western Pennsylvania was rumored at Baltimore.

Dispatches sent from Havana to Madrid stated that a very critical situation exists in Cuba.

Ex Governor Campbell in an interview at Springfield, O., declared that Senator Brice's contribution to the campaign had equaled expectations.

Charles W. Dayton, 42 years, of 1209 South Third street, Philadelphia, committed suicide by drinking a mixture of benzine poison and beer.

It is expected that war against Ashanti will be declared at the next British cabinet council. The authorities at Woolwich arsenal have received orders to forward all the necessary stores to Accra.

The jury in the case of Frank Clemmons, in Breathitt county, Ky., for the killing of Colley Whittaker, Oct. 22, could not agree, 11 voting for a life sentence in the penitentiary and one for acquittal.

Claus Spreckels has announced, at San Francisco, that he intends to establish at different points throughout the state three new beet sugar factories. He has not yet selected sites for the factories, but says he will invest $1,000,000 in the beet sugar industries of California.

Will Jacobs, colored, was shot to death by R. G. Orr, also colored, at Altheimer, Ark. Orr had heard that Jacobs had been intimate with his daughter, and, securing a Winchester, hunted for Jacobs and killed him within ten feet of the township constable, who permitted him to escape.

AN ARMENIAN REVOLT.

They Capture Turkish Troops and Kill Mussulmen.

THEY ALSO PLUNDER VILLAGES.

The List of Armenians Murdered In Recent Massacres Now Thought to Be 15,000—Shakir Pasha's Mission a Failure. Porte's Reply to Ambassadors.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 13.—According to official Turkish advices received by the government the Armenians of Zeitoun have captured a battalion of Turkish troops and practically obtaining possession of the city, attacked the village of Tchonkourhissar, killed 35 Mussulmen, pillaged a house at Dunghel, and carried off the arms and cattle of the inhabitants of that neighborhood. The Armenians are also said to have assassinated the secretary of the collector of customs of that part of the country.

The Vali of Adana, a town situated some distance from Zeitoun and nearer the coast, telegraphs that 200 Armenians, disguised as Circassians, have attacked and plundered the Mussulman villages of Zeitounbell and Nuri, killing a number of the inhabitants.

It is believed in some Armenian quarters here that the estimate of 10,000 Armenians killed during the recent massacres may turn out to be considerably under the real total, and that the number may come nearer 15,000 than 10,000.

Diplomats here regard the massacres at Erzeroum and Bitlis as being especially flagrant since the first appearance there of Shakir Pasha, the high commissioner appointed for the purpose of carrying into effect Armenian reforms. While at Bitlis the police fired upon every Christian passing in sight of the windows of the French consulate.

The porte, replying to the identical notes of the ambassadors of Germany, Austria and Italy, simply said that information regarding the scheme for reform in Armenia would be forwarded to the representatives of the powers "without delay." In other words, these three ambassadors, at least, have obtained no satisfaction at all.

FIRED BY BAD BOYS.

A School Building Burned In Mexico and 31 Perished.

GRENADA, Mexico, Nov. 13.—A school building here, in which 150 children were present, caught fire and before anything could be done the whole building was ablaze, and in spite of the heroic efforts of the people the building was destroyed.

Thirty-one charred bodies, including the teacher, have so far been taken out. The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin, and two boys who had been severely punished by the teacher and suspended from school are believed to be the authors of the crime. They have been arrested, but so far have not confessed.

K. of L. Convention In Session.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Knights of Labor are in secret convention here. General Master Workman Sovereign says that questions on credentials have been under consideration and are settled. Those decided, did not involve important issues but arose mainly on whether credentials should be received pending an appeal to the grievance committee. The master workman's report and other general business will likely be taken up today. Mr. Sovereign's report will be brief and mainly extemporaneous, showing the present satisfactory condition of the order.

A Swindling Investment Company.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—Henry Wyman, receiver of the Globe Investment company, has filed his report. It shows not only that a double set of books were kept in order that the company might be given a better showing on examination, but also that loans made by the company amounting to at least $500,000 were never paid over to the holders of the paper on which they were paid. The company negotiated more than $5,500,000 worth of loans.

Condemned Lynching and Burning.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—Nearly 3,000 people attended a massmeeting in Faneuil hall last night to protest against the practice of lynching and burning negroes in southern and other states. The meeting was held under the auspices of the various colored societies of Boston and vicinity. The speeches were by both white and colored men, and were vigorously applauded. A strong resolution was adopted.

Wanamaker Pays the $10,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 13.—Members of the Republican state central committee say that John Wanamaker has sent $10,000 to Indiana in settlement of a claim the Republicans have urged against the national committee since 1892. W. T. Durbin of Anderson, depending upon the national committee's promise, borrowed the money for the committee and has been trying to secure settlement since.

The Battleship Texas Injured.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The battleship Texas has come to grief in the drydock at New York and has sustained injuries, the exact extent of which is not known here at present. The ship went into dock a week ago to be cleaned and painted and to remove an accumulation of seaweeds which had grown in the pipe gratings leading to the circulating pumps.

Wants Soldiers Arrested.

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 13.—Alva Udell, a Los Angeles man, is here for the purpose of securing warrants for the arrest of the United States soldiers who killed Charles Stewart during the railroad strike a year ago last July. Stewart was not a striker, but was shot when he refused to halt when ordered to do so by the soldiers.

LET LIQUOR TRAFFIC ALONE.

Bishop Doane Says It Would Then Regulate Itself and Lose Its Evil.

ALBANY, Nov. 13.—Bishop William Crosswell Doane, in his address to the clergy attendant upon the Episcopal diocesan conference at All Saints' church, spoke at some length on the question of excise, expounding a novel principle. He said: "The temptation is irresistible for the liquor dealers to elect the legislature, or at least a majority of it, in their interest, and as irresistible for the average politician (and there are very few politicians who rise above a very low average) to prostitute their offices by pandering to the liquor dealers to secure their votes.

"If the state let the whole matter alone and merely included in its criminal code certain offenses, drunkenness, selling liquor to minors, violations of the Lord's day and the selling of liquor in the immediate neighborhood of schools and churches and polling places, I believe the matter would regulate itself by the law of supply and demand. There would be no more liquor saloons than the thirst of the neighborhood requires, and there would be no temptation on the part of politicians to support them as places in which they could secure influence, or to liquor dealers to establish them as centers of political power. It stands to reason, it seems to me, that beer and spirits and wine are articles of commerce in the same way that bread and butter and beef are."

OTHER NATIONS BARRED.

Japan Provides That No Other Country Will Occupy Port Arthur.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The purpose of Japan is to evacuate Port Arthur and the Liao Tung peninsula by February 16 next, which is three months from the date of the payment by China of the 100,000,000 taels agreed upon for the evacuation. While three months is fixed as the time within which the evacuation may be made, it is probable that the Japanese will not take the limit of time, but will set about retiring from Port Arthur immediately on the payment of the 50,000,000 taels on next Tuesday, as the cost of the maintenance of an army there is very heavy.

It is understood also that a further feature of the treaty for the surrender of Port Arthur is that its evacuation by Japan will not be followed by a cession of the fortress to any other power. An unofficial statement to this effect has been made and is credited here, but the Japanese legation has received no official advices.

Annual Baptist Congress In Session.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 13.—The thirteenth annual Baptist congress has opened in the Central Baptist church here, with a large attendance of delegates from all parts of the country. The one general subject to be discussed during the congress is that of missions, especially home missions. Evangelical work will also receive considerable attention.

Important Case Postponed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The interstate commerce case involving the right to compel witnesses to answer self-incriminating questions concerning railroad rates, has been reassigned and set for the first Monday in January.

North Lawrence and Urban Hill.

H. H. Shriver went to south Michigan this week. He will be gone two or three weeks.

Robert Pollock, sr., is quite sick with pleurisy.

The lectures of Mrs. Viola Sunsford, on Saturday and Sunday, were well attended. She has been working in the interest of Good Templars for thirteen years. She took an active part in the prohibition campaign of Kansas at the time the prohibition clause was voted into the constitution of the state. She is an eloquent, informed, earnest and instructive speaker.

The Christian Endeavor executive committee held a meeting at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Ellis, on Tuesday evening, and transacted important business.

Work was resumed at Clover Hill mine last Monday.

School begins in District No. 4 next Monday.

PLENTY OF STRASBURG NEWS.

STRASBURG, Nov. 13.—James Fernsell quit farming and has opened a meat market here.

The Democracy hereabout contributed considerable sums to P. Arnold's ready cash through the loss of election bets.

In spite of the late drouth and malarious climatic conditions, our village has been entirely free of sickness this fall. We have had but one death, a consumptive, for over a year.

On last Sunday night several young ruffians committed a most dastardly and brutal assault upon the little son of Mr. William Hartline while on his way home from Christian Endeavor meeting. They were arrested and fined, but the fact remains that these cowardly young loros by their mean and vulgar conduct on the streets and in public places will some day encounter the stern vengeance of this community.

In the afternoon and evening of Thanksgiving day the old soldiers of this township and vicinity will hold a camp fire and reunion at the town hall in Strasburg.

A very immoral condition of affairs is reported to exist in a certain family. It seems to be a case of Mormonistic connubial felicity without the formality of marriage, which extenuates the plurality of wives' debauchery of that sacred sect. The matter should be taken in hand by the proper authorities.

A trustee of this township, to give expression to his great unselfishness, voted at the late election for candidates on the Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, Populist and Socialist tickets. Although he is before a rampant Republican, he has progressed so far ahead of that party in political wisdom as to support Coxey for governor. He says Bushnell had no right to make money on agricultural implements and that he admired Coxey because he is a man of sand.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Society and Fine Horses on Exhibition In New York.

AN INTERESTING NATIONAL EVENT.

Social Leaders From a Dozen Big Cities Will Be There.

Some of the Well Known Men and Women Who May Be Seen In the Boxes—The Pride of a Thousand Stables Will Prance Over the Tanbark and Endeavor to Win Blue Ribbons For Their Owners—What the Spectators Who Go to Madison Square Garden May Expect to See This Year.

Twice a year do the fashionable folk of New York put themselves on exhibition for all beholders who may have a dollar with which to pay the admission fee. One of these occasions is during the grand opera season, which comes in midwinter. The other is when the National Horse Show association gives its annual affair in Madison Square Garden. This latter event will begin this year on Monday, Nov. 11, and will continue for one week.

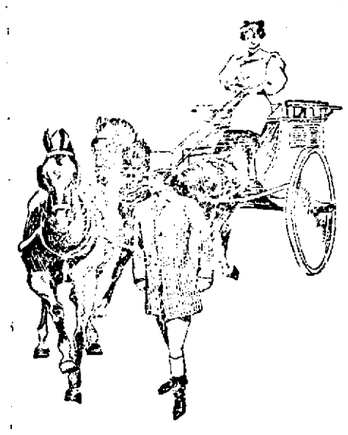
Two seasons ago it was settled that the biggest part of the show was the society exhibit in the boxes, and that the horses in the ring made up the side show. Nine-tenths of the thousands who go to the horse show would never think of going if horses were the only attraction. They are there to see the women whose names appear so frequently in the society columns of the newspapers, and whose goings and comings are reported with as much detail as if they were princesses of the realm. They go equipped with a list giving the names of boxholders. The programme of the entries and events they scorn.

Madison Square Garden in just suited for this kind of an exhibition. There is a great arena surrounded by a broad promenade walk. Next comes a ring of boxes. Back of these are the rows of seats, which tower tier on tier clear up to the roof. In the boxes sit the men and women whose names are known throughout the country. Some are residents of Manhattan, and others are distinguished visitors.

It is in the evening that the promenade is packed with a slow moving mass of people. They deliberately turn their backs on the tanbark ring, where there are nothing but superb specimens of prancing horseflesh, and gaze boldly into the boxes, which are about shoulder high above them.

You know how you make the circuit of the animal cages when you go to the circus before entering the main tent. Well, that's about what they do at the horse show. It may eventually become the custom to carry a box of French bonbons and throw them at the society lions, just as the small boy throws his peanuts to the grateful elephant.

The promenaders stop before a box in which two well known women are sitting



MRS. T. SUFFERN TAILER AND HER TANDEM

and coolly point them out to their companions. Conversations something like this can be heard:

"Yes, there she is. That's Mrs. George Gould. Rather pretty, isn't she? She was an actress, you know, before George Gould married her. My, wouldn't I like to have some of her money!"

"But who is this stout woman here in the green silk dress?"

"That? Oh, she's Mrs. Burke-Roche. She's real swell and is called the handsomest woman in the city."

Amenities of the Promenade.

"Do you know who that old lady in the corner of this box is?"

"I think it's Mrs. Van Rensselaer Cruger. That's what I heard a man say a minute ago."

"Who is the other old lady in the next box?"

"I don't know; dresses as if she were about 21, don't she?"

"Yes, she's got up regardless."

cannot close their ears. Still the women do not seem to be annoyed. Most of them have become accustomed to that sort of thing. Then, they can gaze over the heads of the promenaders and apparently see only the horses in the ring. Two society women will gossip away as though they were thoroughly enjoying themselves while scarcely three feet away a group of perhaps a dozen people are guessing who they are or perhaps freely discussing their personal history, antecedents and relatives or repeating the latest bit of sensation that has been published about them.

This is really the most remarkable feature of the horse show and one that most impresses the spectator on his first visit. It certainly seems as if the women were dressed to meet this critical scrutiny, for the show of gowns is little less than marvelous.

The sale of boxes took place the other day, and the bidding was livelier than ever before. There are about 200 boxes in all, but 40 of these are considered the most desirable. There are no restrictions as to the sale of them. Any one with money enough can buy one. As the price for first choice runs up close to $1,000, however, none but the very rich are bidders. Two years ago John Jacob Astor paid $800 for his pick of the boxes, and last year the choice went to George Gould. From this figure the prices range down to as low as $175. Considering that a box owner's privileges consist in the use for six days of a bare pen with a half dozen cane seat chairs in it, the wonder is that the auction room is always crowded. Yet it is.

The secret of it all lies in the fact that it is the "proper thing" to have a box at the horse show. This is sufficient for society. There are always sure to be a lot of domestic dignitaries in town during the week when the horse is king as well as a few imported attractions in the shape of foreign noblemen. Last year Prince Lubecki, a Newport favorite of the preceding summer, proved a big card. This fall, it is said, some of the distinguished foreigners who attended the Vanderbilt-Marlborough wedding have been persuaded to remain over and take a look at our horses and our society. They will be daily exhibited in the box occupied by Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt and those of her friends.

Several quiet little dinners have been arranged for. They will take place after the evening session of the horse show in the private dining rooms of the Waldorf and Holland House. The scene at Delmonico's will be most brilliant this week during luncheon time.

Society Beauties Who Will Attend.

Among the well known society beauties who will be seen in the boxes this year will be Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, the handsome young wife of the celebrated whip and writer on coaching matters. Mrs. Tailer is a daughter of Mr. Pierre Lorillard and comes naturally by her love of horses. She will probably drive her own faultlessly appointed tandem rig around the tanbark ring and may even take a blue ribbon away from her husband, who has made an entry in this class.

Mr. Tailer himself will be there in all the glory of his London made clothes, the most admired man in the Garden. Last year he was acknowledged by clubmen who knew to have been the best dressed man at the show. He became famous in coaching circles several years ago by driving a four in hand tallyho from Paris to Trouville, a distance of 140 miles, in 10 hours and 50 minutes.

Mrs. W. Seward Webb, who is the daughter of a Vanderbilt and the wife of one of the vice presidents of the New York Central road, will be there, as will Mrs. C. Oelrichs, the handsome young wife of the millionaire; Mrs. Fred Gebhard, the Baltimore belle who married Mrs. Langtry's former admirer; Miss Helen Benedict, daughter of the man who is President Cleveland's most intimate friend; Mrs. Foxhall Keene, wife of the famous pony polo player, who was almost killed recently on the field; Mrs. William Jay, whose husband is president of the New York Coaching club, and who can tool a tandem herself; Miss Pauline Whitney, daughter of the ex secretary of the navy, and who is to marry Sir Arthur Paget of England shortly; Mrs. George Gould and Mrs. Jack Astor, who will vie with each other for social prestige; Mrs. Ogden Mills, wife of the famous banker, and many others.

Perhaps a few among the gay throng may give a thought to poor old Mrs. Paran Stevens, now dead, who was a conspicuous figure at the Garden last year.

Mrs. Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor, wife of the famous young Chicago Beau Brummel, will be present, it is said, as well as several more society leaders from the Windy City. Mr. Joe Widener and other prominent Philadelphians will undoubtedly attend. From Brooklyn will come three well known coaching enthusiasts—Frank Beard, Howard Gibb and Tim L. Woodruff. St. Louis, Detroit, Baltimore, San Francisco and other big cities will all be represented by society people as well as horsemen.

But what about the exhibition of horses? Oh, there will be gathered under the big roof the pride of a thousand stables, the kings of the turf and the winners in half a dozen previous exhibits. From Stamford and Gibraltar Castle.

[Special Correspondence.]

ABILENE, Kan., Nov. 5.—With the return of cold weather the annual attempt of the settlers on the prairies to kill off the coyotes, or prairie wolves, is resumed. It is a never ending struggle, yet one which cannot be relinquished, for the pestiferous creatures are the bane of the farmer's life. The coyote is born without honor and never acquires it. He is a slinking coward by nature and seems rather proud of this characteristic of his being. He is a hanger on, a skirmisher, and is always, as Mark Twain puts it, "out of luck and friendless."

During recent years the coyote has increased upon the plains of western Kansas and Nebraska. The depredations upon flocks and herds of the frontier have become so numerous and extensive as to warrant counties in offering rewards for scalps of these unscrupulous beings. Many western Kansas counties have until recently offered $3 each for these wolf scalps, but the large number brought in for payment made it necessary to change the figure, and now few offer more than $1 each. In some counties the payment for scalps amounted to more than $1,000 a year, and the people could not afford it.

The habits of the coyote are peculiar. No region is too desolate or too lonesome for him to make a home. He lives on good terms with the owl and the rattlesnake. He is always lean, and his hide looks like a faded out and dilapidated wagon robe thrown loosely over a skeleton. His chief pleasure is in an unearthly midnight howl, in which numbers join in order to terrify some hapless flock or belated traveler. Many a settler driving his prairie schooner over the prairie has been kept in trembling fear by the shrill howl of the coyotes that followed his wagon. During the summer they are less bold, but as winter comes on the barnyards suffer, and, once banded together, they have no hesitancy in making attacks on lonesome cabins and frightened wayfarers. In all attacks, however, there is never any bravery shown, but for hours the besiegers will sit on their haunches at a distance and howl in painful cadence, longing for some weak victim to appear.

The average prairie settler has no fear of the coyote so far as personal danger is concerned. He knows that the sheep may be pounced upon, frightened

THE COYOTE.

and some killed, young calves may be dragged down and made to serve as a feast for the wolves, but for himself he will not be touched so long as he has strength and means to defend himself. But he knows that if opportunity presents damage will ensue. For this he hates the coyote and hunts him to the death at every opportunity.

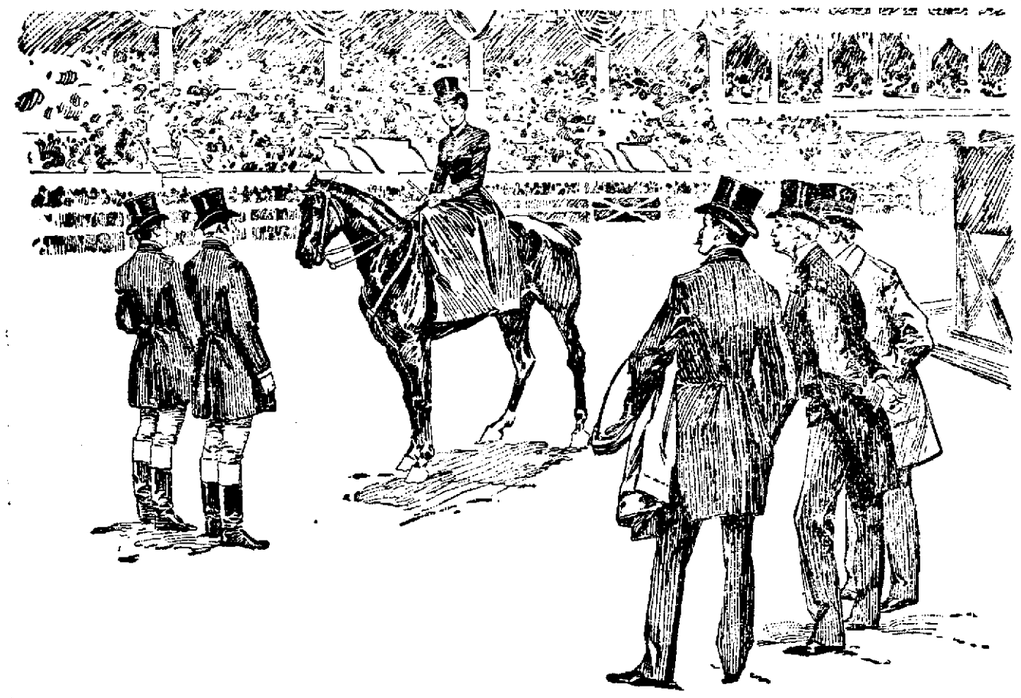
Often the wolves multiply in their holes in the sandy hills to such an extent that organized neighborhood hunts are arranged in order to kill off the surplus population of this undesirable kind. The whole community turns out with its best hunters, and the wolf infested region is surrounded by a cordon of well armed hunters. Gradually closing in, the constant "bang, bang," tells well enough the story. Such coyotes as are not killed are, when their holes can be found, moked out and their end settled quickly.

Little use exists for hunting the coyote with dogs. Only two creatures on the plains can outstrip the coyote—the antelope and greyhound. But the greyhound is afraid of the snarling, snapping Ishmaelite, while the antelope is only a victim of the wolf itself. The pace of the coyote is a slinking, shambling one, as if the creature did not care whether it moved or not. But it is a deceptive one, too, for the animal covers a great amount of ground in a given time. He is shrewd as well, and suspicious of traps and snares. For weeks one may bait a trap in some favorite haunt of the wolves, but all the time the dhole, as Kipling calls him, steps carefully over the waiting contrivance unharmed.

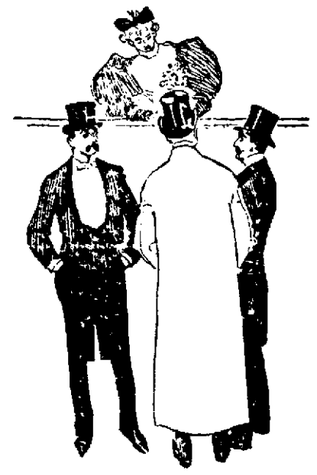
As the winter grows more severe and food scarcer the coyotes hunt in packs and are then prepared to attack anything that seems likely to give way to them. No comparison between their tactics and those of the regular mountain wolf can be found, for the coyote is a degenerate scion, an Ishmaelite among the wild creatures of the plains. When he falls by some mischance into the pitfall, his anger and chagrin are something pitiful. This disgrace is the only feeling of which he is capable.

The average settler's dog looks ashamed of himself when he sees a coyote. Run as he may, strain every muscle as he will, he can do no more than keep in sight of the wary wolf who makes racing a sport. Nor can the coyote be tamed. There seems to be tiger blood in his veins, for, chain him as one will, from infancy he rebels against captivity to the last, walking up and down the limit of his chain, snapping and snarling at all who come near and wearing himself out with the ceaseless worry that is puzzling the vagabond brain.

The settlers are making a more determined attempt than ever to get rid of the coyote, realizing its danger to the flocks, herds and henhouses. He is a dangerous resident in a community, an outcast and a reprobate. The settling up of the prairies is driving him farther and farther west, and soon his weird howl will be heard no more. None will be sorry. C. M. HARGER



SCENE IN MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.



A BLUE RIBBON BEAUTY.

strung, high stepping animal of blue blood and generally of British breed. He is trained to hold his head as high as possible, to trot as if he were breaking eggs at every step and didn't like the sound, and his tail is clipped off until a mere brush is left. He generally wears a silver mounted harness, and his harness work is to draw fashionable ladies through the park. Formerly we imported all our hackneys, but now there are many American breeders of this stock. That we don't know as much about them, though, as they do in England is shown by the fact that Arthur Fewson of the council of the English Hackney society and a Canadian breeder have been brought over to award the prizes in the class.

About the Horses.

Besides the hackneys will be exhibited saddle horses, matched pairs of carriage horses, hunting cobs, polo ponies, big lumbering Percherons, lean, awkward looking trotters, pacers and a dozen other classes.

Nearly all of these will appear in the ring harnessed or under saddle. Those which do not will be kept in big, comfortable stalls down stairs under the Garden. Here the spectator can see in how luxurious a manner these equine aristocrats live. In well ventilated stalls carpeted with clean, sweet smelling straw, with the finest of woolen blankets to cover them and trappings that cost a small fortune, these costly pets hold their receptions and are petted by aristocrats of the human race who cannot trace their lineage half so far back as they.

There have been more entries this year than ever before. When the list was closed the other day it included 1,300 in the different classes. The highest previous record was in 1890, when there were 1,291 entries.

The quality of the horses is fully up to that of last year, if not better. Some of the fields are unwieldy, and the judges will have plenty of work before them to get through by the end of the week.

Among the trotting stallions are Silver Chimes, Quartermaster, Nero, Dagestan, Falls and Leonatus. Vice Regent, the 8-year-old winner of last year, will be there, with Simmoleap and Carol against him. An interesting exhibit will be the brood mare Princess Royal, by Chimes, with foal by Manbrino King, and Hinda Wilkes, with foal by Aleyone. Joe Patchen, the famous pacing king, with a record of 2:04, is entered in his class.

The show of carriages will be almost as interesting as the horse exhibit. England cannot beat us there, for Americans make the finest carriages in the world. All sorts of vehicles will be shown, from the four horse tallyho coaches, which weigh a ton or less, down to the pneumatic tired racing sulky which may be lifted with one hand.

There will be luxurious looking broughams and victorias, richly upholstered; queer hunting carts, drags, buckboards and road carts gay with paint and glistening with varnish.

The horse show, taken all in all, is a great educational affair. Some women go to make studies of the triumphs of the milliner's art and of the modistes' cunning to be seen there and some men to learn what is the proper thing in carriage appointments. The amateur driver can learn what his horse should be like, how he should be handled, the style of rig he should be driven in, how his footman should be uniformed and at just what angle his "tiger" should hold his chin.

COURSE BY MAIL WITH THE

Capital City Commercial College

TO ADVERTISE OUR COLLEGE

We will give a thorough course of instruction in Double and Single Entry Book-keeping and Commercial Arithmetic, by mail

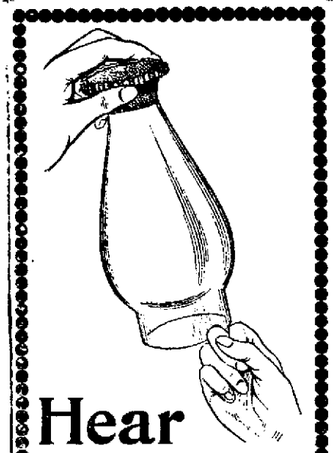
FREE OF CHARGE.

to a limited number of persons. This course will be completed in forty lessons. No charge for diplomas. Address,

Capital City Commercial College,

P. O. DRAWER B.

TOPEKA, - KANSAS



Hear It Ring.

Hold an Ivory Top lamp chimney with one hand and knock it with the other. It will ring like a bell. That signifies its quality. Try the same thing with any other lamp chimney and note the difference. The

IVORY TOP

Lamp Chimney is a new invention. It will not break with heat—will not break with any kind of fair play. Remember one thing, Ivory Top lamp chimneys are different from any other kind. Ask your dealer for them and refuse all substitutes. A book about lamps free.

THE LIPPINCOTT GLASS CO.
Alexandria, Ind.

50 South Erie Street. - - Massillon, O.

Real Estate { BUILDING LOTS, RESIDENCE and BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Easy Terms.

MANUFACTURERS and GENERAL AGENTS { High class Specialties and Novelties. Agents and Canvassers Supplies,

State Agent { Brooks Visible Writing Typewriters. American Granotoid Co.—Contracts for Concrete Work.

Local Agent { Ohio Nat. Building and Loan Co., Loans and Investments; Penn. Mutual Life Ins. Co., Insurance & Loans. Employers Liability Co. Factory and Accident Insurance.

Sole Proprietor { Advertising Exchange. Newspaper, Magazine and Circular advertising. Advertising Novelties, Lithographic work, Souvenirs, Calendars &c.

Salesmen, Agents and Canvassers Wanted Everywhere.

Write for information or call on

JAMES R. DUNN. Manager,

Reading for the Home

The Publishers of The Weekly Independent

Have entered into an arrangement whereby they are enabled to give to every new subscriber and to every old subscriber who renews, without extra cost, two excellent monthly journals.

AMERICAN FARMER AND FARM NEWS.

—AND—

WOMANKIND.

The opportunity to procure the three productions will last but a short time, and the opportunity should not be lost.

THE INDEPENDENT CO

MASSILLON, O.

WARTHORST & Co.

QUARRY.

BRICK. - - BRICK.

Massillon, O.

SETTLED DOWN.

Comfortably is on seated in one of our Handsome Easy Chairs. Why not take advantage of our liberal offer.

BUY AT

YOUR OWN PRICE

Crowds of People

Attend our Great Sale

Crowds of People

Become Happy Purchas rs.

And still our Mammoth Stock seems Unbroken.

A Matchless Assortment Still to Choose From.

TREAD SOFTLY.

When floors are bare, a noise you'll make,
And off your shoes will quickly take
Your lightest tread seems earth to shake.

Some Carpets are but a small improvement on naked floors; Ours are soft.

REMOVAL SALE OFFER

Buy at Your Own Price!

Does the business. Never was such a grand bargain offer made before, right in the midst of the busy season, Right when you need the goods most.

THE WHITE PALACE, Nos. 61, 63 and 65, South Erie Street

Will soon be ready for our occupancy.

This Greatest of all Great Sales Will Positively Close December 2nd.

Now is the time to Secure the Best Bargains

We do not quote prices, as no reasonable price will be refused.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, DISHES, Etc.

BENEDICT.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ALL SORTS OF SPORTS.

The value of the prizes to be given at the San Francisco horse show in December will be $20,000, only $10,000 less than the prizes at the New York show.

The famous Jewett farm stud is to be broken up, and one of the most sensational sales of trotters of the year will be the result.

F. W. Freeborn of last year's Henley crew has been elected captain of the Cornell university crew for 1896.

Rey del Carreras and Sir Excess, two of the prominent thoroughbred handicap horses of this country, have been sent to England, where they will be campaigned by Richard Croker.

Tommy Britton, 2:15¼, 2-year-old champion race record, is the latest star in the Electioneer-Beautiful Bells line.

For the number of horses started Billy Andrews, with the Empire City stud stable, ranks among the greatest winning drivers of 1895.

There are about 19 Trilbys, one dozen Svengalis and 13 Taffys on the turf. McCafferty, the owner, can claim precedence over Du Maurier, however. Several years ago, long before "Trilby" was written, he named one of his horses Little Billy.

The Daily Telegraph has sent Dr. W. G. Grace, the great English cricketer, a check for $25,000, representing 100,000 shillings subscribed through that paper as a testimonial of esteem for the veteran player. In addition to this sum it is understood that the Marylebone Cricket club has in its hands several large and small amounts subscribed for the same purpose.

Chess Champion Harry N. Pillsbury will take part in the great chess tournament that begins in St. Petersburg on Dec. 8.

Tree and "Trilby."

"Beerbohm Tree's American tour last season will make him very rich," said a private letter from England, received in Philadelphia recently. "No, I don't say that he met with any success. I don't believe he did. It is rumored Messrs. Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau lost money. But Tree secured 'Trilby,' and it is going to make a barrel of money for him in London." Under these circumstances Tree will not regret the few months he spent on this side of the Atlantic.

NINE ON ONE BICYCLE.

Wonderful Wheel That a Californian Is Constructing.

A MILE AT A MARVELOUS SPEED.

The New Nonaplet, as the Inventor Terms It, Will Be Made of Aluminium and Will Be Geared to Two Hundred and Twenty-five—What the Machine May Do.

When the tandem was built a number of years ago, it was looked upon as a remarkable development of the bicycle, and the two riders skimming along over the road attracted almost as much attention as a small circus parade. The triplet, with seats for three riders, but only two wheels, next made its appearance and astonished the cycling world by its speed. Both the tandem and the triplet were used for pacing riders in contests against time, and some expert finally suggested that a quadruplet or a two wheeled machine for four sturdy cyclists would set a faster pace than had ever been seen on the track.

Many persons did not believe the frame could be made strong enough to support four heavy wheelmen, but the machine was constructed and proved a great success as a pacemaking device. It made its mile on a straightaway course in 1 minute 35 seconds, a better performance by half a second than Salvator's world famous mile on the straight track at Monmouth park, New Jersey, Aug. 28, 1890.

It was now quite generally believed that the "quad" was the longest bicycle that could be built and operated successfully, but P. J. Berlo very recently demonstrated that the opinion was not well founded. He constructed a quintuplet which carried five riders, but had only the usual number of wheels. It proved a valuable addition to the pacemaking apparatus, and encouraged by its success a California inventor is building what he calls a nonaplet, which he expects will carry nine men and display unprecedented speed on a straightaway course. The inventor's name is Albert Thompson, and he is a resident of San Francisco.

This machine will be a world beater, says The Wheel. Nothing can pace it, and even the lightning must hustle or be distanced. The phenomenon will have two 30 inch wheels, will weigh 180 pounds, and its gear will be 225. Think of the speed a gear of 225 will make when a 90 gear rolls a mile in 1 minute 35 seconds, or about 45½ feet per second! What will be the pace of the "nonaplet" with nine crackerjacks whirling the big rear sprocket almost four times the diameter of that on the ordinary wheel? They won't do anything to that 1 minute 35 second record!

After the Delmas Smith Jones-Davis "quad" team made their best time, half a second better than the fast horse, they could not stop their machine. At the awful speed they dared not attempt to back pedal for fear of being hurled from the seat and dashed to pieces, and the machine ran several miles along the straight, level road.

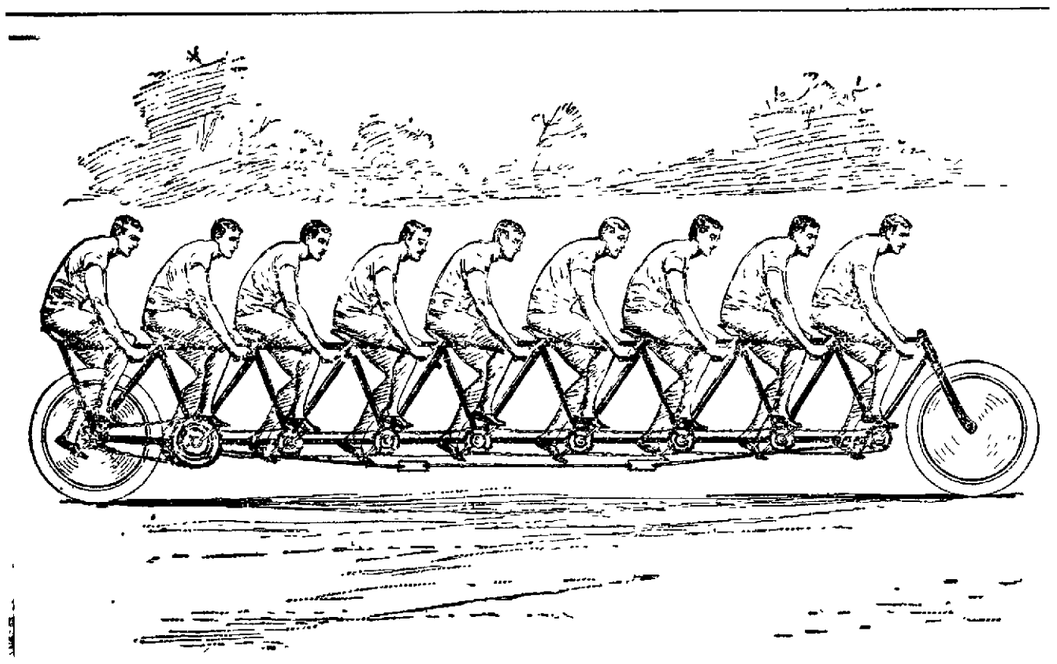
When the riders alighted from their perilous positions, their faces were blanched the hue of death, so great had been the nervous strain and the fear of an accident—always imminent—which would pitch them to destruction. All four of the strong, skillful wheelmen were so prostrated that they did not attempt to ride for weeks. At least this is what truthful California reporters say.

The mind grows weary trying to conceive of the physical endurance of the nine who will pump that 225 gear machine ahead and dizzy "getting on to" the conception of the rifle shell velocity of that racer of aluminium. Steel will not be in it with this nine of a kind. Several experts estimate the "nonaplet" to be capable of a mile in 20 seconds—or in 10 seconds providing the riders can get out a reasonable life insurance or accident policy or if respiration is possible during such speed through the air. Possibly the cyclist yet to come will be geared to his wheel in every particular and the atmospheric as well as the other conditions overcome.

Not a few bicycle manufacturers are doubting Thomases when Inventor Thompson's nonaplet is mentioned. They do not believe the machine can possibly be a success. California, however, is essentially a land of great things. Trees, potatoes, flowers—everything grows greater, bigger and better in the "glorious climate of Californy." Thus it seems but natural that cycling should expand into something stupendous in such a country. Expectations are to be verified if the world is to believe the San Francisco Call, and why should it not do so?

"April Weather" For London.

It is said that Clyde Fitch intends to produce his somewhat unfortunate effort, called "April Weather," in London. Sol Smith Russell did this at Daly's theater, New York, a couple of years ago, and it did not score a success. But Clement Scott gushed over it when he was over here, and perhaps it is he who is luring Mr. Fitch to court a London roast. If this young playwright really contemplates an English production of "April Weather," he will do well to look before he leaps.



THE MONAPLET, A BICYCLE BUILT FOR NINE RIDERS.

GOSSIP ABOUT THE KICKERS.

Walter Camp, the "father of football," is coaching the Stanford university players in California. Camp seems to have dropped out as the "main guy" in Yale coaching.

Newell brought out a strong eleven at Cornell last year, but this season the Ithaca collegians have been slow in getting into form. It was somewhat of a surprise when Lafayette defeated Cornell.

The Tigers are not in the best of shape, but Captain Lea has the making of a good all around team, and with proper handling Princeton should be able to hold her own against Harvard and Yale this year.

At the University of Chicago A. A. Stagg is drilling the Yale game into the football squad.

Coaching football teams is the latest American industry. It is a business that requires a college education, but it is extremely remunerative.

As usual Yale furnishes more coachers this season than any of the other big colleges, and Harvard is next.

So many Yale football men are employed coaching other college teams that few are left at New Haven to develop the young fellows who now wear the blue. This alleged weakness is causing general alarm.

Stickney, a Harvard man, has the University of Wisconsin team in hand and claims a large share of glory for the success of the eleven last year, when it went through the season with the loss of only one game.

Rhoda Cameron's Illness.

Miss Rhoda Cameron, the clever young woman who made a couple of hits with the New York Lyceum Stock company last season, is still seriously ill. Whenever success has been within her grasp sickness has laid her low. She was a pianist and was obliged to retire. She was a singer, and indisposition overwhelmed her. And now, just as she had firmly established herself in the affections of playgoers, she is again overcome. It appears that Miss Elita Proctor Otis has done nobly with Miss Cameron's parts on the road, but of course that was to be expected. At a pinch Miss Otis could understudy Sarah Bernhardt one night and play a Rejane role the following night.

Irving's Good Press Work.

The Londoners are not allowed to forget Sir Henry Irving while he is in this country. The London dailies advertise his route daily. The last issue of one of the English journals received here announces: "Henry Irving, Miss Ellen Terry and the Lyceum company, today and tonight, Tremont theater, Boston. Oct. 28, Abbey's theater, New York." This information is not of priceless value, inasmuch as it is not possible for the Londoner who reads it to hie him across the Atlantic at a moment's notice. Daly, however, has copied the idea to some extent, and bills New York with information of Miss Ada Rehan's doings at his Leicester Square theater, London.

LIPSCHUTZ AND SHOWALTER.

Famous Experts Who Are Battling For the American Chess Championship.

For the second time Samuel Lipschutz and Jackson W. Showalter are contesting for the chess championship of the United States. Their first meeting occurred in 1892, when Lipschutz proved an easy winner of the coveted honor. The return

J. W. SHOWALTER.

SAMUEL LIPSCHUTZ.

match, which is being played at the Manhattan Chess club, New York, is for a $1,500 stake, a purse of $200, contributed by the club, and a special prize of $100, to be awarded the winner of the most brilliant game of the series. The last named prize is given by Manuel Marquez Sterling, the chess champion of Mexico, who has been playing Pillsbury, Lipschutz, Jasnogrodsky and others with indifferent success.

Champion Lipschutz is a native of Hungary and has been a resident of the United States for about 15 years. In 1890 he defeated Eugene Delmar, the strong New York player, by the excellent score of 7 to 3 and 3 draws. The year previous he captured sixth prize in the international tournament in New York, and in 1893 he added to his growing reputation by defeating Showalter by the decisive score of 7 games to 1 and 7 draws. Mr. Lipschutz is about 32 years of age and has such poor health that he has devoted most of his time for the past three years to resting and recuperating.

Showalter is a Kentuckian and has the most overpowering mustache of any chess expert living today. He is 35 years of age and was born in the little town of Minerva on Feb. 5, 1860.

Afterward his parents removed to Georgetown, Ky., where he has ever since resided. In physique he is 6 feet tall and well proportioned and tips the beam at 180 pounds. He first began to take an interest in chess matters about eight years ago in correspondence chess. His first tournament play, however, was in the United States association tourney, held in Cincinnati in 1888, where he won the championship against Judd, Mochle and others, and again in 1889 he came out ninth among 19 entries, comprising most of the great chess masters of the day. In February, 1890, he again won the United States championship in St. Louis by the remarkable score of 11½ wins to one-half game lost, with Lipschutz, Pollack and other rising American chess masters to contend with. His next contest was with Max Judd in St. Louis, which he lost by the score of 7 games lost to 4 wins. In August, 1891, he again won the United States association tourney at Georgetown, Ky., losing but 1 game out of 11.

Manager Hill and the Pass Fiends.

"I'll be hanged if they haven't put a statue on the roof of the Standard theater building," said a man who stood waiting for a Harlem train on the platform of the Thirty-third street station of the Sixth avenue elevated road in New York city recently. All who overheard him looked up. There on the roof mentioned stood the solitary, motionless figure of a man, tall, erect, robust, calmly contemplating the city outspread beneath.

"It looks like the statue of a statesman," suggested one of the onlookers. "Perhaps it's of Daniel Webster, placed there to commemorate the success of 'The Capitol!'"

"But, see, it moves," said another.

And then the truth dawned on the man who had first spoken. The apparent statue was the actual J. M. Hill, who had fled to the roof of his theater to escape the pass fiends seeking free seats for "The Capitol."

Sirgus'arris Vindicated.

"No, sir, Sir Augustus Harris is not illiterate," said a friend of the latter possessor of a unique white waistcoat. "He's a Fenian and a fairly well read man. His recent speech at Drury Lane theater, New York, was learned and brilliant, and Sir Augustus is also in no making around specimens. He is very fond of spelling, though it is difficult to say why, for he invariably gets confused and comes to grief. At Covent Garden somebody presented a baton to the leader of the orchestra and got himself mixed up in a very hopeless and ludicrous manner. He is not illiterate though, by any means. Sir Gus, however, has furnished a splendid topic for conversation in managerial circles. He has himself dealt a death blow to his own lordliness.

Clever Marie Stone.

Miss Marie Stone, the remarkably clever young woman who made the successful play, "A Social Highwayman" from Miss Phipps's novel, is now with Richard Mansfield working upon a dramatization of Stanley Weyman's "House of the Wolf," with which, it is now pretty well settled, Richard Mansfield will open his season at the Garrick theater, New York, Dec. 7.

THE VARIETY STAGE.

A New Phase of the Business—Statistics of Appreciation.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Every night from 10 o'clock until a few minutes before midnight a score or more of "variety people," as vaudeville artists are called, do their "turns" before an audience composed exclusively of members of the Manhattan Athletic club and their invited guests. They come from other theaters, where they are temporarily employed, and these club performances mean extra work and extra pay.

It is an English idea, this thing of actors and actresses giving two and sometimes three performances the same night on different stages. The London music halls originated the plan, and it works admirably both for the audiences and the players. The scheme has become remarkably popular in New York, as it enables the managers to give very much better performances than they otherwise would be able to do with the money that they have at their disposal.

"I heard that this was the worst house to play to in the country, but it isn't." That is what the "banjo virtuoso" said to me last night while he was waiting for his time behind the scenes. And what he said was interesting, because at the present time the statistics of appreciation as measured by popular applause have not been written.

"I had a splendid reception the first night I was here," he continued. "There were about 150 men in the house, and 15 of them applauded. If there had been a mixed audience of 1,500 persons there, do you think that 150 would have applauded?" There wouldn't have been 50. One in 50 is a remarkable average. It is nearer 1 in 100, as a rule.

"It makes a wonderful difference whether you get a hand or not when you are doing your turn. It pays a man to study his houses so that he will know how to take them. Now, the frostiest houses in the world are in the roof gardens in the summer. It's the same in the west and east as it is here. You see, people go up there to drink and smoke and listen. They don't go to applaud, and it takes a ruling favorite to get a hand. Last summer on the Madison Square roof there was a packed house one night. Every chair was taken. One of the artists was a comedian who was filling another man's turn. He had never worked on a roof before. He was one of the 'Two Johns,' I think. He had a very catchy act, and he was proud of it.

"'I'll warm 'em up,' he said before he went on. 'I'll bring down the house. I always do.'

"The rest of us smiled, but we said nothing. Presently he went on with a slambang rush and a yell, and he was funny for sure. The act caught on, too, but there wasn't more than a ripple of applause. It couldn't be heard back of the stage. The big fellow got through his act somehow and staggered back of the scenes with the white showing through the paint on his face. He was quite taken back. After he had rested a few minutes the stage manager told him to go out for an encore.

"'But there ain't no encore', he gasped.

"'Go on. You've made a big hit. You didn't see any of them get up and go out, did you? I tell you, you've hit 'em hard. Go on and do it again.'

"If a man doesn't know his house, he is going to get awfully fooled. It's the same way with ladies' days at clubs. You see, the ladies all wear gloves and they can't applaud, and so a man thinks he's getting a frost when he may be making the greatest hit of his life."

And this brings up another interesting fact regarding variety people. Three of the young women who appeared [illegible] were accompanied by their mothers. By a singular coincidence the best act of the young woman who sang the conventional song of all—a mother's love for a son—[illegible] and a cold bottle after the show—had the biggest mother of the lot. She was a tall, handsome woman of the New England type, and I heard her tell another parent that she had never missed a night taking her daughter to and from the theater since she had been in the business and that was going on four years.

Even the very pretty girl with real golden curls who frolicked so friskily around her partner—a tall man made up like an old darky mammy—was protected better, if possible, than the others from all the temptations which story writers are pleased to throw around the lives of players. The old darky is her father, and a very able-bodied, athletic, 6 feet 2 father he is, with a muscular development which would excite the envy of most of the gymnasium classes in the club.

"You see," says another variety artist, "I have been working this line of business for 16 years, and I tell you that it is the light stuff that takes. My song, 'A Boy's Best Friend Is His Mother,' knocks 'em silly. I don't care where I sing it."

"I have always been in straight opera until this year," rejoins the other. "This is my first variety business."

"Drop your coon, old pal, and you'll be all right. There ain't nothing in it. Now I get $100 a week singing light songs, and it takes with the best."

And so it goes on until the last artist has finished his turn and the gasman, who is really not a gasman at all but an expert electrician, has turned down the lights. BENJAMIN NORTHROP.

College Women Do Not Marry Young.

The college woman marries late. The most rapid increase in the rate, in the figures just given for college women, is between the ages of 25 and 30, showing marriage most frequent at this period, while for women in general it is most frequent between 20 and 25. The census shows 9.7 per cent of all girls between 15 and 20 married, an age at which virtually no college women ever marry.—"The Marriage Rate of College Women," by Mildred W. Shinn, in Century.

Caught In the Act.

"Here, you!" exclaimed the man of the house, appearing suddenly on the scene. "What do you mean by making chalk marks on my gatepost?"

Tuffold Knutt, who had just come from the kitchen, where he had been permitted to assemble himself on the outside of a cold collation, made no defense.

"I was writin a warnin to others, cap'n," he replied.

"What do those letters, 'C. S. G.,' mean?" demanded the owner of the premises.

"'Cookin school graduate,' cap'n."—Chicago Tribune.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

The Saltsman Drug Co., Massillon, O.

Your Friend, The Grocer,

generally keeps SOUDERS' Lemon and Vanilla Extracts. If not, find one that does. These extracts are delicious flavors at low prices. Insist upon having

SOUDERS' ELEGANT FLAVORING EXTRACTS

LEMON 10c. VANILLA 15c.

High in quality—low in price. Sold everywhere in oval bottles with green label.

ROYAL REMEDY & EXTRACT CO., DAYTON, O.

Lightning Hot Drops

Breaks Up a Cold, CURES LA GRIPPE.

Cures pains of all kinds. There's nothing "just as good."

Tastes Good. Smells Good.

25c. and 50c. per bottle.

50c. sizes 2¼ times larger than 25c. Sold everywhere.

HERB MEDICINE Co., SPRINGFIELD, O

For sale by G. P. Fulton.

CHAS. D. WISE, SURVEYOR, Civil and Mining Engineer & Draughtsman, Abstractor of Titles and Notary Public, Office Room - 17 East Main Street, Massillon, O.

Webster's International Dictionary

Invaluable in Office, School, and Home

Successor of the "Unabridged."

Standard of the U. S. Gov't Printing Office, the U. S. Supreme Court, and of nearly all the Schoolbooks.

Warmly commended by State Superintendents of Schools, and other Educators almost without number.

THE BEST FOR EVERYBODY BECAUSE

It is easy to find the word wanted. Words are given their correct alphabetical places each one beginning a paragraph.

It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation. The pronunciation is shown by the ordinary diacritically marked letters used in the schoolbooks.

It is easy to trace the growth of a word. The etymologies are full, and the different meanings are given in the order of their development.

It is easy to learn what a word means. The definitions are clear, explicit, and full, each one contained in a separate paragraph.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

Specimen pages, etc., sent on application.

Matchless Meuser and Bijou - - - - PIANOS

Made on Honor, Sold on Honor and ALWAYS an Honor to the Buyer.

Indorsed by Prof. Theylan, of Mt. Union; Prof. Adams of Tiffin; Prof. Kurtz, of New York, and hundreds of admirers and purchasers.

We Challenge any Competition to Beat us in Quality, Prices, or Terms! Remember This.

Increased capital and facilities places us in a position to undersell all dealers. You have no Middleman's profit to pay, and we are making easier terms than ever before offered on Pianos. Pianos Sold on a Six Year Guarantee, and we remain in Massillon to back up our guarantee. Come and see us.

Orders for Repairing, Tuning, etc., Promptly Attended to, and Prices Reasonable.

MEUSER & CO., 94-98 N. Erie St., Massillon.

Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Evenings. Farmers Tel. 287.

Diaries

We have just received a new line of Excelsior Diaries for 1896 which embraces all the leading styles in both Pocket and business sizes.

Almanacs

Bear's Celebrated Lancaster Almanacs can now be obtained for 1896 in both English and German text.

Bahney's Bookstore, 20 E. Main St

Big Cut in Prices! For the NEXT SIXTY DAYS.

WEFLER'S ...AT... China Hall, No. 31 East Main Street.

Glassware AND Queensware

Our stock of Glassware, Queensware, etc. has been accumulating for a number of years, until every available foot of space on our second floor is occupied. As we must make room for an immense new stock of goods for the Holiday trade, we have decided to make such prices on our entire line as will cause the goods to move. No larger stock is shown by any house in the county, and we know that the quality is unsurpassed and the prices lower.

CHINAWARE

Our line of China Ware is most complete, especially in the finer grades, and we are prepared to meet the wants of all. The fact is, our stock is too large, and we are obliged to reduce it. A splendid assortment of Vases, Jardinieres, handsomely decorated Chamber Sets, Bric-a-brac—a thousand and one articles of real merit, will be disposed of at sacrifice prices.

We show an unusually large line of goods suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

Do not make your purchase until you have inspected our stock

When it comes to LAMPS WE BEAT THEM ALL.

Banquet Lams, Hanging Lamps, Vase Lamps,

All Kinds of LAMPS, and we are selling them at way-down prices.

Groceries and Provisions

We aim to supply all the wents of the housekeeper, at the lowest possible prices. We make a specialty of COUNTRY PRODUCE,

And always have a supply of Fresh Butter and Eggs.

S. E. WEFLER.

Tel. 84 — 31 East Main Street, Massillon O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
18 North Erie St., Massillon, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.

Telephone No. 90.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1895.

The election is now over, and the time for arranging those shopping excursions with Massillon is at hand.

Only three rich American women were married on Tuesday, in New York, to more or less titled Englishmen!

Columbus is very much disturbed by a report that Governor-elect Bushnell does not expect to move his family to the capital city, but will reside in Springfield and travel back and forth. This should suggest to Columbus that it would be a graceful recognition of what Ohio has done for it, to build an appropriate residence for the governor, and present it to the state. If such a residence were erected, perhaps Mr. Bushnell would not care to remain in Springfield.

Chairman Anderson, who led the Democratic hosts to defeat in Ohio, thinks that the Republicans will win in 1896, and rejoices because Democracy gained 45,000 votes over last year. He says that there is but one way in which to account for the general result, "and that is that many of our people are not satisfied with the administration at Washington." Sensible man, that Anderson!

The official vote of Carroll county has made its appearance and it is now possible to announce the complete vote for state senator. The figures follow:

	Stark.	Carroll.	Total.
Williams	9642	2229	11871
Krider	7571	1158	8729
Smyth	2147	388	2435

The Republican candidate, Mr. Williams, has 707 more votes than the Democratic and Populist candidates combined, and a plurality of 3,142.

It is quite clear that the one time proud military spirit of the Canton News-Democrat has subsided, and like THE INDEPENDENT, it is an organ of peace. It quotes this paper's feeble remarks on the prevalence of the "honorable" habit in Canton and adds: "Oh, we have a lively time over here, on the banks of the Nimishillen, but as you say, 'colonels' are scarce, 'generals' too, for all of which we lift our voice and sing the opening verse of the long metre doxology."

A sensational political story was given general circulation on Saturday, charging Senator Quay with having assisted Senators Brice and Gorman during the late campaign. According to the published account, Mr. Quay owed the senators named a political debt, for having enabled him to secure a more liberal iron and steel tariff schedule than the original Wilson bill provided, and in settlement of this obligation, it was alleged that he had contributed money and influence to the Democratic cause this fall. THE INDEPENDENT did not believe this report and took pains to ask Mr. Quay to deny it. His reply is direct enough to put a stop to further controversy:

"ST LUCIE, Fla., Nov. 9.—I have not seen the stories referred to. Any allegation that I assisted Gorman, Brice or any other Democrat is false and malicious.

"M. S. QUAY."

THE TORRENS SYSTEM.

The Ohio state board of commerce will meet in Columbus this week, and among other questions it will discuss the Torrens Land Title system. It may be of interest to know that this system was adopted last week by the city of Chicago by a majority of 77,000, and that it is the first city in America to take up with this reform. The Torrens system, like the blanket ballot, comes to us from Australia, and belongs to that class of inventions designed to stimulate the thrift and energy of the individual. It is dissociated from the socialistic drift of too many latter day proposals, whose effect would be to dwarf every accomplishment in ignoring the human unit, by considering everything in collective form.

To get at the merit of the system best, the present difficulties in negotiating land deals must be recalled. We are all familiar with the elaborate descriptions of property now required, and which none of us can successfully supply without a lawyer's aid and consequent fee. It now costs from $5 to $10 to trace back an ordinary title in Stark county, and the borrower from our Massillon building associations must pay fees amounting to about $6 before he is able to secure the amount of the loan. Then, assuming that all the preliminaries to a loan or sale have been completed, there still remains in the mind of the purchaser or lender a doubt about the validity of the title, against which he receives no guaranty. The effect of this cumbrous machinery is to deprive the borrowing class of a large amount of money, and to hamper and discourage all real estate transactions. Every owner of real estate will recall his own personal anxiety concerning the validity of his title.

The Torrens system designs to do away with this at one stroke. Under it, the state, county or corporation first assumes the duty of making an exhaustive and careful examination of all land titles within its boundaries, and this done, delivers to each owner a concise certificate, the flawlessness of which is guaranteed by the state, county or corporation itself. Armed with this certificate, the owner approaches the intending purchaser or lender with what is as good as negotiable paper. It tells its story upon its face. In case of a loan he goes to the nearest registrar, and there is one for every small fraction of the population, and that official endorses the whole transaction on the back of the certificate, and makes a record on his own books. The whole matter can be attended to in five minutes—and with the same ease that a note is discounted at the bank.

The fee for the service has been cut down to a few pence in Australia, perhaps 5 cents. Originally the fee was fixed at a shilling or two, as it was desired that the state should be re-imbursed for the original cost of tracing back titles, and supposed that the errors made, and which would have to be made good by the state, would involve a heavy drain upon the guarantee fund. Experience showed that the work had been so carefully done as to made these drafts extremely light, while the volume of business was so great as to enable the state to re-imburse itself from its original expenditure even with the reduced fee.

The operation of this simple and successful system in the great city of Chicago will be watched with great interest, and no doubt it will soon be adopted in the progressive state of Ohio.

OPPORTUNITY AWAITING A MAN

The state board of commerce will hold its annual meeting at Columbus next week, and its most important work will be to discuss these resolutions, presented as the joint opinion of several local boards of trade, and among them that of Massillon:

"Resolved, By the Ohio state board of commerce, that the general assembly be respectfully and earnestly petitioned to repeal the classification of cities and to provide for the government of all cities by laws uniform in their operation throughout the state, and,

"Resolved, That such general laws should provide for the complete separation of legislative, executive and judicial functions in city government, and assure direct responsibility to the electors for faithful and efficient official service; and,

"Resolved, That, so far as practicable, all the subordinate officials, below the rank of heads of departments, should be placed under civil rules as to their appointment and discharge; and,

"Resolved, That it is essential and necessary to the inception, development and adoption of reform measures adapted to the needs of the several cities of the state, that the people of these cities shall be accorded the fullest degree of home rule consistent with the provisions of the Constitution; and

"Resolved, That the general assembly be also petitioned to establish a bureau for the collection and tabulation of municipal reports, which should be prepared by municipal officers, in a uniform manner, to be prescribed by the head of such bureau, in order that correct comparison of municipal expenses may be made."

The purpose aimed at in these resolutions is bound to commend itself to every thoughtful citizen. The assemblyman who succeeds in fighting through a measure which will give the cities of Ohio a scientifically constituted local government, will earn for himself a lasting reputation. At the present time no subject in the state offers greater opportunity for constructive statemanship of a high order.

THE ELECTION BOARD.

It will give the people of the county some satisfaction to know that our representatives in the general assembly propose to act promptly upon the suggestion that the election laws be so amended as to enable citizens of the county at large to serve upon the election board, which is now composed of Cantonians exclusively, appointed by the mayor of Canton. Representative-elect Wilhelm is quoted as saying:

"There is considerable complaint about the election board, not that it doesn't do the work right but because there is no representation through the county and the cost is so much greater than the old system of having a county board at a nominal cost and allowing the city of Canton to have a board of its own. I remember that I was in the county board for a time and got $40 for the work. I did all that was required of me but I know I didn't earn more than my salary which was $40. The matter is likely to be brought before the legislature. I understand that Mr. Austin, my colleague, will have it in charge."

It is also pleasant to note that the matter is being discussed in Canton, in proper spirit and understanding. The Record says:

"The board is very expensive under the present mode of conducting elections, the salaries being $900 a year. Nearly if not quite the same county work was done previous to the time the Canton board took charge, for $40 a year. This has also caused dissatisfaction, as the bulk of the work falls on the secretary, who comes closer to earning his salary than any one else on the board. It is a neat little plum, but the farmers and taxpayers generally feel that taxes are already very high and that expenses should be kept in as reasonable bounds as possible. No once can seriously object to that as times are too hard to make donations. It is believed, therefore that some action will be taken by the legislature that will tend to do away with the present condition."

There is no real necessity for a city and county election board as formerly, when the county at large paid the salaries of both. The original law was framed to reach the larger cities of the state, and it is ridiculous to pay such salaries in this county as are paid for the same number of men in Cleveland or Cincinnati. Mr. Austin will doubtless frame a bill that will provide for general representation and fair pay for actual work. It is in line with Republican professions to lop off political sinecures.

THE OHIO DELEGATION.

The selection of delegates to the National Republican Convention, next year, should be left to Governor McKinley himself. The Republicans of Ohio, by the unanimous action of their convention, have endorsed him as their candidate for President, and this endorsement has been ratified by a popular vote of almost unprecedented proportions. The point being conceded that he is Ohio's choice, Ohio should make good its bond, in the fullest sense by leaving to him the selection of those who are to cast the vote of this commonwealth in the national convention. While this course could not affect the attitude of Ohio, in the convention, in any respect, the effect upon delegates from other states would be incalculable. In no other way could Ohio so strongly force upon the people of the whole country the fact that her representatives are for McKinley until he, or some other man, is nominated. Whether Governor McKinley favors this proposition or not, THE INDEPENDENT is uninformed. It does know that many of his friends think well of it, and believe that any private ambitions to attend the national convention should be made secondary to the great object in view. It is not at all important that the delegates be selected with reference to their geographical position. It is important that they be the ablest men Ohio can put forward, men of commanding influence, capable of much more than casting a personal vote. They should be persons familiar with the politics and politicians of other states, quick to think and act, and thoroughly in earnest. The machinery under which the Republican party of Ohio moves forward may prove a little cumbersome for the assimilation of this idea, but with public feeling as unanimous as it is the purpose here set forth can be accomplished.

THE PRINCIPLE INVOLVED.

The esteemed Canton Repository is opposed to THE INDEPENDENT'S proposition to reform the ornamental county election board, with four members drawing $900 per annum, and one drawing $1,200, having jurisdiction throughout the county, all appointed by the mayor of Canton, and all Cantonians. No others need apply. THE INDEPENDENT agrees that it is eminently proper that the board should be located at the county seat, and it has not been proposed to change its base of operations, but the suggestion of the Repository that the mileage involved in distributing the membership over the county would outweigh other considerations is to be regarded as humorous only. The principle on which the board is now constituted is essentially unjust, and an item of perhaps $100 for mileage should not stand in the way of correcting a gross inequality. The old county board, whose members did the work now devolving upon the Canton city board, cost less than the salary of one of the present members, and performed the work as well and expeditiously. Of course the Canton city board then looked after city affairs, and both were paid by the county. THE INDEPENDENT is of the opinion that one board is quite sufficient, and that the appointing power should be vested in the probate judge or some county officer, and the members given fair compensation for actual time devoted to the work. This seems to be reasonable ground to occupy, and one that ought to commend itself to the people of Canton, as it certainly does to the county at large.

The members of the present board are very estimable gentlemen, whose propriety of conduct under existing conditions is not in question. THE INDEPENDENT holds it to be more important, however, that the public service be conducted on lines that are at once economical and just, than that five citizens should be retained at public expense, because of their high qualities. It ought not to cost over $1,000 for the personal labors of five competent persons, commissioned to prepare the ballots and count the votes, at the spring and fall elections. It now costs $5,200. Are not the taxes sufficiently high?

The citizens of Canton alone, ought to save $1,700 per annum by the proposed reform. It would be a good thing could they be put in possession of these plainly stated facts.

JUDGE LITTLE'S AWARD.

The assurance of Mr. Ratchford that the miners of Ohio will accept the award of 55 cents is a practical affirmation of their faith in the principle of arbitration, which is, of course, valueless unless its results are taken in good faith. Their conduct becomes also an instructive lesson to other bodies of employers and workmen, who may have disputes to settle, and who too frequently compromise, rather than attempt to determine the relative justness of their positions. On the face of things, and without the two arguments at hand, Mr. Ratchford's regret that as a minimum award, a company store rate was not granted also, seems well founded. In Pennsylvania they are now paying 64 cents in cash, or 69 cents when company store are maintained. It was agreed that Ohio should pay nine cents less than Pennsylvania, and the point in dispute was to determine whether the nine cents should be subtracted from 69 or 64 cents. Judge Little held to the latter figure as the true minuend.

It is a pity that he could not give the company store miners of Ohio the benefit of the five cents which they are paid in Pennsylvania. Operator Burton has already assured us that the real difference to the miners is much greater. The only way in which THE INDEPENDENT can explain why no discrimination was made is by assuming that as company stores are not tolerated under the laws of Ohio, Judge Little regarded it a legal absurdity to make a rate for mining under unlawful conditions. Naturally, should such a rate have been made, and paid by any company, the act would consititute prima facie evidence of violation of the statutes, and while a corporation might offend by resorting to subterfuges, it would hardly dare to do so openly.

Yet the actual fact is, so Mr. Ratchford assures us, that company stores do exist, and their owners will now get the benefit of the same rate paid by the cash operators of this and other districts. The only thing to do is to wipe them out and although even the miners prefer their existence in some particular localities, they are commercial excrescences on the whole and ought to abolished. The law forbids their existence, and with alert mine inspectors, and watchfulness on the part of the miners' officers, the law could be enforced. The system is bad, but no worse than that of basing the price of powder and other supplies upon the price of mining. The relations between miner and operator will be easier, when the former purchases everything, from his pick to the family baking powder, at market prices, and is paid for digging coal on the same basis.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE.

More votes were cast in Stark county last Tuesday, than at any previous election except, one. The total number was 20,420. The next highest number cast was in 1893, when the total vote was 21,285. Glancing over the official abstract, it may be seen that the strongest Republican precinct in the county is Pike township, where Bushnell received 272 votes. The strongest Democratic votinga district is the fourth ward of Massillon, where 206 ballots were cast for Campbell. Of the 80 precincts the Democrats carried only 27.

The Populists, who polled 2,488 votes, carried a single precinct, that of Youngstown Hill, Lawrence township, but retired again to third place. Their best results were obtained in the fourth ward of Massillon, where Coxey received 72 votes, and Massillon precinct in Perry township, where he had 66 votes. His total vote in Massillon city and Perry township was 533. Bushnell's vote was 1,324, and Campbell's 1,047. The vote within the city proper was: Bushnell, 1,111; Campbell, 808; Coxey, 464.

The Prohibitionists, whose vote varies very little from year to year, and who cast their ballots for a lost cause with dogged persistence that is perhaps admirable as a principle but not especially creditable to their political sagacity, polled 524 votes, the highest contribution coming from Uniontown, where 21 votes were cast for Mr. Ellis.

A new and interesting element in politics was the Socialist candidacy of Watkins for governor, who received 118 votes in the county. In 39 precincts he received from 1 to 16 votes, the 16 being cast in precinct B, second ward of Massillon. The whole city of Massillon gave him 30 votes, and Massillon precinct of Perry township added 9 more. Canton gave him only 21 votes; West Brookfield added 14 more. In Alliance only 2 Socialist votes were cast.

The failure of the Democratic effort to stampede the miner vote from Sheriff Doll is disclosed by a study of the table. It is already known how he carried the city of Massillon, where his call for troops was expected to yield most fruitful results. In the four precincts of Lawrence township he received a total 443 to Mase's 315, running only 43 behind Bushnell's 488 votes, Campbell receiving 268. In Tuscarawas township, another mining stronghold, he secured 301 votes, and Mase 347. In the same township Bushnell's vote was 361, and Campbell's 274. Even in Bethlehem township, where Amos Mase, his competitor, resides, his vote was 182, against Mase's 310. In the same precinct Bushnell's vote was 200 and Campbell's 291.

The fact has been previously pointed out that had Mr. Krider's endorsement by the Populists held good he might have been elected. To his own vote of 7,571 in Stark county, add 2,147, given to Smyth, and the total is 9,718, or 76 more than that of S. J. Williams. This proves that he could not have won, as the Republican plurality in Carroll county over the combined Democratic and Populist vote was upwards of 500.

Aside from the facts here mentioned, the official abstract, which would occupy a full page of THE INDEPENDENT, discloses nothing of interest, except the general Republican march of victory.

THE REFEREE'S OPINION.

Judge Little's View of the Ohio Scale Question.

It is possible, today, to give Referee John Little's reasons for making the Ohio mining rate fifty-five cents. In closing his report he says:

"The arbitrator has nothing to do under the submission with the causes or accidents of advances. The simple question is, has there been a general advance? Not whether it be a permanent or temporary one, or whether considerately made or not, but whether there has been one in fact. It is therefore found: Of the 9,000,000 tons mined in the thin vein district of Pittsburg, there has been an advance in mining about as follows: On 749,000 tons, cash 9 cents per ton; on 6,798,000 tons, cash, 4 cents per ton; on 941,000 tons, cash and credit (store) 9 cents per ton; on 522,000 tons, no advance shown.

"The quantity mined is not necessarily controlling in determining whether an advance is general. There might be a general advance in price and the parties might be so bound by contract as not to reap the benefit of it. The great bulk of the coal in this district might, under such circumstances, be mined at 64 cents when 69 cents was the price fixed under current contracts.

"But there has been no evidence or claim of such a state of things in this district. So far as it appears, 64 cents is the current cash price for fully 75 per cent. of the coal mined throughout that district. The price is conceded by both parties to be the correct one as to operators paying cash for mining. The only difference between them is: The miners claim that as to operators having 'stores' and paying in whole or in part for mining the price should be 69 cents.

"It appeared at the hearing that there has never been this distinction made in Ohio between operators paying cash and those paying wholly or in part in store credits; that no complaint has ever been made in joint meeting against stores in this state, and that, while perhaps the miners regard this system as a bad one, they had no complaint to lodge against the manner in which the stores were conducted, it being asserted, without denial, that every miner is free to buy at them or not as he chooses. For the arbitrator to make this distinction and make two prices, had he the jurisdiction to do so, would be to do what the parties have never done themselves, and what, as it seems to him, is not contemplated in the agreement to arbitrate.

"That seems the determination of a single thing, namely: A 'general price'—not prices, not a price payable in money and a price payable in goods. Or if we turn to the resolution of submission, the inquiry is likewise directed to a single thing, towit: What 'advance' has been made—not what advances, one in money and one in goods.

"Under the submission the arbitrator must find, if an advance has occurred, what it is; and when found it applies to all alike. Under the evidence submitted that advance is either 4 cents or 9 cents a ton—one or the other. It cannot be both. No authority is given the arbitrator to compromise them. To find the latter figure would be to predicate the finding upon a small minority of tons mined and plants operated. A careful consideration of the evidence, weighed in the light of the able arguments submitted, impels the arbitrator, actuated with the purpose of correctly answering the single bare question of fact submitted, to this conclusion. He, therefore, finds that the advance in mining rates in the thin vein district of Pittsburg on and since Oct. 1 has been 4 cents per ton."

A Holland Case.

The people of New Holland, O., have been greatly surprised recently by the almost wonderful cure of a young daughter of John Orahood, who for a long time had been afflicted with fits or epileptic convulsions. The affliction seemed more dreadful because of the natural brightness of the child. Doctors and other medicines failed to effect any lasting benefit and cure seemed hopeless until a sample bottle of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer was providentially handed Mr. Orahood, and from the use of it and only two full bottles of the remedy the young girl has been completely cured of the affliction which threatened to blight her life. Fortunately there are but few cases of epileptic fits, but we venture to say that half the people who read this would feel like new beings after a thorough use of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer; it is a nerve food, restoring nerve force on the same principle that food restores physical vigor and muscle.

If yours is a case of shattered nerves, frequent headache, perhaps nervously cross, troubled with sleeplessness, a tired feeling in the morning, debilitated, all worn out feeling, promptly use this great remedy, for it will cure you, and also ward off the most serious sickness or breaking down which your symptoms indicate.

It is warranted sure to relieve and cure nerve troubles as represented. For sale by the Saltsman Drug Co., F. E. Seaman and Z. T. Baltzly.

There are many good reasons why you should use One Minute Cough Cure. There are no reasons why you should not, if in need of help. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Young Men, Take Warning.

Alas! how prevalent are those distressing diseases and weaknesses which make men prematurely old, pale, listless, low spirited, languid, easily tired, forgetful and incapable; fill mad houses and swell the lists of suicides; separate husbands and wives; bring untold suffering to millions, even unto the third and fourth generations. The afflicted will recognize only too plainly to what class of maladies we refer. A complete and scientific treatise (sent only in plain sealed envelope) on receipt of ten cents, (the cost of postage) if inclosed with this notice to World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

It's just as easy to try one One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient consumption. It is the best cough cure. Only one cent a dose. 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00. For sale by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton.

The healing properties of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are well known. It cures eczema, skin affections and is simply a perfect remedy for piles. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

MAIL POUCH
THE BEST CHEW AND SMOKE
NICOTINE THE ACTIVE PRINCIPLE NEUTRALIZED
ANTI-NERVOUS DYSPEPTIC

THE WORK OF REMOVAL

Bodies in St. Joseph's Cemetery Being Transferred.

CROWDS TO WATCH THE WORK.

Spectators Crowd the Force of Laborers—Dangers That Must be Guarded Against—Hair Grows Long and Luxuriant After Death—Revelations of the Grave.

Immense crowds of men, women and children, especially the latter, are attracted from day to day to the old St. Joseph's Catholic cemetery, just off from Richville avenue, to witness the work of transferring the bodies from that spot to the new cemetery, in South Erie street. The work is being rapidly done under the direction of John Wilhefer, of Navarre. About ten bodies are disinterred each day, and by spring it is expected that all will have been removed. Great care is taken by the men in handling the remains, as one may unconsciously contract a deadly disease by allowing his bared hands to come in contact with one of the bodies. For this reason it is imperative that parents should not allow their children to convert the graveyard into a kindergarten, as is being done at present.

Although those in charge have taken every precaution, the children insist upon crowding about the graves, and repeated efforts have proved the futility of endeavoring to prevent them from so doing.

The body of Agnes Mellon was unearthed several days ago, and although it had been in the ground seventeen years the hair was in a healthy condition and had grown long and luxuriant. On one of the fingers of the skeleton was found a gold band ring which seemed none the worse for its long inhumation.

A locket containing a photograph which was effaced, but very little else was found in the casket which held the remains of a lady whose body had long since turned to dust. The black silk dress was still in an excellent state of preservation.

Mr. Wilhefer states that it usually requires from four to six years for a human body to return to its original dust.

East Greenville.

Thomas Rees, of Dennison, has bought the Bowers store room and expects to start in business in the future.

Miss Mary Davis has returned home where she expects to remain for some time.

P. Leavers was the victim of a burglar Monday night. Some hairy-handed person entered his barn and drove away with a set of double harness which cost the owner about $35. Last spring the burglars were tracked for about three miles in the direction of Dalton and then all trace disappeared, but there are still hopes of their capture.

The election passed off quietly and everybody feels gloriously satisfied.

The social held by the Epworth League at the homes of Samuel Evans and John Hemperly, Saturday night, was a great success.

Mrs. Sadie Hartman has returned home from the country, where she has been staying all summer with her aunt.

Misses Jennie and Hannah Williams, of Massillon, attended a social at East Greenville Saturday night and were guests of friends Sunday.

In southern climates or northern lands,
One undisputed fact last stands,
'Tis this that woman's weal and woe
Make up the hub of things below:
For to the softer sex 'tis given
To put man in or out of Heaven.

Let the wife and mother be sickly and as a result, querulous and fidgety, and the whole household is disturbed. To cure this state of things, the aforesaid wife and mother has only to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The cause will disappear promptly. The "Prescription" is a nervine and restorative tonic of wonderful efficacy and made for the alleviation of diseases peculiar to women. For nursing mothers and debilitated "run down" women generally, it is the best restorative tonic and soothing nervine known. For those about to become mothers it is indeed, a priceless boon. It lessens the pains and perils of childbirth, shortens parturition, promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child and shortens the period of confinement.

A. G. Bartley, of Magic, Pa, writes: I feel it a duty of mine to inform you and the public that De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me of a very bad case of eczema. It also cured my boy of a running sore on his leg. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

WANTED—A farm of 40 to 60 acres. Must be good land and fair buildings. I have the following notes which I will exchange for that kind of a farm. Notes come due first in one year $1,400; one in eighteen months $1,470, at the rate of 7 per cent interest. The notes are secured by a mortgage on a large farm. For further information write to B. F. Burkhart, Canton, O.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says, "Shiloh's Vitalizer saved my life." I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used." For dyspepsia, liver or kidney trouble it excels. Price 75c. Sold by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton, West Side.

COURT HOUSE AND COUNTY

Treasurer Geib Off for New York—Real Estate Matters.

CANTON, Nov. 11.—County Treasurer Geib will leave for New York Tuesday, hoping to benefit his health. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

BAD WELL WATER.

The presence of diphtheria in Canton in an alarming manner is attributed to the well water at the West North street school. Four families that use this water exclusively are down with the disease.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Massillon, first ward—H. H. Everhard to Wm. Krisher lots No. 1039-40-41-42, $400.

Third ward—Louise Wagner to Anthony Clementz lot No. 37, $1,000.

John H. Ogden by administrator to Mary J. Ogden 10-100 acre, $760.

Fourth ward—Sylvester Burd to W. H. Sonnhalter 11-100 acre, $700.

Sugar Creek township—Andrew Fritz to Calvin Conkle lot No. 106, $325.

Perry township—W. F. Ricks to Patrick Simmons lot No. 117, $26 50.

Lawrence township—Sabina Hardgrove to Beecher H. Hardgrove 1 80-100 acres, $1,000.

Samuel Eschelman to Edwin H. Hershey, 75-100 out of 107 acres, $100.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The Canton newspapers are now busily engaged in building railroads. The incorporation of a company authorized to construct one between the county seat and East Liverpool, has been followed by many able deductions, involving the Vanderbilts, a union with the C., C. & S. interests, and many other interesting combinations.

Judge Ricks has passed on several orders effecting the C., C. & S. The mortgage of $1,800 to the Massillon railroad company was ordered paid.

The matter of paying material and labor claims by receivers' orders, or by the road's earnings, was taken under advisement.

It is a truth in medicine that the smallest dose that performs a cure is the best. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the smallest pills, will perform a cure, and are the best. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Say, why don't you try DeWitt's Little Early Risers? These little pills cure headache, indigestion and constipation. They're small, but do the work. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.00. For sale by E. S. Craig, and G. B. Fulton, West Side.

A Most Remarkable Remedy.

A German chemist has discovered a remedy which has effected miraculous cures in cases of Muscular Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Lameness, Bruises Sprains, Swellings, Chiblains and Lumbago and all severe acute pains with one or two applications and hundreds are cured daily. It acts equally promptly on horses. This wonderful remedy is sold in drug stores as Dr. Bayer's Penetrating Oil. In 25 and 50 cts. bottles. No risk in buying it as money is refunded when it proves the contrary. Do not fail to try it.

Acts at once, never fails. One Minute Cough Cure. A remedy for asthma, and that feverish condition which accompanies a severe cold. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Bill heads, note heads, letter heads and envelopes artistically printed on short notice at the INDEPENDENT office.

If you want a pair of fine boots or shoes, hand made, to order, you can get them at 21 West Main street. Shoes made in all styles, sewed or pegged. Repairing promply and neatly done. Open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Herman R. Hintz.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon November 12:

LADIES.

Emerson, Mrs. Maud — Horre, Mrs.
Fox, Mrs. — Jones, Miss Inez M.
Griffiths Mrs. Ida C. — Williams, Edith

MEN.

Albright, Chas. — Bumyon, H. A.
Emmerson, W. B. — Russell, V. A.
Holcomb, Fred — Sheamman, Henry
McBride, Joseph.

FOREIGN.

Alfred Jarves, — Bruce W. Stringer,
Jacob Wirbl.

PHOTOGRAPH.

Herman Salberg.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

CLEMENT RUSSELL, P. M.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Fidel Harburger is ill with pneumonia, at his home in Wooster street.

Mrs. John Jacobi, of Toledo, is a guest at the residence of Michael Young.

George Hackett is able to be on the streets again after a severe sick spell.

A license to wed has been issued to Frederick Schmidt and Anna Pusse, of Massillon.

John Sherman has moved his family to Crystal Spring, where he expects to open a meat market.

The annual bazar, dinner and supper for the benefit of the First M. E. church will be given December 5.

Judge Thayer has formed a law partnership with Thomas F. Turner and Harry B. Webber, of Canton.

Mrs. D Felix, son Howard and daughter Myrtle, of Monroeville, are visiting relatives and friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. James Jacoby and son and daughter and Mr and Mrs H. A. Blocher have returned from Gnadenhutten.

Thieves broke into a refrigerator on the porch of Mrs. Carrie Evans's residence, on Monday night, and stole a number of dishes and eatables.

That there will be no mistaking his politics: Justice Sibila has adorned the walls of his court room with large gilt framed pictures of Cleveland, Hancock and Campbell.

Joanna Eckley, of Canton, has sued the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company for $10,000 damages, alleging that she was injured by falling on the floor of a car in which the floor rack was broken.

Two weeks' experience in the West has convinced Henry Lucius that it is no place for him, and he has written to his father, Christian Lucius, announcing his intention of returning home immediately.

The case of the Spicer Manufacturing Company against F. G. Harrison has been settled amicably out of court. The action was the result of a misunderstanding in which the resident firm's credit was not involved.

A local option election held on Saturday in Paris township, resulted in a victory for the drys. This conclusion will close up eight saloons. In Minerva the anti-saloon victory was followed by the ringing of all the church bells.

The parish building connected with the still uncompleted St. Timothy's Episcopal church, will be opened on Sunday, Nov. 24, by the Rt. Rev William Andrew Leonard, Bishop of Ohio A class will be confirmed on this occasion.

Colonel Winin, of Akron, and Major Forster, Aide-de-camp Edward Ertle, Commissary Wm. Crone and Sebastian Hamel, of this city, officers of the Knights of St. John, organized a new commandery of twenty-seven members at Navarre last night. Officers were also elected and installed.

The German Benevolent Society, a beneficial organization, has disbanded. The many lawsuits in which the association has been involved recently caused the dissolution. Some of the members are at work now forming a new lodge, which will be conducted on a plan similar to the old constitution.

Mrs. Katharine McInnich, aged 20 years, died at the home of her brother, P. M. Frueman, in Grant street, Sunday, of consumption. Brief funeral services were conducted at the Frueman residence by the Rev. George B. Smith, this morning. The body was shipped to Martin's Ferry for interment.

Olaf Johnson brought suit against the C., L. & W. railroad company, asking $10,000 damages on account of injuries received while repairing a car in 1893. A Lorain county jury Saturday returned a verdict in favor of the company on the ground that the plaintiff was guilty of contributory negligence.

Huckel, a detective employed by the East Liverpool Law and Order society, has made trouble in that town by delivering a lecture in which he said that the morals of East Liverpool were worse than those of any other town in the Ohio valley. The implicated people are calling upon him for proof or retraction.

The next of the series of Massillon Club receptions will be given on the evening before Thanksgiving. General dancing will be followed, after supper, by the german. Members desiring to extend invitations to out of town friends can do so now, through any member of the house committee, who are provided with blank forms.

Traffic on the W. & L. E. railway was somewhat delayed on Monday afternoon and Tuesday morning by a slight wreck east of Jewett. A locomotive was derailed in a manner unaccounted for and struck the engine of a sidetracked freight. The locomotives were locked together and could not be separated for many hours.

Mr. and Mrs. William Heitzman, of Grant street, with the assistance of a large party of friends, celebrated their wooden wedding last evening. Many handsome and useful presents were received. Progressive euchre was indulged in, and the prizes, a smoking set and a tea set, were won by John Crooks and Mrs. Frank Snyder, respectively.

The Congress Lake Outing Club, a rather formidable society enterprise, organized to purchase that body of water and gradually convert it into a magnificent resort of semi-private character, somewhat like Tuxedo, is having trouble with its members, many of whom refuse to make good their stock subscriptions. The shares are valued at $200 each. Suit has been commenced against W. A. Strayer to compel him to take up his stock.

M. A. Fisher, of Canton, and Miss Lizzie Overton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Overton, were quietly married at the home of the bride, in Jarvis avenue, at 1 o'clock this afternoon, the Rev. E. P. Wise officiating. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the relatives of both parties. The bride wore her going away gown. Mr. and Mrs. Fisher left at 3:45 on a wedding tour to Cleveland, Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

The miners of Ohio have demanded that all coal mined in this state be paid for in cash. This demand grows out of the recent decision of John Little, who acted as arbitrator in determining the prevailing price in the Pittsburg district. Secretary P. McBryde of the national organization, President Ratchford and Secretary Pearce of the Ohio miners, and Messrs. J. S. Morton and W. R. Woodford, representing the Ohio operators, held a conference yesterday, but arrived at no conclusion. An attempt will be made to hold a meeting of the joint committee in Columbus Friday.

Miss Nannie E. Walling, the accomplished sister of Mrs. A. W. Inman, left on the afternoon train Sunday for the East. During Miss Walling's stay in Massillon, she has made many friends, both in social and musical circles, who regret deeply her departure. Miss Walling has won an enviable reputation as pianiste in Massillon, having frequently performed in public to delighted audiences. She will spend part of the winter in New York city, afterwards continuing the study of music in Boston.

The three high school classes have organized as many literary societies, with officers as follows: A grade—President, Hayes Kinnear; vice president, George Lester; secretary, Margaret Morgan; treasurer, Bessie Williams; B grade—President, George Howells; vice president, William Graves; secretary and treasurer, Letha Nave; critic, Miss Smith; C grade—President, Clarence Sibila; vice president, John Dunn; secretary, Paul Harrison; treasurer, Nellie Spuhler.

Governor and Mrs. McKinley will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage on January 29, in Canton. It is probable that they will have as guests some of the most distinguished men in the country. The list of invitations, however, probably will be largely composed of their old-time neighbors and fellow townsmen. When Gov. McKinley returns to Canton, he will vacate at the Neil, a suite of six rooms. His apartments at that hostelry consists of an office, a parlor, a sleeping apartment a dining room, a storeroom and a maid's room. All of these were fitted for him especially, when by the burning of the Chittenden hotel he was driven out of shelter.

The first of the fall parties at the Massillon Club, given last week, brought together an unexpectedly large number of members and guests, who remained from 8 until 1 o'clock. Cards were introduced as soon after 8 o'clock as arrangements could be made, twenty tables being provided and found insufficient. The prizes went to Mrs. F. Wiliard Arnold, who was given a pretty inkstand, and to Mr. William B. Humberger, who received a copy of Robert Grant's short stories. Between each game the Mandolin Club played and won many expressions of approval. After refreshments the ball room was cleared, and dancing occupied the remainder of the evening. Among the guests were Mrs. Wood, of Chicago; Miss Warner, of St. John, Neb.; Miss Loud, of New York; Miss Crumrine, of Akron; Miss Tonner and Mr James Flohr, of Canton, and Mr. David Croxton, of Canal Dover.

Thursday, the Pittsburg society paper, is filled with subjects of interest to Massillon people, this week. It mentions the visit of Mr. and Mrs. James R. Dunn with Mr Charles Graham, who shares his bachelor home with Mr. Hayes and the artist Guardabassi. It mentions a charmingly appointed little dinner given Saturday evening, when the Dunns and Francis Wilson of comic opera fame, were the guests of honor. Dinner was served for ten people, and at its conclusion the entire party became Mr. Wilson's guests at the Alvin theatre, to see a presentation of "The Chieftian." The evening was very delightfully rounded out with a little Bohemian supper after the play. Mr. and Mrs. Dunn were entertained by Mrs. Frederic Magee, after their visit with Mr. Graham. The same paper tells of the engagement of Miss Mary Magee, who is the well known niece of Mrs. Pease and Mrs. Warwick, to Mr. James Verner Scaife, of Allegheny. The wedding is to occur just before or immediately after Lent. On the 19th Mrs Christopher Lyman Magee will give a large afternoon reception for her niece, which will take the place of a similar entertainment that would have been given by Mrs. Fred Magee for her daughter, if she were not still in mourning for her husband. Mrs. Magee expects to go abroad for two years after her daughter's wedding.

An Evening School.

MR. EDITOR: What is the Ohio law in regard to night schools? Is the Massillon board of education clothed with sufficient power within itself to open and conduct a night school in one of the public school buildings in the city? I have a vague idea (although ignorant of the law in the matter) that it obligatory upon the board of education to provide an evening school when there is a reasonable demand for it. There are in this city a great many boys and young men who are compelled to be at work six days in the week, and to whom a public school at night would be of untold advantage. The young men of this city have not very many desirable places where they can spend their evenings, and there are, no doubt, a number who would be glad of an opportunity to spend a couple of hours five nights a week in study under the direction of a competent teacher. ***

The Case of Mr. Cooney.

Friends of Mr. James Cooney will regret to know of his misunderstanding with the council, and will be out in force on Friday morning, when his case will be argued before Mayor Schott. Mr. Cooney never intentionally interferes with the liberties or the jurisprudence of the masses, but some fellow citizens seem to think differently. At all events Mr. Cooney was charged with using language in the lobby of the council chamber, last night, that necessitated his forcible removal and arrest. He pleaded not guilty, and in due time this able champion of the people's rights will be given opportunity to lay his case before the Mayor. Mr. Cooney submits to the inevitable with his accustomed dignity, well knowing that in the long run justice and philosophy come out on top.

An Overture for Peace.

A few weeks of separation from his better half have proved to Wm. Jones that single blessedness is not all that it is said to be, and by Thanksgiving he expects to have effected a reconciliation with his wife. If he succeeds they will reside in Massillon but in some other locality than Patagonia

MEMORABLE SERVICES.

General Interest in the United Brethren Meetings.

THE NEW CHURCH DEDICATED.

Bishop Castle, Dr. Bell and Resident Clergymen Give Their Voices and Presence to the Event—The Church Debt Nearly Wiped Out.

Every available seat in the handsome and commodious new United Brethren church, at the corner of Mill and South streets, had an occupant long before the appointed hour Sunday morning, the congregation having assembled to join in the dedication service. The services were opened by the impressive overture, "Consecration," by the orchestra which was followed by the singing of an anthem by the chorus. Too much cannot be said of the excellence of the chorus, under the leadership of Mr. L. G. Graves and of Mr. Baer's orchestra.

The Rev. J. F. Shepherd read several appropriate passages from the scriptures and then the congregation sang hymn No. 75.

The Rev. Wm. Bell, D. D., editor of the Search Light, then led in prayer and the entire force of his vigorous mind seemed concentrated in this eloquent appeal.

The sermon by Bishop Nicholas Castle, D.D., of Elkhart county, Ind., which followed, was indeed an able and eloquent one. Bishop Castle selected his text from the fourth chapter of Joshua, and although the discourse was necessarily a brief one, it was rich in wisdom.

After H. A. Shafer had made a financial statement to the effect that of the original $14,500 total indebtedness $6,425 had been made up, leaving an unpaid balance of $8,075, the work of decreasing this amount began, and was pushed with splendid success.

THE DEBT PAID.

The church may be said to be free from debt, as the trustees have assumed personal responsibility for the small remaining balance, looking to the congregation to reimburse them as its members can. The offerings of the day for the extinguishment of the debt were as follows:

John Silk	$ 500
Ladies' Aid Society	500
J. W. McClymonds	500
Sabbath Schoool and Band of Gleaners	500
Board of Trustees	500
A few friends	500
Church Furnishing Society	150
Chorus and Orchestra	100
H. A. Shafer	100
Mrs. C. Snavely	100
A Friend	50
102 Prospect street	50
Mrs. George Higginbotham	75
J. F. Nolan	60
George Higginbotham	50
W. H. Stansbury	50
Josiah Cupples	50
F. L. Barkheimer	30
L. J. Cecil	25
Mary A. Cecil	25
Adcain Howald	25
Rodney Howald	25
Everett Howald	25
Mrs. A. Howald	25
Edwin Reese	25
Harriet Slusser	25
Edith Alden	15
J. H. Williams	$ 100
Joseph Fuls	50
F. C. Watson	25
Frank Poe	30
Mrs. J. M. Kerstetter	25
Idella Graber	25
Charles Snavely	20
Mrs. C. T. Higginbotham	20
Milo Alden	15

Mr. Abbot, Wm. Ritter, Mrs John Matthews, cash, J. F. Leggett, Ida Hall, each $10; Peter Sailer, Daisy Cecil, George Cecil, Blanchard Cecil, Harriet Schrock, Mrs. Lucy Barkheimer, Margaret Switter, David McCallister, Florence Matthews, Susan Wagner, J. M. Corl, Susan Hall, Mrs. Olive Poe, M. P. Siffert, Ada Wagner, Ruth Shepherd, T. Poe, Mrs. Ritter, Rhoda Felix, E. Converse, each $5.

Mrs M. C. Hardgrove $10; Mrs. Shafer $10; Roy Lowry $10; Fred Loeffler $10; P. B Kerstetter $10; S Higerd $10; Jennie Silk $10; W. B. Martin $10; Harriet Shrock $5; Vinton Kerstetter, Effie Kerstetter, Laura Darr, Anna Darr, W. Graham, E F. Warner, Mrs. R L. Hardgrove, J H Otto, Anna Silk, Henry Werz, W. R Hise, E P. Edgar, R R. Augstadt, P. L. Snively, I. P. Snively, R. W. McCaughey, Meda Cecil, Clinton Cecil, Wm Sorg, Mrs. D. Vaughn, S. Graybill, Louis Hall, Frank Siffert, D. Vaughn, James Siffert, each $5; E. P. Wise, Mrs. Theo. Brown, each $5.

Some Opinions.

A number of the visiting ministers at the United Brethren dedication, after hearing the beautiful accompaniment of Prof. Baer's orchestra, went away resolved on the introduction of orchestral music into the regular services of their own churches. Bishop Castle said, "The sight of a vast audience like this sitting spellbound under the influence of this sacred song and this large number of instruments, concentrated to God's service, is one that I shall never forget."

Dr. Bell said: "I am perfectly delighted with the orchestral music in connection with song, and think every instrument that is capable of producing harmony ought to be pressed into God's service." Another fellow who evidently doesn't come to town very often said: "I kinder like that music, but I don't think you ort to 'low fiddlers to come into a meetin' house."

Glad Tidings

The grand specific for the prevailing malady of the age, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c. Sold by McCuen, 15 West Main street.

Good advice: Never leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by The Saltsman Drug Co.

Now is the time to subscribe.

NEWS FROM NEAR BY TOWNS.

The Week in Newman—Judge Little's Decision.

NEWMAN, Nov. 13.—Dr. F. Z. Groff, of Massillon, was in our village last week, soliciting assistance for the Sippo church.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Masters and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. M. Hardgrove spent last Thursday in Canton, inspecting the infirmary and new court house.

Geo. S Selway and wife, of Somerdale, visited friends in this village last week.

John Prosser, our village blacksmith, is now employed at the Green mine.

Dennis Jordan and Dennis Moylan, of North Lawrence, and Matthews Bros., of this place, have commenced sinking a shaft on the Shrader farm, where they claim to have four and one-half feet of coal. They also expect to tap the old Stauffer mine, where considerably over three feet of coal was left. They are now down about forty feet, and we sincerely hope their most sanguine expectations may be fully realized.

Lawrence township trustees responded to the call for a meeting of all the trustee in the county, at Canton, last Saturday, to consider and prepare a road bill to be presented to the incoming legislature for action. The final meeting will be held January 2, 1896, when all trustees are expected to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Sheldon and Mr. and Mrs. John Hodgson, of Canal Fulton, spent Sunday at the Masters residence.

Ex-Senator Conrad and G. L Albrecht of Massillon, was seen in our village last Tuesday.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Mary Peters, daughter of Mr and Mrs. August Peters, to Mr. John Yetzer, one of Massillon's young wide-awake grocers to take place on Tuesday, the 19th inst.

While we were yet rejoicing on the election returns our feelings were somewhat dampened with Judge Little's returns in his award on the arbitration, making the Ohio mining price 55 cents per ton. This was unlooked for, as our officials can easily prove that outside of the Massillon district nearly 80 per cent. of the coal companies are directly or indirectly connected with company stores This being the case we see no fair reason why those companies should not be rated on the same basis as the Pittsburg operators running stores and allow them the same privileges up to Dec 31, 1895, when another fresh choosing up will take place.

We believe inasmuch as the Ohio fight was made outside of the Massillon district. Judge Little would have been justified in granting the company store rates or in handing down his decision he should have excused himself on the supposed violation of the state law. One thing is certain those company store operators are receiving a benefit that they are not entitled to, and Judge Little was certainly aware of that existing fact. He, therefore, should have either made them pay for said privilege or recommended the enforcement of the law. As it is we look upon his decision as encouraging violators of Ohio state laws, which to say the least coming as it does from so eminent authority is very bad grace. While we humbly submit to his decision, yet we invariably reserve the right to express our opinion on the same.

The home and all the winter supplies together, with considerable of Abraham Williams and family, were destroyed by fire at about 8 o'clock on election night. The origin of fire is attributed to clothing, which was being handled near a naked lamp, must have caught fire unawares. The building, we are informed, was insured, but the loss of supplies, etc., aside from the inconvenience to the family will be over $200. The family has the sympathy and support of all our people.

BRUSH CITY REPORT.

BEACH CITY, Nov. 13.—Report of the Brush College school for month ending Nov. 8, 1895: Number of boys on roll, 14; number of girls on roll, 13; total number on roll, 27; average daily attendance, boys, 11; average daily attendance, girls, 10; total average, 21. The following pupils were present each day of the month: William Huwig, Jacob Sarbaugh, Cora Miller, Edith Paul, Hazel Fisher, Anna Tabellion and Bernice Ouller. C. C. Howenstine, teacher.

LETTER FROM WILMOT.

WILMOT, Nov. 13.—Two deaths have occurred recently in this community that of Fernando Olmstead, son of Jacob Olmstead, a young man 18 years, of typhoid fever, on Wednesday of last week, and on Monday this week Calvin Johnson was also called. He was one of our substantial citizens, and a leading member of the U. B. church of Wilmot.

A. C. McClintock has finished sawing on the W. J. Putman farm.

J. O. Newcomer has erected a fine stable on his lot in town and expects to build a house next summer. He is now having the stone hauled.

Several of our citizens have had their houses re-painted during the recent fine weather.

The personal property of the late Dr. S. Wolf was sold at public sale Saturday.

The Wilmot Tile Company are about ready to burn their first kiln of tile at the new stand.

The Evangelicals will hold their first quarterly meeting Saturday, and Sunday at the Ridge church.

How to Prevent Croup.

Some reading that will prove interesting to young mothers. How to guard against the disease.

Croup is a terror to young mothers, and to post them concerning the cause, first symptoms and treatment is the object of this item The origin of croup is a common cold. Children who are subject to it take cold very easily and croup is almost sure to follow. The first symptom is hoarseness; this is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough, which is easily recognized and will never be forgotten by one who has heard it. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is freely given all tendency to croup will soon disappear. Even after the croupy cough has developed it will prevent the attack. There is no danger in giving this remedy for it contains nothing injurious. For sale by the Saltsman Drug Co.

"I am cured since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla" is what many thousands are saying. It gives renewed vitality and vigor.

ACCIDENTS OF A DAY.

Conductor Ernst Killed on the C., L. & W. Railway.

BRAKEMAN ADAMS INJURED.

A Fatal Rear End Collision at Warwick—Occupants of the Caboose the Victims—Another Serious Accident Near Navarre Sam Maurer Fatally Hurt.

WARWICK, Nov. 13.—A rear end freight collision occurred on the C., L. & W. railroad, near this place, at 2 o'clock this morning. Conductor Chas. Ernst was killed and John Adams, a brakeman, was fatally injured. Both men were asleep in the caboose of the preceding train. Adams's legs were horribly mangled and he is injured internally. Ernst was a single man and resided at Black Creek. Adams's home is in Pittsburg.

The loss to property was very great, and the track was cleared before any of the passenger trains were due. Conductor Ernst was formerly employed in the C., L. & W's Massillon yards and had but recently been made a freight conductor.

CANAL FULTON ACCOUNT.

CANAL FULTON, Nov. 13.—A rear end collision between two coal trains on the C., L. & W. occurred at 12:40 this morning about half a mile south of Warwick. Conductor Ernest and rear Brakeman Adams of the forward train were asleep in the caboose when the engine of the train following crashed into it The conductor was instantly killed and Brakeman Adams so badly injured that he will likely die He is now lying at the Easly House at this place in charge of Dr. A. A. Hallock, the company's surgeon.

THE NAVARRE CASE.

NAVARRE, Nov. 13.—Samuel Delno Maurer, who resides with his step-father Fred Miller, in Bethlehem, and who works at the Warwick mine as trapper, had both legs mangled below the knees and his left arm broken, when returning from work on the Massillon railroad mining train at 5 o'clock on Tuesday evening. The lad was sitting in the side door of the caboose when the hind truck jumped the track and the car swung around catching the unfortunate fellow between it and a loaded coal car on the station switch. He was taken to Aultman hospital at Canton, where he died this morning.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

WEST LEBANON, Nov. 13.—William Shilling met with a very peculiar accident Tuesday afternoon. He was repairing a corn crib on the farm of S. A. Reed and was striking some boards above his head with an ax In some manner his hold on the handle slipped and it fell, the blade striking him upon the head, inflicting a gash two inches long.

A MINER INJURED.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Nov. 13.—Thomas Dow, a miner employed in the Minglewood mine, was seriously injured at 4 o'clock Tuesday evening by the premature explosion of a powder charge. His head and shoulder were badly bruised and lacerated by being struck by flying pieces of coal.

AND STILL ANOTHER.

CANAL FULTON, Nov. 13.—While sinking a shaft on the Shrader farm, north of Massillon, this morning, a rock fell in from above, striking Ed Bowen on the head and causing an ugly scalp wound, from which he will recover.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

I Was Thrown From a Horse

And sprained my ankle badly. An ulcer formed and caused me much pain. Last August it broke out worse than ever. I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now the ulcer has entirely healed. I have laid away my crutches and am doing my own work, thanks to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I gladly recommend it to all who need a blood purifying medicine." MRS. C. S. BIRGE, Chauncey, Ohio. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

"Pure and Sure."

Cleveland's BAKING POWDER

Manufactured originally by Cleveland Brothers, Albany, N. Y., now by the Cleveland Baking Powder Company, New York.

has been used by American housewives for twenty-five years, and those who have used it longest praise it most.

Receipt book free. Send stamp and address. Cleveland Baking Powder Co., New York.

THE COUNCIL MEETS.

Many Important Local Matters Receive Consideration.

The city council met in regular session Tuesday evening with all members present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. City Clerk Haring read a petition signed by residents of Grape street and vicinity requesting that a fire hydraut be established in that street The matter was referred to the standing committee.

On Mr. Hering's motion the report of the city clerk of the financial affairs of the late street commissioner, C. W. Black, was accepted.

Peter Smith's motion that the coal shed at the fourth ward reel house be repaired, was carried.

The disposition of the $1,711 42 received by the city by its recent settlement with the Pennsylvania and C., L. & W. railway companies was then discussed. Mr. Paul thought that the money ought to be placed in the sinking fund, but the other members were of a different opinion, and it was decided that the $1,000 still due Mrs. Stahl should be paid and the balance placed in the street and alley fund.

Members Paul, Hering and Huber were appointed as a committee by President Reed to confer with the city engineer and determine the probable cost of having the city surveyed and the lots renumbered

On Mr Reay's motion it was decided to allow Harvey Seaman, who is now superintending the construction of the State street sewer, $15 additional to his salary, as this sum is equivalent to the fees he would have received while on duty.

Mr. Graze reported that E G. Krause & Co. were willing to pay the city's bill for the services of the Massillon firemen at the recent mine fire.

Mr. Huber moved that the clerk be authorized to pay the sewer contractor's bill, which will become due next week Carried.

After much discussion the following resolution was adopted, Mr. Paul voting no:

Resolved, by the city council of the city of Massillon, Ohio, that the city solicitor hereby is instructed to adjust the damage claim of Nicholas Kohl, vs. the city of Massillon for the sum of $350; the case of Frank Holzbach vs. the city of Massillon for the sum of $250, and the case of Austin Allen vs. the city of Massillon for the sum of $210, and that the finance committee of the council of said city is hereby authorized to raise the funds for the payment of said claims

The next meeting of the council will be in two weeks.

From Sire to Son.

As a family medicine Bacon's Celery King for the nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have kidney, liver or blood disorder do not delay, but get a free sample package of this remedy at once. If you have indigestion, constipation, headache, rheumatism, etc., this grand specific will cure you. McCuen, the leading druggist, 15 West Main street, is distributing samples free to the afflicted. Large packages 50c and 25c.

COURT HOUSE NOTES.

New Suits Instituted—Licenses Granted—Probate Court Work.

CANTON, Nov. 13.—N. J. Trodo claims that Aaron Munaw agreed to pay him $500 should he (Trodo) effect the sale of the defendant's interest in the Holloway Paving Brick Company, for $4,500. More than this amount was realized by the sale and as the defendant has refused to pay Trodo the sum of $500, the latter has sued for the amount.

Several promissory notes now over due has prompted John Y. Williams to petition the court for judgment against H M. Shipman in the sum of $2,000.

R S Hawkins, as administrator of the estate of L. E. Hawkins, today sued Susan T. Tressel, praying for judgment in the sum of $1,132 68. The sum is due on divers promissory notes.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Frank Culler and Della Kuerr, of West Brookfield; Harry Carnahan and Rosa Miller, of Canton; Ervin C. Kashner and Amanda Royer, of Hartville.

The will of Wm. L. Myers, of Paris township, has been filed for probate.

In the estate of Alvin H Douds, of Canton the appraisement of partnership assets of Durbin, Wright & Co. has been filed and the administrator ordered to sell same to surviving partners.

The will of John B. Griffith, of Osnaburg township, has been admitted to probate.

In the estate of Mary Schlott, of Plain township, Wm. Wagner has been appointed administrator

When the Chill Mists of Morning

Hang like a pall over the surface of the earth, it will be well for you before venturing into the raw vaporous air charged, perhaps, with the seeds of malaria or provocative of rheumatic twinges, to take a wineglassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and thus shield yourself from atmospheric influences threatening to health. If you happen to get snowed, sleeted or rained upon, use the same preventive, and avoid the rheumatism or a dangerous cold. The agreeable warmth infused into the circulation by this genial stomachic, its invigorating and regulating properties commend it to all appreciative of the fact that prevention is better than cure. Use the bitters for dyspepsia, biliousness, nervousness and kidney trouble, sick headache and debility.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chiblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

They Say

That a man talks about the weather because he don't know enough to talk about anything else. That's about the case with the man who has been always going to the tailor for his clothing. He pays about 40 per cent. too much; but he don't know about any other kind of clothes. Show him a Stein Block or a W. S. Peck & Co. suit or overcoat and you have started him off on a new line of thought. Common sense, is it not, to get as much for your money as you can?

YOU MUST REMEMBER

That the "wholesale tailors" employ tailors, can buy the best fabrics, have straight connections with the most authoritative fashion centers, and can make a suit because they make many, at half the merchant tailor's price.

Look Into This Thing

Come in some day and permit us to show you what a ready-to-wear garment of the Stein Block or W. S. Peck & Co. kind is like. You never saw ready-to-put-on clothing like them, because there are none so good.

C. M. WHITMAN, *Original One Price Clothier, 18 S. Erie St., Massillon.*

Special Inducements for Cash Only

—ON MY ENTIRE STOCK OF—

—FURNITURE!—

Call and see that we mean business.

S. HIGERD'S, - 53 South Erie St.

UNDERTAKING in all its branches. Night Calls answered from 89 North Hill street or Farmer's Telephone 200.

Special Sale of CAPS

Lot 1—Boy's School Caps		15c—25c value
" 2— " "	"	25c— 50c "
" 3— " Plush Turbans,		50c—$1.00 "
" 4— " Slide and Yacht,		50c—$1.00 "
" 5— " Plush Windsors,		75c—$1.25 "
" 6—Men's Fine Corduroys,		50c—$1.00 "

ANOTHER LOT OF . . .

LUZERNE HYGIENEA UNDERWEAR

Reasonable in Price, Superior in Quality and Make, Unexcelled in Durability. . . . . .

KALETA LATEST E & W COLLAR:

Spangler & Co.,

Hatters and Men's Fine Furnishers. Knox, Youman, Roelof and Stetson Find Hats.

PERRINS & FOSTER FINE KID GLOVES.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

PRIDE OF THE SOUTH.

NOTES OF THE GREAT EXPOSITION AT ATLANTA.

High Water Mark of Attendance — The Black Man Bears Off Honors—The Instructive Government Exhibit—Persistent Type of Rural Life.

[Special Correspondence.]

ATLANTA, Nov. 4.—Roaring times in the Gate City these days. Every one of the 27 hotels is jammed full, and people are sticking out at the windows. Every bed in every boarding house is full as it will hold, and the late comer has to take a cot in the valley. We have had all sorts and grades of officials from president to town marshal, a whole bevy of governors adorned the stage at once, generals and foreign dignitaries swarmed, and, as to common fellows like colonels, captains and members of congress, they have been so plentiful that we no longer pause in the street to look at them. The most pleasant change has been in the state buildings. For the first month they were dreary places to visit, but now they really represent the states in their crowds of visitors. The exposition is a great success, and there are those who say that this little city has "overcrapped" herself, as the Georgians say of a man who plants more than he can cultivate. There are no complaints of any one suffering for shelter, however, though the streets have often been uncomfortably crowded, especially when the military were on the march and brilliant militia officers were dashing around in all the pomp and circumstance of glorious peace.

Honors For the Negro.

The sixth week of the exposition doubtless brought the attendance to high water mark. At least no one expects it to be exceeded. Every day was notable. The week is to be an epoch in southern history, and once more the black man bore off the honors. It is an interesting and most important fact that, as the honors of opening day were accorded to Professor Booker Washington, so decidedly the best speech, all things considered, of the official week was made by Professor J. E. W. Bowen of Gammon Theological institute. Although the Negro building had long been finished and filled, its formal opening was deferred till the squad of governors arrived, and besides the remarkably able speech by Professor Bowen a poem of high order by Professor D. Webster Davis was beautifully rendered by Miss Adrienne Herndon, a quadroon recitationist.

I consider the government exhibit by far the most instructive exhibit on the grounds, and the arrangements for seeing the fishes are much better than at Chicago, though of course there are not a third as many

The State Buildings.

The state buildings, of which there are seven, have, as aforesaid, become places of great interest. Illinois was the last to get hers finished, and it is simply an elegant clubhouse and place of reunion. Easy chairs abound in every room and on the long shaded porches, a fine piano graces the ladies' parlor and elsewhere are the latest papers of the state and portraits of its eminent men. It is pre-eminently a place of rest and in the quietest part of the grounds, the extreme northwest corner. Near by is the quaint building well filled with relics of the dead southern confederacy —fragments of scores of flags, photographs of soldiers taken during the war —and very interesting they are too. Across the driveway south is Alabama's building, with its interesting mineral annex built of huge blocks of coal from her thickest seam.

With the so called Florida building near by the state as such had nothing to do. Depressed as she is by recent losses (perhaps a trifle despondent, Florida made no appropriation, but Mr Henry B. Plant, president of the company known by his name which operates railways and steamers in four states, determined that Florida should be as well represented as any other state, and it looks as if he had succeeded. New York's building is a splendid clubhouse of gray stone and is to be a gift to the Piedmont Driving club after the fair is over. The California and Georgia buildings are practically part of the main structures, and that of Pennsylvania is clubhouse, art hall and music room all in one.

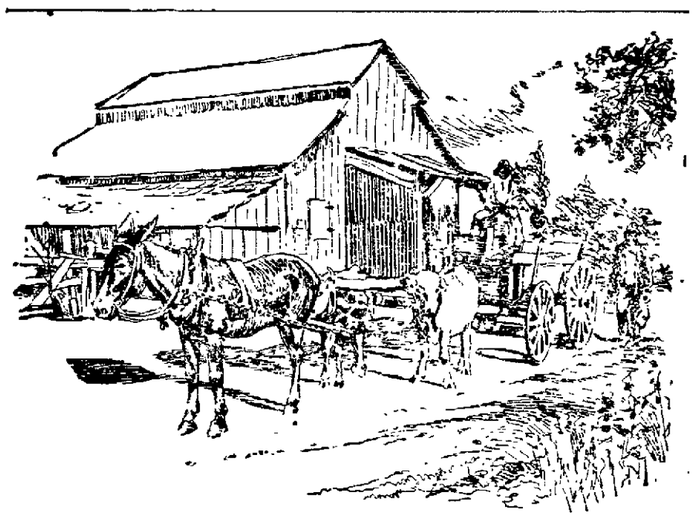
A Poor Art Exhibit

I have said that the Government building is, all things considered, the best, and now that it can do no harm I feel free to say that the Art hall is by great odds the poorest. It isn't fair, I know, to contrast anything here with its counterpart at Chicago, but one really can't help it, and in this case the contrast is ludicrous. In all the building there are not so many fine paintings as one could see in any one of 20 rooms there, and some of the alleged great works are so "smeary" that I can't get rid of a suspicion that they were sent here as a joke. I am no artist, I admit, but surely a common man may be allowed to know beauty from homeliness, and of all the displays at Chicago I enjoyed that of the Art hall most and longest. I admit that I find a deal more fun in the streets of Atlanta than on the Midway, as there are more striking characters there, and my only enjoyment in the Art hall is in listening to the sayings of visitors. There is but one painting in the lot in which the nude is noticeable, entitled "After the Bath" and the lads and lasses of rural Georgia certainly have had warning of it before entering, for each young couple walks by it with head thrown back and eyes directed straight ahead, with an air of not seeing anything which is laughable.

Rural Scenes.

This reminds me of a fact philosophers should study, a puzzling fact to me—that the main feature of rural life in the south is its persistence of type. Right along the main railway lines and in cannon shot of the great modern city the "cracker" is what he was 40 years ago. After a few hours in the exposition it is like an amusing afterpiece to me to come down into the streets, where the ruralists are peddling "truck." There one may see the same old "spike team," a mule in the lead of two oxen, or single mule or ox team, and hear the same old speech. Alabama is "allowed," as southerners say, to have the poorest and most ignorant set of backwoods people, and the ruralist of north Georgia is in natural sense quite a man, but in both states they remain unchanged, and so it is with the "tackies" of Florida and the "sandhillers" of both Carolinas. In fact, these inclined to change always leave, and perhaps that is the reason the residuary mass is so conservative. Many thousands of them have seen this show and enjoyed it, but it is evident in their faces that they do not envy the possessors of such fine things, and, as to the queer folks on the Midway, the rural Georgian looks on them with undisguised contempt.

J. H. BEADLE.



A SPIKE TEAM.

HERBERT WARD.

The Modest Young Explorer Is Still Actively Working.

[Special Correspondence.]

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Friends in America of Herbert Ward, the young African explorer and lieutenant of Stanley, will be interested to know that he is at work, this time writing and drawing for a London weekly. It was prophesied that after Ward married the daughter of a millionaire and went to live at 6 Carleton House terrace, the former mansion of a great nobleman, and now the town house of Mrs. John W. Mackay, he would neither explore nor write nor lecture. As a matter of fact he meant to do at least two of these things, and he was dissuaded from a lecturing tour of the world only by the efforts of his wife and her family. He has since done a good deal of writing, and his new employment indicates that he means not to be an idler, the hardest possible life for a man of his truly restless energy.

Ward is about 30, and his life from boyhood has been an adventurous romance. An unconquerable passion for wandering sent him to sea before the mast when he was yet far from his majority. His father was an Englishman of wealth and consideration, with friends the world over, and when young Ward turned up in an Australian port some acquaintances of the family recognized his ship as that upon which the youngster had gone out. They did not guess, however, that he had gone under an assumed name. Ward tells with glee how as he sat aloft one day begrimed and sunburned, tarring rope and exchanging jests with a fellow seaman, a richly appointed carriage, with coachman and footman, clattered down to the wharf, and the young delinquent heard from his safe perch a distinguished looking gentleman inquiring that Herbert Ward was aboard that particular ship. The puzzled old gentleman drove away unsatisfied, but Ward eventually called upon him in the habiliments of civilization.

When Ward came out of Africa after something like a quarrel with Stanley he had been steadily since boyhood serving before the mast, following the head hunters of Borneo and tramping through the wilderness of the Kongo country. All this rough life, however, had not robbed the young man of a certain graciousness, and immediately afterward on his way to the United States aboard ship he made the acquaintance that led to his marriage to the daughter of the great Argentine millionaire, Sanford. Ward's old friends found him amid the splendors of Carlton House terrace, the same simple, unaffected young man he had been as able seaman, explorer and writer, and no one that really knows him will be surprised to learn that he has taken up again his pen and pencil.

E. N. V.

COLORS FOR WINTER.

DULL DARK GREEN AND DARK DULL RED WILL BE POPULAR.

A Dress Made of Brick Red Matelasse Crepon—Another of Brocade Wool With Brown and Black as the Sole Colors. New Materials and Effective Trimmings.

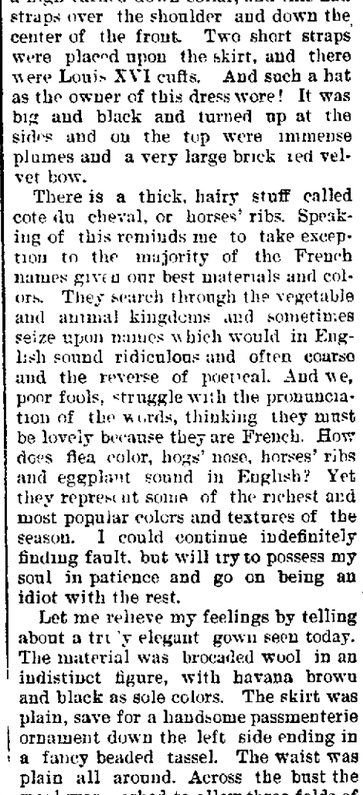
[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Dull dark green and dark dull red are among the prime favorites in the new winter colors, but the bright brick dust red makes its presence seen at least, if not felt. There are dozens of different weaves and patterns in this rusty color. Alone it is undeniably ugly. Mingled with black it is almost pretty. There is a deep matelasse wool crepon in this color, where the body of the stuff is brick color and the top of each little square hump is black, and there is a cheviot where the body is red and the top of each wall is furnished with a little curled fringe in glossy black. It is striking and very odd and therefore desirable to those who like remarkable things. A dress made of the matelasse had a full skirt, plain across the front breadths. The waist was simply gathered to the black velvet belt. This lapped in a point. There was a round yoke of black velvet with a high turned down collar, and this had straps over the shoulder and down the center of the front. Two short straps were placed upon the skirt, and there were Louis XVI cuffs. And such a hat as the owner of this dress wore! It was big and black and turned up at the sides and on the top were immense plumes and a very large brick red velvet bow.

WINTER COSTUMES

There is a thick, hairy stuff called cote du cheval, or horses' ribs. Speaking of this reminds me to take exception to the majority of the French names given our best materials and colors. They search through the vegetable and animal kingdoms and sometimes seize upon names which would in English sound ridiculous and often coarse and the reverse of poetical. And we, poor fools, struggle with the pronunciation of the words, thinking they must be lovely because they are French. How does flea color, hogs' nose, horses' ribs and eggplant sound in English? Yet they represent some of the richest and most popular colors and textures of the season. I could continue indefinitely finding fault, but will try to possess my soul in patience and go on being an idiot with the rest.

Let me relieve my feelings by telling about a truly elegant gown seen today. The material was brocaded wool in an indistinct figure, with havana brown and black as sole colors. The skirt was plain, save for a handsome passmenterie ornament down the left side ending in a fancy beaded tassel. The waist was plain all around. Across the bust the wool was slashed to allow three folds of myrtle green velvet to pass under the strap thus formed. The stiff and narrow belt was of the same velvet, and there was a velvet frill at the waist line in form of a basque. The sleeves were well set out, with wide velvet caps sprung on the shoulders. The collar of velvet had a festooning of jet beads, with now and then one gilt one, and on the shoulder there were others, all ending in fancy tassels. This was a true gentlewoman's dress. The pretty wearer had a black felt "flat" with four plumes and a draping of moss green velvet across the front.



GRAY CLOTH DRESS

The best houses show some beautiful designs in black woolen brocades. They make gowns fit to wear anywhere and are considered particularly suitable for church. They are in regular damask patterns. For church the best dressers never wear anything but black, either eudora, henrietta, faille, grosgrain or some handsome quality of cashmere—that is to say, all except young girls.

There is a new thin velvet called variously benares, lavalliere or lahore. It is soft and flexible and decidedly oriental in coloring and design. This will be employed as blouse waists, fancy sleeves and insets in all places where full effects are sought, but it is, naturally, only for home or indoor garments.

Among the newest fancies of the tailors who cater to the wealthy class is that of using regular military cloth, such as is in use for soldiers. There is a light blue, coarse and strong; a dark blue, thick and handsome, and a soft cadet gray. All these are employed in making up the swellest costumes. This stuff makes military trimming well, and many of the suits have stiff embroidery of gold or thread in military pattern. Oak leaves are favorite designs. Cord and piques are also seen and braiding with narrow soutache or narrow flat metal braid, usually called gold lace on the men's military outfits.

Braiding has always been a stylish and effective trimming, however applied. I saw a very fine dress today made of gray cloth with a band of damson velvet six inches wide around the skirt. Above that was a straight line of fawn castle braid, edged with a very narrow beading. The edges were cut in shallow scallops, but the braid extended below each point in a trefoil design. The sleeves were immense bishops, with cuffs of velvet and braid. The plain snug waist was trimmed with the braid, and the wide collar was trimmed to match. There was a very handsome buckle at the closing of the velvet belt. This made a most elegant costume.

OLIVE HARPER.

A MATTER OF TASTE.

Mr. Munkittrick Comes Across Another Peculiar Individual.

[Special Correspondence.]

SUMMIT, N. J., Nov. 4.—I was out at Morristown two or three weeks ago to stay over Sunday with a friend who spends his winter there under the impression that the air is quite equal to that of Colorado or the Austrian Alps. After we had reduced a good sized turkey to a skeleton and had lighted our cigars, in whose gently undulating ribbons of smoke we could discern pleasant oriental landscapes, my friend suggested that we take a walk, in order to digest the turkey and create a vacuum for the terrapin that he assured me would sweetly blossom forth in all its epicurean splendor at about 6:30.

It was a clear, crisp day—the kind of day whose atmospheric stillness is such that you can distinctly note the plaintive warbling of a Berkshire pig at a distance of half a mile while he stalks in martial pride about his pen and gazes fondly upon the amorous eyeball of the morn.

As we walked along the main thoroughfare he pointed out many beautiful establishments and spoke of the amount of money spent on them annually.

"But over there in that olive house with the vandyke brown trimmings," said my friend, pointing out the establishment with a wave of his cane, "is one of the most curious mortals I ever heard of."

"In what way?"

"Why, in a financial way," replied my friend with a smile. "If that man's head were only half as long as his feet he would be well off. In fact, he has about as much head for management as has a needle. He is always getting the financial cart before the horse. Think of a man being as great a fool as to lay out money for black swans when he has no pond on the place!"

"Does he do that?" I asked.

"Not exactly. I only made that remark to illustrate the eccentric character of his pecuniary understanding. Every one is laughing at him in Morristown. In fact, he is furnishing so much fun free of charge in this place that he is interfering with the prosperity of traveling minstrel shows. Now, you wouldn't go without shoes to buy an orchestrion, would you?"

"Not much," I replied. "If I should go without shoes to buy anything else, it would be to buy boots."

"Then you are very different from Mr. Whatshisname, for when he sets out to have anything he will have it at any price, even if he has to put his pride in his pocket instead of his hand and get it on credit. Perhaps the cleverest way of setting forth his peculiarities in a few words is to say that he operates in a manner that is diametrically opposite to the usual method. Most men set aside a certain amount of money for food, clothing and other necessary things and purchase luxuries with what is left. Mr. Whatshisname, on the other hand, sets apart a certain amount for ornamental trees and peacocks and antique furniture and such things and tells his wife that they will have food and clothing out of what remains in the treasury. So you see he makes the luxuries of life necessaries, and the necessaries of life luxuries. If that man were wearing summer clothing under an ulster, and the north wind were whistling 'Home, Sweet Home,' through the breaks in the sides of his Oxford ties, and he had $200 in his pocket, he would purchase a cardigan jacket and a pair of cloth uppers that he might be able to buy a harpsichord for the hall and an articulated skeleton for the library."

"But his place looks pretty finely kept, doesn't it?"

"It does," replied my friend, with a smile, "and that is the way it always looks. In the summer he has the grass cut twice a week and sprinkled with a hose every evening. He will have a man working on the place every day and make him wait three months for his pay that he may invest his ready money in a tall clock.

"At the time that the butchers are driving him like a mad bull to collect a little on account they find him having a fountain dug on the front lawn or in the act of adding a conservatory to the house. It is more difficult to sell him a barrel of flour than it would be to sell him a barrel of monkeys. I heard a sarcastic man once allude to him as being one who would rather have a silver soup tureen and no soup than plenty of soup and no silver soup tureen."

And by this time we were back and ready for the stewed terrapin.

R. K. MUNKITTRICK.

The population of the German empire is increasing at the rate of 500,000 a year.

Crone's Closing-Out Sale

Is Now in Full Blast

And daily we have been compelled to turn customers away. The like has never been seen in this city before. Bargains on every hand are to be had. Our basement full of empty Underwear and Hosiery boxes bear out our assertion that we have sold more Underwear and Hosiery than all other stores combined. . .

Our Cloak Department

Has been the center of attraction. More Coats and Capes have been sold by us so far this season than any season before, and it is worthy of notice that the last shipment of Coats purchased before the sale are just coming in. They will also be marked at the closing-out price. After these are gone there will be no more.

No Person Wanting a New Dress Should Buy Before Looking at Our Goods and Prices.

COME WHILE THE ASSORTMENT IS GOOD.

Crone's Dry Goods Store.

WILLIMANTIC
STAR ★ THREAD
Is pre-eminently the best spool cotton for hand sewing or machine sewing. It is the strongest thread made; it is free from knots, kinks, flaws, or ravels; is always uniform in quality, thickness and strength. It never breaks itself or breaks the needle; never puckers the seams or throws the tension out of order. It costs no more than poorer kinds of thread. Ask your dealer for it.
Send 2c. and receive 6 spools of thread (any color or number), together with 4 bobbins for your machine. (Paid around) and an instructive book on thread and sewing. Free.
WILLIMANTIC THREAD CO. Willimantic, Conn.

L&N

If You Are Going Anywhere South This Winter

You should write and get correct information in regard to the facilities offered by the

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

THIS CAN BE OBTAINED OF

JACKSON SMITH, Div. Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, O.
C. P. ATMORE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

HOMES IN THE SOUTH

Can be secured on most liberal terms and at low rates. Write for County Map of the South to either of the above named gentlemen, or to

P. SID JONES, PASS. AGENT,
In charge of Immigration,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

L&N

$2.50 CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO.

Via "C & B. LINE"
commencing with opening of navigation (about April 1st.) Magnificent side wheel steel steamers
"State of Ohio" and "State of New York."
DAILY TIME TABLE, SUNDAY INCLUDED.
Lv Cleveland, 6:00 P. M. | Lv Buffalo, 6:30 P. M.
Ar. Buffalo, 7:30 A. M. | Ar Cleveland, 7:30 A. M.
CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.
Take the "C & B Line" steamers and enjoy a refreshing night's rest when enroute to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, New York, Boston, Albany, 1,000 Islands, or any Eastern or Canadian point.
Cheap Excursions Weekly to Niagara Falls.
Send 4 cents postage for tourist pamphlet.
W. F. HERMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. T. F. NEWMAN, Gen'l Manager.
CLEVELAND, O.

TAXES FOR 1895.

Notice to Tax-Payers of Stark County.

In pursuance of law, I hereby notify the Tax-payers of Stark County that the rates of Taxation for the year 1895 are correctly stated in the following Tables, showing the amount of Tax levied on each dollar of valuation of taxable property, as charged upon the Tax Duplicate of said County, for the year of 1895;

TOWNSHIPS	STATE. Mills	STATE. 10ths	COUNTY. Mills	COUNTY. 10ths	ROAD. Mills	ROAD. 10ths	TOWNSHIP. Mills	TOWNSHIP. 10ths	SCHOOL Mills	SCHOOL 10ths	SUNDRY SPECIAL. Mills	SUNDRY SPECIAL. 10ths	POOR. Mills	POOR. 10ths	DEC. RATE. Mills	DEC. RATE. 10ths	JUNE RATE. Mills	JUNE RATE. 10ths	TOTAL Mills	TOTAL 10ths
Bethlehem	2	7½	5	6½	1			3	5	7				2	8	3	7	3	15	6
Canton	2	7½	5	6½	1	5		1	6	8		5		6	7	6	6	2	13	6
Jackson	2	7½	5	6½	1			5	3	8		2		3	7	6	6	6	14	6
Lake	2	7½	5	6½	1			6	5	5					7	6	6	2½	15	9
Lawrence	2	7½	5	6½	1	4		6	4	3				3	7	8	6	1½	14	7
Lexington	2	7½	5	6½	1			4	2	5	1	1		2	8	7	6	3½	13	7
Marlboro	2	7½	5	6½	1			6	4			3			9	7	6	1½	17	8
Nimishillen	2	7½	5	6½	1	2		4	2	3		2		2	7	6	5	8	12	6
Osnaburg	2	7½	5	6½	1	2		3	3	8		7			9	6	5	7	14	6
Paris	2	7½	5	6½		4	1	1	3			2		3	6	9	6	4	14	8
Perry	2	7½	5	6½	2			2	3	6				6	9	4	6	4	14	8
Pike	2	7½	5	6½	1	6	1	2	5	2		3		1	7		6	4	16	4
Plain	2	7½	5	6½	1			8	4	5		5		2	8	2	7	2	15	4
Sandy	2	7½	5	6½		5		5	2	3	1	9			7	8	6	8	13	7
Sugarcreek	2	7½	5	6½	1			8	4	3					7	1	6	8	14	6
Tuscarawas	2	7½	5	6½	1	2		6	4	6					7	1	6	8	15	6
Washington	2	7½	5	6½	1				3	5					7	1	6	4½	13	6

CORPORATION AND SPECIAL SCHOOL	STATE AND COUNTY. Mills	STATE AND COUNTY. 10ths	ROAD. Mills	ROAD. 10ths	TOWNSHIP. Mills	TOWNSHIP. 10ths	CORPORATION. Mills	CORPORATION. 10ths	SCHOOL. Mills	SCHOOL. 10ths	POOR RATE. Mills	POOR RATE. 10ths	DEC. RATE. Mills	DEC. RATE. 10ths	JUNE RATE. Mills	JUNE RATE. 10ths	TOTAL. Mills	TOTAL. 10ths
Alliance	8	4				5	10		9			2	14	½	14	½	28	1
Beach City	8	4				8	2		10				10	6	10	6	2	2
Canton	8	4				1	12		8		6		14	5½	14	5½	29	1
Canal Fulton	8	4				8	4	5	10	5			12	1	12	1	24	2
Clinton	8	4	1	4		5			3	8			7	9	6	1	11	4
Greentown	8	4	1			6	1		10				10	5	6	5	20	
Hoosetter	8	4		4	1				2	2			2	6	6	1	12	6
Limaville	8	4				5	5		2	5			2	8	8	3	16	6
Louisville	8	4				3	10		3				2	11			22	
Magnolia	8	4		5	2			5	2	3			1	7	6	8½	14	3
Marlboro	8	4	1			9	2		10					9	6	6½	20	3
Massillon	8	4				1	13		7				11	6	6	6	20	3
Minerva	8	4			1	1	6	2	8				9	10	6	10½	20	3
Mt Union, Washington Tp	8	4			1		9		8				13	7	6	7	27	4
Mapleton	8	4	1	2	1				2	5			7	3½	6	3½	18	3
Navarre	8	4				3	4	5	5		5		7	9	6	3½	18	3
New Berlin	8	4	1		1				5	1	5		10	2	6	2½	19	4
New Franklin	8	4		4	1				2		1	5	7		6	3½	14	4
Osnaburg	8	4				3	7		3	5			9	7	6	7	19	4
Uniontown	8	4	1			6			10				10	1	6	7½	20	5
Waynesburg	8	4	1		2	4	1	5	4			1	9	1	6	2½	17	4
Wilmot	8	4				6	4		5				8	9	6	4	18	8
West Brookfield	8	4							5				8	7	6	4	16	

STATE RATE.	RATE. Mills	RATE. 10ths
Ohio State University	1	½
General Revenue	1	4
State Common School		3
Sinking Fund		
Total.	2	7½

COUNTY RATE.	RATE. Mills	RATE. 10ths
Work House		5
County	1	6
Bridge	1	1
Children's Home		2
Poor		2½
Soldier's Relief		2½
Indebtedness		5½
Building	1	
Election		2
Total.	5	6½

The Treasurer's office will be open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., from the 1st day of October to the 20th day of December, 1895, and from the 1st day of April to the 20th day of June, 1896, for the purpose of receiving the taxes charged on the Tax Duplicate for the year 1895.

The law declares that "each person" charged with taxes on the Tax Duplicate in the hands of a County Treasurer may pay the full amount of such taxes on or before the 20th day of December, or one half thereof on or before the 20th day of December, and the remaining half thereof on or before the 20th day of June next ensuing; but all road taxes shall be paid prior to the 20th day of December.

The time being limited by law when the Treasurer and Auditor must make their settlement, and the Treasurer pay over the money to the proper authorities, the taxpayers are hereby notified that the Delinquent List will be made up immediately after the 20th day of December, and the taxes collected according to the following section of the Revised Statutes:

SECTION 1094. When one-half of the taxes as aforesaid charged against any entry on the Tax Duplicate in the hands of the County Treasurer is not paid before the 20th day of December next after the same has been so charged, or when the remainder of such taxes is not paid on or before the 20th day of June next thereafter, the County Treasurer shall proceed to collect the same by distress or otherwise, together **WITH THE PENALTY OF FIVE PER CENT.** on the amount of taxes so delinquent; and in all cases where such half of any taxes, other than real estate, has not been paid on the 20th of December, the whole amount of taxes, other than real estate for the current year so charged, shall be due and delinquent, and shall be collected in the manner and with the penalty provided in this Section.

When you ask by letter or postal card for the amount of your taxes, designate your property clearly. State in whose name, in what Township and Section, and Number of Acres, in what Town and Number of Lot. Send stamp for answer.

Send money by Certificate of Deposit, Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter or Express. All checks taken at sender's risk.

While every effort will be made to accommodate all parties paying taxes, taxpayers are urgently requested to call early and pay their taxes and thus save themselves, as well as the Treasurer, a great deal of time and trouble, and prevent the disagreeable rush at the close of the season.

☞ To insure a prompt answer all inquiries regarding taxes made by letter, should be forwarded prior to December, 10th and June 10th.

JACOB GEIB, Treasurer of Stark County, Ohio.

Treasurer's office, Canton, Stark Co., O., October 1, 1895.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

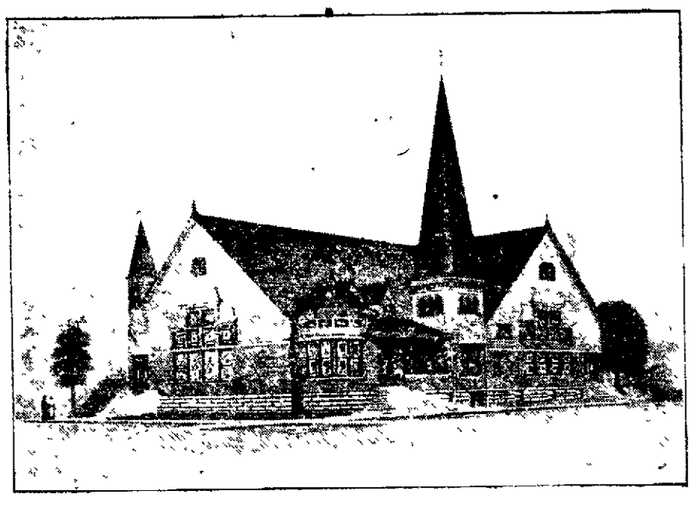
Sunday a Memorable Date in United Brethren Annals.

HOW THE WORK WAS DONE.

A New Church Completed and Turned Over to the Congregation for Daily Use Some Denominational History — The Opening Public Concert.

The crowning day of United Brethren effort in Massillon was reached Sunday in the dedication of their new church, which has been erected during the past year. The structure is of modern style of architecture; it is a combination of stone, rock-faced brick and wood, making a building 56x86 feet, which is very beautiful and at once calls forth the admiration of all who see it. The interior is handsomely finished in natural oak; the windows, walls, carpets and furnishings are done in a harmonious combination of colors that is very pleasing to the eye, and the effect is made still more attractive by the brilliant illumination from two Frink reflectors.

The building contains, in the basement, a dining room 30x56 feet, a kitchen adjoining, and other conveniences for the social work of the church. There is



an auditorium 45 feet square; a Sunday school or lecture room 30x40 feet; a young people's parlor, a ladies' parlor, a primary department, six class rooms, library and pastor's study. The platform is so arranged that when the large folding doors between the auditorium and Sunday school department are thrown back the speaker finds himself within close range of the entire congregation, and all parts of the house, whether auditorium, lecture room or gallery of Sunday school department are within easy hearing distance.

The design and plans of the structure are the work of Architect John H. Williams, of this city, and is a demonstration of his marked ability and cultivated taste. Success in the enterprise was achieved through the indomitable will of the pastor, the Rev. W. B. Leggett, who knows no such thing as discouragement, and the careful and energetic work of the board of trustees, composed of Messrs. W. H. Stansbury, John Silk, J. H. Williams, A. H. Bowman, H. A. Shafer, Joseph Fals and T. L. Cecil. The board owe much of their success in the construction of this beautiful church to the wise counsels and advice of Mr. H. V. Kramer, Mr. Z. T. Shoemaker, Mr. Andrew Masters and Mr. S. C. Fortna, who were members of the building committee. Mr. Jacob Young secured the contract for the stone work of the basement. Mr. E. Converse, of Navarre, was the contractor and builder of the church, and Mr. Will H. Peters had charge of the decorations. While the cost has been moderate, about $10,000 for the house and furnishings, exclusive of the site, it is one of the most commodious and conveniently arranged churches of the denomination.

HISTORICAL SKETCH.

The church of the United Brethren in Christ is a distinctively American church, both in its origin and in its form of government. It was organized in the early history of the republic, through the force of circumstances that were nothing but providential; the moving spirits in this work, the Rev. Philip William Otterbein, a reformed missionary to America, and Martin Boehm, a Mennonite, came together in a great religious meeting, and after each had related his experience in conversion, their experiences were so much alike that they embraced each other and exclaimed: "We must be brethren." From this circumstance the name of the denomination was derived; however it was not adopted formally until the general conference of 1800. Then the church is American in its form of government. All officers, from the highest to the least, are elected by the people, and all members (regardless of sex) are equally elegible to any office in the church; every four years the bishops and other general officers are elected, and each one of them must then submit to the removal of his official crown, for a little while, to remind him that he is one of the "Brethren;" only this and nothing more. He that would be greatest is compelled to be servant of all.

The policy of the church is broad enough and liberal enough to take into its communion all classes and races, knowing no east, no west, no north, no south. The membership is made up almost exclusively from the industrial classes; among the quarter of a million of members there isn't one millionaire; whether this is fortunate or unfortunate is hard to determine; there being times when a millionaire's money could be used advantageously in the work of the church, if it were available.

United Brethrenism in Massillon: The first United Brethren preaching in Stark county was at the tavern of Philip Slusser, in West Brookfield, in 1816, by

most of our people are working people, who depend on their daily toil for the support of their families, there was considerable hesitancy about undertaking the building of a new church, such as would meet the requirements of the congregation and that would do credit to the enterprise of the city. The board of trustees decided to move forward in this matter, asking the congregation to do what they were able, and then trust to the generosity of friends of the church for financial aid to complete the work. And on the 9 th day of April, 1893, the church property on West Main street was sold to the Reformed congregation, who had been holding their services in the church for some months

The corner stone of the new church was laid Nov. 4th, 1894, Bishop J. Weaver, D. D., officiating, and as to the work of the past year, the beautiful structure to be dedicated tomorrow, stands as a monument of implicit faith in God and untiring energy of the board of trustees and others who kindly assisted in the work. The cost of the building including furnishings and lot was nearly $14,000 The following programme will be observed in the dedication:

PROGRAMME OF DEDICATION.

Saturday, 7 p. m.—Anthem, chorus; scripture, Rev. J. F. Leggett; hymn No 8, congregation; prayer; song, chorus; sermon, Rev. W. O. Siffert; hymn No 28, congregation; prayer; benediction

Sunday, 10 a. m.—Anthem, chorus. scripture, Rev J. F. Shepherd; hymn No. 75, congregation; prayer; hymn No. 534, chorus; sermon, Bishop Castle, D. D; financial statement, H A Shafer, offerings and dedication; doxology; benediction, Bishop Castle.

Sunday afternoon, 3 o'clock—Greetings, conducted by the Rev. J. F. Shepherd, Ph. D., presiding elder of West district; hymn No. 369, chorus; scripture reading and prayer, Rev. W. H. Shults, of the Reformed church; anthem, chorus; "Relation of Pastor and People," Rev. E. L. Kemp, of St. Timothy s Episcopal church; "Power and Influence of Christianity," Rev. E. P. Wise, of the Christian church; hymn No. 435, congregation; "Necessity and Importance of Building Houses of Worship," Rev G. B Smith, D D, of the First M. E. church; "The Building of Houses of Worship as a Public Enterprise Deserves the Aid of All Lovers of Good Society," Rev. John Herron, of the Presbyterian church; concluding exercises; benediction.

Sunday, 7 p. m.—Hymn No. 440, chorus; scripture; prayer; hymn No. 413, congregation; sermon, Rev. Wm. Bell, D. D; closing exercises; doxology; benediction.

ABOUT THE MARKETS.

Points One Picks Up in the Produce Trade.

Sixty-five cents is being paid for both new and old wheat and the indications are that this will be the stationary price for some time to come. The farm produce market is at a standstill and there is but little more life in the grain market. As everybody knows the potato crop this season has been unusually large and they can be bought at almost any price. Perhaps some people may not believe it but it is nevertheless a fact that the state of the weather has much to do with the Massillon market. Many of the largest producers reside at a great distance from the city. One man who lives in Wayne county brings about fifty pounds of butter to the local market each week during fine weather. When the roads are in bad condition or the weather is cold or disagreeable he takes his wares to Wooster. Thus when two or more such producers are prevented from coming to Massillon, butter becomes scarce and naturally the price is increased.

An inventory of the prizes won by Walter Snyder and his bicycle this season has been made and it was found that they are equivalent in value to about $800. Out of twenty-six races entered Snyder won fourteen first prizes, five second prizes, three third prizes and one fourth prize. Seven of these prizes were $50 diamonds and one diamond ring. These prizes are all still in his possession as the rules governing class A riders prohibits their disposing of them. Snyder may become a class B man next season, and he has already received several lucrative offers from various bicycle manufacturing firms.

MR. SHERRARD IS DEAD.

Carried Off Very Unexpectedly in Steubenville.

A GOOD FRIEND OF MASSILLON

He Served the State Zealously and Well as President of the Board of Trustees of the Massillon Eastern Ohio Hospital for Insane

STEUBENVILLE, Nov. 9.—Robert Sherrard, sr., the most prominent and wealthy citizen of this city, lawyer, banker and politician, died here at 4 o'clock Friday morning, of a stricture of the bowels, aged 72 years.

Mr Sherrard was appointed United States marshal for the Seventh Ohio District in 1850. The same year he formed a law partnership with John H. Miller, which lasted thirteen years. During the war he was a distributing agent and took subscriptions for bonds. He took part in the movement leading to the capture of Morgan, the raider. He has been the head of the bank of Sherrard, Mooney & Co., of this city, and was president of the American National Bank, of New York city. He had been on the ticket for state senator, and was always a prominent Republican. Mr. Sherrard was a trustee of Washington and Jefferson college, of Pennsylvania. He was also president of the board of trustees of the Eastern Ohio Hospital for Insane, and gave to this work much of his time and broad intelligence.

NEWS FROM NEAR BY TOWNS.

A BEACH CITY MARRIAGE

BEACH CITY, Nov. 9 —The pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. William Kaldenbach, in West street, was the scene of a happy gathering of friends on Wednesday evening, November 6, to witness the marriage of their only daughter, Miss Carrie, and Mr. Wilbur Winfield. Promptly at 5:30 the ceremony was performed by the Rev. M. F. Rinker, and after the warm congratulations of friends all were invited to the dining room, where an excellent and refreshing supper awaited all. The newly wedded couple boarded the evening train north for a two weeks' tour among friends. These excellent young people have the warm wishes of their many friends Mrs. Winfield is assistant organist in the Lutheran church here and is highly esteemed in this position. A number of beautiful gifts were bestowed by friends.

FOR JUMPING A BILL.

NAVARRE, Nov. 9.—Manager Russell, of the "Dr Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" Company, which held forth in Opera hall, last week, was arraigned before Justice Loew on a warrant sworn out by Landlord Buss for jumping a board bill. The man pleaded not guilty and was bound over to court, his security being fixed at $200, which was not furnished.

NOW THEY HAVE PROTECTION.

WEST LEBANON, Nov. 9.—That the slumbering residents may have proper protection two well armed and determined citizens patrol the streets all night. Each citizen takes his turn at this duty. The villagers have been driven to this step by the depredations committed here within the past few weeks.

A HARD TIMES SOCIAL.

NEWMAN, Nov. 9.—There will be a hard times' social held in the school house on Wednesday evening for the benefit of the Abraham Williams family, who suffered gaeat loss by fire on the 5 inst. the home and all the winter supplies and considerable of their clothing went up in smoke. It is to be hoped that everybody will turn out and assist in relieving the existing distress. Come and spend a pleasant evening for a good cause. By order of their many friends.

A NAVARRE ASSIGNMENT.

NAVARRE, Nov. 11.—Peter Guan assigned at 4 p. m., Saturday, to Robert Scheidecker. Guan was in the boot and shoe business The assets of the estate are valued at $6,000, liabilities the same

THE CLOVER HILL MINE RESUMES

NORTH LAWRENCE, Nov. 11.—The Clover Hill mine, which has been shut down for several months, resumed operations this morning.

The Mount Lebanon Shakers recently performed a great deed of charity, although it was not designed as a charity, being nothing more nor less than an advertising scheme It however resulted in great good just the same. They gave away 1,000 bottles of their Digestive Cordial to those suffering from stomach derangements.

It was so effective in curing those who used the remedy that they were loud in their praises of it and in consequence a large demand for the cordial was at once created

The druggists of this town have little books that tell all about it Digestive Cordial creates an appetite, aids digestion and brings about a rapid increase in flesh and strength.

Laxol is the name of a palatable Castor Oil. Just the thing for children.

Now is the time to subscribe.

Referee Little Decides in Their Favor.

THE RATE IS FIFTY-FIVE CENTS.

A Decision of Importance to the Coal Trade of Ohio—President Ratchford Says the Miners Will Accept the Verdict in Good Faith.

M. D. Ratchford learned this morning of the decision of Referee Little, making the mining rate in Ohio 55 cents a ton. He said: "I had hoped for a different result, of course, but we will accept the verdict, just as we should have expected the operators to accept it, had it been otherwise. I thought that at the very least, Judge Little would give us 60 cents where the conditions are the same as in the company store regions of Pennsylvania. Theoretically we have no company stores in Ohio, it is true, but as a matter of fact in many localities they do exist. The rate will continue until Dec. 30, when a new scale contract will be negotiated in Pennsylvania."

COLUMBUS, Nov. 9.—Judge Little of Xenia, who was chosen to arbitrate the basis of wages for mining in Ohio, has found in favor of the operators. The mining scale in Ohio is determined by the prevailing rate in Western Pennsylvania. The miners claimed 69 cents a ton was the prevailing rate and the operators claimed it was 64 cents.

It was shown that seven-ninths of the coal produced in Western Pennsylvania was mined at 64 cents and Judge Little held that was the prevailing rate. Only operators having their own stores pay 69 cents in Western Pennsylvania. On the basis of arbitration the rate in Ohio was advanced 10 to 15 cents a ton.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE.

Results Registered Last Tuesday in Stark County.

CANTON, Nov. 9. —The board of elections finished the official count of votes cast on Tuesday, this afternoon. The final figures are as follows:

For Governor:
- Bushnell, R., 9,599—3,101.
- Campbell, D., 7,489
- Coxey, P., 2,488.
- Watkins, So., 118.
- Ellis, Pro, 52[illegible]

Judge of Common Pleas Court:
- Taylor, R., 10,138—3,210
- Given, D., 6,724.
- Given, P., 2,253.
- Given, Pro., 585.
- Taylor's majority, 426.

State Senator:
- Williams, R, 9,642—2,071.
- Krider, D, 7,571.
- Smyth, P, 2,147.

Sheriff:
- Doll, R., 9,880—2,429.
- Mase, D., 7,451.
- Hazen, P., 2,085

Clerk of Courts:
- Casselman, R, 9,334—1,410.
- Oberly, D., 7,924.
- Bowman, P, 2,117.

Auditor:
- Reed, R., 9,393—1,580.
- Loichot, D, 7,813.
- Immel, P, 2,152.

Treasurer:
- Geib, R, 10,210—3,145.
- Loeffler, D, 7,065.
- Hoover P., 2,124

Commissioner:
- Crawford, R ; 9,681—2,290.
- Clutz, D, 7 391.
- Mathie, P, 2 253.

For Infirmary Director:
- Howenstine, R., 9,614—2,264.
- Miller, D, 7,350.
- Long, P., 2,240.

For Surveyor:
- Hoover, R, 9,565—2,006.
- Hall, D., 7,559.
- Martin, P., 2,198.

For Representative:
- Austin, R., 9,880—2,524.
- Wilhelm, R., 9,678—2,323.
- Williams, D, 7,192
- McCadden, D, ,356.
- Cock, P, 2,217
- Roath, P., 2,228.

Circuit Judge:
- Kibler, 9,370—1,568.
- Thayer, 7,802.

ABOUT THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Timely Paragraphs About Teachers and School Work.

A party consisting of Supt. J. W. Scott, High School Principal C. E. Budd and Misses Anna Rollins, Alice Long, Carrie Baum, May Esely and Ella Miller, teachers in the Londonville public schools, visited the local schools and teachers yesterday.

The Perry Township Teachers' Association held a pleasant and profitable meeting in the East street building last Saturday afternoon. The next meeting will be held in Wertzbaugher's school house on Saturday, November 6. A fine programme has been arranged. In the evening Prof E. A Jones will lecture on the subject of "What We Learn from the Life of Whittier."

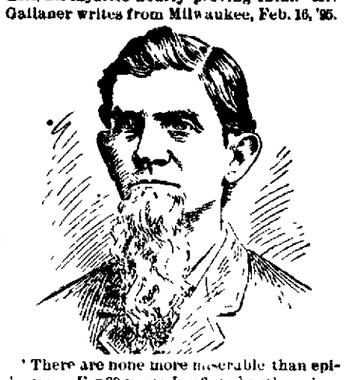
A Thanksgiving exercise, consisting of declamations, essays, select readings and songs would prove a profitable entertainment for the afternoon or evening of the previous Wednesday. The Thanksgiving proclamation of both the President and governor should be read by two of the older pupils, and a short address on the origin and observance of the day be given by the teacher or a clergyman.

The books for the Massillon O. T R. C. arrived this week and the work on this year's course has been commenced by the teachers in general This year promised to be one of Ohio's most successful in reading circle work The publishers of the books adopted have not been able to keep up with their orders.

The N. E. A meesing at Atlanta, Ga., was not largely attended. The opening hour on Friday found the hall empty and only a dozen were present at 10:30. The addresses by such men as Dr. Harper, Col. Parker, E. O. Lyte and Editor Winship and their fellows were worthy the best audiences of the South.

Cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

A few years ago, Mr. L. W. Gallaher, was an extensive, successful expert manufacturer of lumber products. Attacked with epilepsy, he was obliged to give up his business. The attacks came upon him most inopportunely. One time falling from a carriage, at another down stairs, and often in the street. Once he fell down a shaft in the mill, his injuries nearly proving fatal. Mr. Gallaher writes from Milwaukee, Feb. 16, '95.



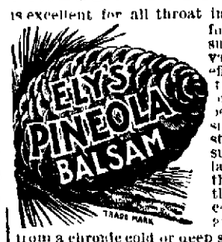
"There are none more miserable than epileptics. For 20 years I suffered with epileptic fits, having as high as five in one night I tried any number of physicians, paying to one alone, a fee of $500.00 and have done little for years but search for something to help me, and have taken all the leading remedies, but received no benefit. A year ago my son, Chas. S. Gallaher, druggist at 191 Reed St., Milwaukee, gave me Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I tried it with gratifying results. Have had but two fits since I began taking it. I am better now in every way than I have been in 20 years."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by druggists on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit or price refunded. Book on the Heart and Nerves, free. Address.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

Miles' Remedies Restore Health

PINEOLA COUGH BALSAM



is excellent for all throat inflammations and for Asthma. Consumptives will invariably derive benefit from its use as it quickly abates the cough, renders expectoration easy, assisting nature in restoring wasted tissues. There is a larger percentage of those who suppose their cases to be consumption who are only suffering from a chronic cold or deep seated cough, often aggravated by catarrh For catarrh use Ely's Cream Balm Both remedies are pleasant to use. Cream Balm, 50c. per bottle. Pineola Balsam, 25c. at Druggists. In quantities of $2 50 will deliver on receipt of amount

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

TAKE THE BEST

CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE

25cts., 50cts. and $1.00 Bottle. One cent a dose.

It is sold on a guarantee by all druggists. It cures Incipient Consumption and is the best Cough and Croup Cure.

For sale by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton

Chichester English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Dr

DR. SPINNEY & CO.

The Old Reliable Specialists

33 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE TREATMENT OF NERVOUS, CHRONIC AND SPECIAL DISEASES OF MEN AND WOMEN.

YOUNG MEN

Troubled with Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, Organic Weakness, Kidney and Bladder affections, or any form of special disease, can here find a safe and speedy cure **CHARGES REASONABLE**, especially to the poor

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES cured without mercury or injurious drugs, and all chronic ailments of the Nose, Throat, Bones, Mucous patches in the Mouth, Blotches, Warty Growths, Abscesses, Ulcers and Painful Swellings, Piles, Fistula and Rectal Ulcers cured without pain

MIDDLE-AGED MEN. Many are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often using a slight burning or smarting sensation and weakening of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposit, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear, or the color be of a thin milky hue, again changing to a dark or torpid appearance. Many men, ignorant of the cause of this difficulty which is the second stage of organic weakness. We guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases and a healthy restoration of the whole system. **CONSULTATION FREE.** Call or Write or send list of questions and book for special HOME treatment.

DR. SPINNEY & CO., CLEVELAND, O

48 Public Square. Private Entrance 141 Champlain St

Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Sundays, 9 to 11 A. M.

Just Received

A new line of Ladies' Fine Shoes in all the latest styles. Shoes that are worth $2.50 to $4, we will sell for the

Next Ten Days from $1.75 to 2.75

Come at once and take advantage of this Bargain.

HANSEN & BLAUMEISER, 31 E. Main St. Massillon.

Suggestions for those in Search of Health

Get rid of the bondage of habit.

The use of condiments in your food such as pepper, spices too much salt, do not nourish but create an abnormal appetite.

In many diseases it is not good to partake of too much animal food.

If you are ill it is better to lay aside the use of pork, tea and coffee.

Do not eat or drink when over heated or angry

Eat slowly. It is not well to drink while eating.

If you wish to increase your fat and flesh drink freely of water.

Do not neglect bathing, and rub the body after a bath until the skin is warm and red.

Have a regular time for rest and eating.

Keep your feet warm, and head cool.

If you are inclined to be melancholy sleep on the right side.

Don't talk against anyone. If you have ill feelings against any person seek to do them a kindness.

Do not think evil of anyone. Get rid of all of your evil suspicions and jealous thoughts. Cast them out of your mind as you would a viper, for such thoughts will injure your disposition. Weaken your body, and ruin your health.

Do not listen to gossip against your neighbor, and remember there is something good that you can say of every one.

Do not worry about that which you can not help because it can do you no good, and do not worry about that which you can help because if you can help it you should do so and then you won't have anything to worry over.

Cultivate a cheerful, pleasant disposition, and you can be more easily cured of any disease that may afflict you.

WHAT DR. KUTCHIN DOES DO.

Dr. Kutchin makes the first object of his life to heal the afflicted, the second, to get a well deserved reputation as a healer of diseases among the people, the third, is to earn a modest compensation in order to properly care for him self and family

He does all that he agrees to, and oftimes more, and when failure does occur it can always be traced to carelessness, imprudence, or over work on the part of the patient.

He deals candidly, liberally and honorably with all alike, taking advantage of none as to condition or circumstance.

Last, but not least, he cures after all methods but his have failed

DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

EX. U. S. SURGEON.

Specialist in Chronic Diseases.

WHAT DR. KUTCHIN DOES NOT DO.

He does not frighten people into doctoring by holding up a plea of a speedy death before their eyes He does not urge the sick to take treatment when he knows them to be incurable Neither does he by false pretenses hold the sick under his care month after month while doing them no good.

He does not persuade helpless incurables to doctor out the last month of their lives, or give up their last dime for medicine.

He does not take patients under a so-called false guarantee pretending to charge only for medicine and taking whatever amount he can get, or make the object of his life to extort money from the sick.

HUNDREDS OF SO CALLED INCURABLE CASES CURED!

Thousands of Men All over the country are being slowly bled to death year after year owing to the vital fluids passing off with the urine (water) They feel a run down, drugged out and whipped of energy and ambition, but are all unconscious of where the true cause of their trouble lies. Seeking relief from the family doctor, they are treated for Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Heart Troubles or Rheumatism and Kidney Disease, but to no purpose. They try patented nostrums, but these disappoint them. These sufferers may be of all ages, from mere boys to advanced life, but the majority are middle aged married men who have worked day and night, as you might say, for years and years. If such will come to the Doctor, and bring a bottle of their urine, he will show them the cause of their trouble.

The Chronic Afflicted In order to have the skill of the Noted Specialist, must either go to such specialist, or the specialist must go to them. Statistics show that among all chronic sufferers, not more than one in five hundred ever go to the larger cities to receive treatment; this fact is owing mainly to: The terrible dread the sick have of leaving home and going into the turmoil noise and confusion of a great city, and the worry and exhaustion incident to travel Also the great expense of the trip and the unreasonable prices charged for examination and treatment. It is a notorious fact that chronic diseases are so distinct from acute ones that the regular practitioner, as a rule, wants nothing to do with them, and if satisfied with his income, will frankly say so, hence the necessity of the specialist; and that he shall put himself where these patients **uncured by their Family Doctor** may see him and receive first-class treatment, although unable to visit the city to secure a like quality of skill The fact that a city specialist visits your county seat, and receives and prescribes for patients at your best hotel does not in the least detract from his skill, honesty, integrity or respectability For if a man is a gentleman at home he is a gentleman everywhere. Does Dr. Kutchin cure everybody? No! Does he treat every case that goes to him? No! But he does cure a greater percentage of cases accepted for treatment than any specialist of our acquaintance. His business has assumed such gigantic proportions in Ohio that he has found it an absolute necessity to confine his work almost entirely to this State. This enables everyone under his care to communicate with or see the Doctor on short notice at all times.

☞DR. KUTCHIN IS NO STRANGER IN THIS COUNTY HE HAS BEEN MAKING REGULAR VISITS HERE FOR THREE YEARS.

☞SPECIAL NOTICE.—In all obscure diseased conditions DR. KUTCHIN requests the afflicted to bring a sample of urine for free analysis. This should be the first passed on arising. Let the afflicted remember that Dr. H. LESTER KUTCHIN visits this country regularly every month for the convenience and benefit of his patients. He can be consulted FREE of CHARGE in his private parlors at the

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Friday, Nov. 29, '95

Consultation, Examination and Advice, Free.
Return visits made every 28 days

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS TO DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN, COLUMBUS

THE OLD AXIOM That we still lead the procession

Attention now my friends We are the oldest and best established carriage factory in this section

SEE SEE SEE

How nice and smoothly it runs along. My hand-made buggies will stand fast driving. Drivers for business. Drivers for speed and drivers for recreation and pleasure. All accord in the unanimity of my superb and the excellency of my line of vehicles. We are up to date with the approved modern ideas of carriage building.

Our Repair Department Is complete. It is done promptly on demand. When in want of anything in my line, if you cannot call to see me, ring for Telephone 192.

PERRY H. YOUNG

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FARM·FIELD AND GARDEN

CONCERNING WINTER OATS.

Testimony From Various Sections Where This Grain Has Been Tested.

At the south it is a common practice to sow a certain class of oats in the autumn, and some attempt has been made in the north to grow winter oats. From the Wisconsin and Michigan stations come reports that winter oats failed to endure the winter. Professor Henry of the Wisconsin station is reported as saying that he does not believe there is any chance whatever of the southern form of this grain succeeding at the north, where the climate is severe.

At the Indiana station, on about latitude 40½, a good stand in the field was entirely killed last winter when wheat grown side of it under similar conditions was uninjured. Mr. E. S. Carman, editor of The Rural New Yorker, grew winter oats from Virginia seed during 1884-5 with success in northern New Jersey, the seed being sown Sept. 15. A correspondent of Prairie Farmer says:

"Unquestionably winter oats are being grown successfully in southern Indiana, but there is still uncertainty as to how they will survive the winter. In those localities where winter oats have not been planted it will be advisable to go slow. Experiment on a small scale at first. It is to be hoped winter oats may gradually become acclimated northward, but as yet the writer knows of no case where they have survived the winter north of New Jersey and Cincinnati."

American Agriculturist says that letters from experiment stations in the central west show that winter oats have been tried but in a few localities north of the Ohio; that practically no systematic tests have been made of them in all that region, and that they have been most successful in the extreme southern portions. Much the same can be said of winter oats in the middle and New England states, although they are used to some extent in southern Jersey, Delaware and Maryland. At the Rhode Island experiment station, where the winters are usually less severe than in almost any other part of New England, winter oats were sown with rye after potatoes in 1891. They germinated well, but failed to live through the winter, not even a single stool showing a green leaf in spring, and no trials have since been made there.

The last authority quoted calls attention to a letter from Indianapolis concerning winter turf oats which have been sown in that locality with success.

"They are hardy if sown early. They root very deeply, and certainly have advantages that will interest the farmer. They are sown in the fall when the weather is nice, and as they ripen with wheat, the harvesting and thrashing can be done at the same time. Their fall pasture alone would make them exceedingly valuable."

Management of Manure.

Unless very careful provision is made for conserving the fertility in farm manures, it is far better under ordinary circumstances to draw them directly from the stables during the winter on pastures, meadows or fields which will be devoted to corn the coming year. Spread thinly from the wagon. Circumstances and kinds of crops raised must to a limited extent indicate when, where and how to apply manures, but a good rule to keep in mind is to spread thinly and evenly on the surface in fall and early winter where plants are growing. This, says Country Gentleman, is nature's method of utilizing her waste vegetable products. The authority quoted also says:

It is seldom a good plan to plow manure under immediately after it is spread. That which is put upon the fields in the fall will have largely lost its fertilizing constituents by spring. They will then be found in the soil or stored up in plant roots ready for the coming season. It will then do no harm to plow under the corpse since the spirit has (largely) departed. Since all the manure cannot be applied in the best possible manner on account of season and conditions, it is well to preserve as far as possible that made in the latter part of the winter and spring until September, when it will be fairly fine. It can then be spread on the fresh plowed land and harrowed in preparatory to seeding to wheat or rye, or it may be spread evenly over grass lands.

Making Cider Vinegar.

There is always a good demand for vinegar, and none is better than that made from cider out of rich, sweet apples. The earlier it is made the more rapid will be the fermentation and the quicker will come the change from alcohol acidity. This souring is much hastened by frequent exposure to the air, turning the cider once a day from one vessel to another. This exposes it to the air, and if it is done for a few weeks the vinegar will be as sour as by letting it be in the barrel for as many months. The early apples are often deficient in sweetness. An addition of sugar to the cider greatly increases the alcohol and also the acid in it when that stage is reached.—American Cultivator.

Red Clover In Oregon.

Red clover was successfully grown on the Oregon station farm for three years. Fall seeding without grain proved better than spring seeding. If spring seeding becomes necessary, it is recommended to sow clover alone rather than with grain. The use of six pounds per acre each of orchard grass and tall oat grass with clover seed is advised, both of these grasses having proved valuable in a mixture with clover. With gypsum at the rate of 75 to 100 pounds per acre the yield of clover was largely increased. It was most efficient when applied prior to March 15.

EXTRACTED HONEY.

The Packages For It—Comparative Merits of Barrels, Cans, Pails and Glass Jars.

The barrel is the largest package employed for honey, and is used by many apiarists for keeping their honey in bulk, but honey is not retailed from a barrel. Alcohol barrels are the kind selected and are bought secondhand from druggists.

Large tin cans, made the size of an extractor can, are used by numerous beekeepers to keep their crop of extracted honey. One of the advantages claimed for these cans is that they allow the honey to ripen after it is harvested if the cans are kept in a warm place. But the cans have some disadvantages. They are expensive, not easily transported, and will rust easily. Charles Dadant, who finds that a barrel will outlast a can of the same capacity, writes as follows in The American Bee Journal:

The 60 pound can is nearer to the retailing package than those already mentioned. It owes its reputation to the fact that a great many grocers are willing to buy it and retail the honey out. This package is also within the limits of the purse of well to do consumers. For this reason we think it is quite likely that this package will come more into favor ever day.

The flaring lard pails are a good package, and one of the advantages of this style is that they can be shipped when empty in a rather comparatively small compass, owing to their "nesting" inside one another. We have for 20 years or more retailed the greater part of our honey crop in pails. We handle four sizes, weighing when full 10 pounds, 5, 2½, and also a small can holding only 1¼ pounds. These are usually weighed gross, honey and all, and the weight of the pail helps to pay for its cost. It is with this package that we are able to reach the masses—the consumers who are unable to spend much for delicacies, and who want their money's worth of what they buy. When honey is put up in attractive shape, thousands of pounds find their way into the consumer's hands directly from the producer's home. We never put up our honey in cans directly while extracting it, but transfer it to the cans from the barrels as occasion requires. It takes a little more time, but the honey is more clear, having had time to get rid of the impurities which may be taken out with the last gallon of liquid honey drawn or may be skimed from the surface of the honey when the barrelful is granulated.

Glass jars are also used for the retailing of extracted honey. We have never liked this package, owing to the danger of breakage, the expense and weight of the glass. Besides when the honey granulates it does not look well in glass.

Our advice to those beekeepers who wish to try the home market is this: Put up your honey partly in the 60 pound cans and partly in barrels, and fill it into tin cans of different sizes as occasion requires. To those who wish to handle the honey but once and sell it in a lump on the large markets, we will give the advice of putting it all up in the regular 60 pound can.

Storing Potatoes.

Mr. Edwin Taylor, writing to the Kansas state board of agriculture, tells that he finds the cheapest and most satisfactory method of storing to be a dugout. In most Kansas soils no walls are needed but the dirt walls, and this is true of many other localities, but when the soil needs some support, it can easily be given by means of a few boards and poles very inexpensively. The roof of such a dugout may be of earth thrown over poles and brush. Such a roof will leak in wet weather unless covered by boards, cornstalks or straw, or other similar covering in the nature of thatching. A dry place must of course be chosen, and the best location will be a slope on a bank facing the south. An alley can be left through the dugout and a ventilator shaft run through the roof, and by this means a brisk circulation will be set up, particularly if the door opens on the level, as it may be if the structure is dug into the side of the bank.

There should be bins on each side of the alley with bottoms raised about six inches from the ground. The bottoms and sides of the bins should be clear of contact with the walls, whether of stone or dirt. Spouts may be placed at intervals through the roof near the outside of the bins through which to pour the potatoes into the cellar. Such a structure, if attention be paid to ventilation, and it be opened up on frosty nights and kept closed during the warm days of fall and early winter, will carry Early Ohio potatoes through to spring without sprouting. Early Rose, Beauty of Hebron and varieties of that class may require turning over once.

News and Notes.

Cranberries are again reported a short crop, though not as short as last year.

Reports from the principal onion growing districts in the country indicate that the crop is at least 25 per cent larger than that of last year.

In most of the canning districts the tomato crop was only about half the acreage of last year and the yield only about half as heavy. But the amount of stock carried over was very heavy.

The pack of canned peaches is reported light owing to the high prices of fresh fruit.

The corn crop is doubtless the largest ever grown in view of extent of area.

The wheat product of the United States will, it is believed, not be far from 450,000,000 bushels.

It is estimated by Ezra Meeker, the leading grower and shipper of hops in the state of Washington, that the crop will not be more than half that of former years.

The assistant statistician of the department of agriculture says that the year 1895 is noted for "a restricted area and widespread failure of cotton and winter wheat, joined with a largely increased extent of corn and potatoes."

EASY WAY OF DYEING.

Old Suits and Gowns Readily Made to Look Like New.

A Western Woman Made a New Suit for Ten Cents by Using Diamond Dyes—Original and Reliable Package Dyes that Have Never Been Equalled.

Annie Davis Tuller in a letter written the 8th of last month, said:

"I have had great success in my first attempt with Diamond Dyes My husband had a suit of summer clothes whose color did not please him, but he did not feel able to buy a new suit. We used a package of Navy Blue Diamond Dyes, following the directions, and the suit was soon transformed to a sedate, genteel color, making it as good as new."

For years Diamond Dyes have been the standard in thousands of homes where their ease of use and reliability have made many an old gown or suit suit look like new.

There are a dozen special fast cotton colors of Diamond Dyes, which are guaranteed to give colors that are true to name and absolutely unfading, even when exposed to sunlight or washed in strong soap suds. Do not risk your goods with adulterated substitutes that are sometimes offered.

Diamond Dyes are sold by all druggists. Colored samples of cloth and book giving full directions for their use, sent free by mail.

Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Nov 12.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 70@71c. No. 2 red 69@70c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 40@41c; mixed ear, old, 39@40c; shelled, 36½@37c, new yellow ear, 34@34½c; new yellow shelled, 33½@34c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24¼@24½c. No. 2 do, 23¾@24¾; extra No. 3 white, 22½@23½c; light mixed, 21@21½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $15 75@16 00; No. 2 timothy, $15 00@15.50; mixed clover, $14 00@14.50, packing, $7.50@8.00, No 1 feeding prairie, $11 00@11.25, wagon hay, $7 00@7.50 for timothy.

BUTTER—Fresh creamery, 25@26c; Ohio fancy creamery, 21@22c; fancy country roll, 16@17c; low grades and cooking, 5@7c.

CHEESE—Ohio, new, 9@10c; New York, new, 10@10½c; fancy New York, full cream, 11@12c; Limburger, new, 10@10½c; Wisconsin Swiss, 12½@13c; Ohio Swiss, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 17@17½c, le more for candled; cold storage, 15@15½c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 5½@6c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@50c; spring chickens, 15@50c, as to size; dressed chickens, 10@11c per pound; live ducks, 60@70c per pair; live turkeys, 8@9c per pound, dressed, 12@13c per pound.

GAME—Rabbits, 25@35c per pair; quail, $2 25@2.50 per dozen; pheasants, $5.00@5 50 per dozen; squirrels, $1 25@1 50 per dozen; grouse $6.50@7.00 per dozen.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Nov. 12

CATTLE—Receipts only fair this week: 85 cars on sale. The demand is fair and the market is opening up steady at about last week's prices. We quote prices as follows: Prime, $4.30@4.50; good, $4.05@4 25; good butchers, $3.80@4.00; rough fat, $2.50@3.50; bulls, cows and stags, $1.50@3 00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@40.00; feeders, $3.25@3 80; heifers, $2 25@3.25.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, November 13, 1895

GRAIN MARKET.	
Wheat, per bushel (old)	65
Wheat, per buseel (new)	65
Rye, per bushel	40
Oats	20-22
Corn	30-35
Barley	60
Wool	8-10-12
Flax Seed	$1 00
Clover Seed	$3 50-3[illegible]
Timothy Seed	$150-$1 80
Bran, per 100 lbs	80
Middlings, per 100 lbs	$1 00
Hay	$14 00-16 00

PRODUCE.	
Choice Butter, per lb	16-18
Eggs, per dozen	17
Lard, per pound	7
Hams, per lb	[illegible]
Shoulders	8
Sides	8
Cheese, per lb	10
White beans, per bushel	$1 80-$2 20
Potatoes,	25
Onions,	50
Apples	30-40
Evaporated Apples, choice	[illegible]
Dried Peaches, peeled	12-16
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4- 5
Salt, per barrel	$1 00-$1 20

You Can Believe

The testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest people, who have actually found in their own experience that Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, creates an appetite, strengthens the system and absolutely and permanently cures all diseases caused by impure or deficient blood.

Hood's Pills for the liver and bowels act easily, promptly and effectively.

The wife of Mr. Leonard Wells, of East Brimfield, Mass., had been suffering from neuralgia for two days, not being able to sleep or hardly keep still, when Mr. Holden, the merchant there sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and asked that she give it a thorough trial. On meeting Mr. Wells the next day he was told that she was all right, the pain had left her within two hours, and that the bottle of Pain Balm was worth $5 if it could not be had for less. For sale at 50c per bottle by The Saltsman Drug Co.

Reward! $200 Reward.

To any person who can prove we don't refund money where no cure is effected after giving a fair trial according to directions.

MAYERS'S MAGNETIC CATARRH CURE.

The only safe and reliable medicine for catarrh, hay fever and asthma used by Vapor Inhalation. One bottle to last for a three months' treatment.

This grand remedy will positively cure all forms of those terrible diseases June cold and hay fever cured.

June Cold and Hay Fever Cured.

Oakland, Md.

To The Mayers Drug Co.

I feel it my duty to say something in regard to the merits of your Magnetic Catarrh Cure. I have been a sufferer from rose or June cold for the last 15 years. It comes on about the middle of June and lasts about six weeks or two months I commenced using Mayers's Catarrh Cure about the middle of April as a preventive, and it certainly did the work. I passed through the summer without the slightest return of the disease. I am station baggage master at Oakland, Md.

Respectfully,
D M MASON.

For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

EVERYBODY IS ON TO IT

BATTLE AX PLUG

THE LARGEST PIECE OF GOOD TOBACCO EVER SOLD FOR THE MONEY

An Important Office.

To properly fill its office and functions it is important that the blood be pure. When it is in such a condition the body is almost certain to be healthy. A complaint at this time is catarrh in some of its various forms A slight cold develops the disease in the head. Droppings of corruption passing into the lungs bring on consumption. The only way to cure this disease is to purify the blood. The most obstinate cases of catarrh yield to the medicinal powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla as if by magic, simply because it reaches the seat of the disease, and by purifying and vitalizing the blood removes the cause. Not only does Hood's Sarsaparilla do this, but it gives renewed vigor to the whole system, making it possible for good health to reign supreme.

Are You Ever Annoyed

by a buzzing or roaring sound in your head? Have you difficulty in hearing distinctly? Hre you troubled with a continual dropping of mucous, irritating the throat and causing you to cough? Is your breath unpleasantly affected and accompanied with bad taste? Is your hearing less acute? If so you have catarrh and should at once procure a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, the best known remedy. The Balm will give instant relief.

The Cause of Fevers.

Few people fully appreciate the effects of malaria on the human system. Residents of low-lying districts are daily storing away in their bodies the inhaled germs of disease which permeate the air, and even where the location is elevated, too often sanitation is imperfect and emanations from decaying vegetable matter render the air poisonous The result is a train of bilious disorders, agues, intermittent and bilious fevers. A good plan is to take a few doses of a mild but thorough and searching cathartic whenever an attack is threatened. For this purpose Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are unequalled. They depurate the liver, cure constipation, improve digestion and often ward off dangerous fevers. Once used they are always in favor.

California BY THE Sunset Limited Southern Pacific Co.,

In addition to the regular daily trains and for the especial accommodation of first class passengers, are running over the "Sunset Route" their famous vestibuled "Sunset Limited" trains, composed of Ladies' Parlor and Drawing room car, composite car, containing barber shop, bath room, buffet and smoking compartments, Pullman sleepers—which are double drawing room ten section cars—and last but not least the necessary dining car. The train is never without this car—day or night. These luxurious trains make the quickest time to the Pacific coast and leave New Orleans semi-weekly, every Monday and Thursday morning 10 o'clock, time to Los Angeles only 58 hours, San Francisco 75 hours. No extra charge for this superior service. Avoid the cold rigor of the more northern routes by patronizing "Sunset Limited."

ALSO FOR HOME SEEKERS.

The Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route" in connection with the "Queen and Crescent Route" are running the only line of through tourist Pullman Sleepers leaving Cincinnati semi-weekly, every Monday and Thursday evening for Los Angeles, San Francisco, and all other points in California.

These excursions are specially conducted, and the object is to enable those who do not care to buy first class ticket, to enjoy a comfortable ride with sleeping car privileges and no change of cars, on the very low second-class rate ticket.

For further information, address

W. H. Connor, Commercial Agt. S. P. Co., Cincinnati, O.

W. G. Neumyer, G W.Agt. S. P. Co., Chicago, Ill.

S. F. B Morse, G. P. & T. Agt. S. P. Co., New Orleans, La.

Health Versus Disease.

It seems to be the lot of humankind to suffer and to die. Hundreds of diseases have been recognized by the regular practitioner as incurable. The afflicted one is told that his days are numbered—nothing can be done—he's left by these incompetent ones to his own reflections and to die. To such Dr. Ottman comes as a deliverer. He comes to break the chains or death. He comes to liberate the slave. He comes to interpose himself between the patient and death. He comes to cure the seemingly incurable His knowledge is conceded to be the best, gained as it was through a tedious though thorough course in the best colleges of this and the old world. His so called miraculous power of healing but the natural sequence, the ultimate outcome of a practice gained by years of experience. No sufferer is too bad, none that were pronounced incurable, none "so near to the grave" that they need despair. Dr. Ottman comes to cure. Will be in Massillon O., Wednesday, Nov. 20, in the private parlor of the Conrad Hotel, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. One day only. Consultation free and strictly private.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

You will always find local news on the inside pages of THE INDEPENDENT.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator de bonis non of the estate of William Norman, late of Stark County, O., deceased.

Dated the 24th day of October, 1895

JOHN L. WALTER,
Administrator.

Legal Notice.

In pursuance to an order of the probate court of Stark county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on the premises, on

Saturday, December, 14, 1895.

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, situated in the county of Stark and state of Ohio to wit:

Being a part of the northeast quarter of section number four (4) of township number eleven (11) and range ten (10) and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a post or a line on the north side of the quarter and fifty-three and one-half (53½) perches east from the northwest corner of said quarter; thence east along the north side of said quarter, twenty-two (22) perches to Smith's land to a post; thence south and parallel with the line on the west side of the quarter thirty seven (37) perches to a post; thence west and parallel with the north line of the quarter twenty-two (22) perches to a post, one perch east of John Beardorff's land; thence northand parallel with the east line of the quarter thirty-seven (7) perches to the place of beginning, containing five (5) acres of land, more or less

Appraised at four hundred and fifty dollars ($1 0.0).

Terms cash.

CHRISTIAN GRABER,
Administrator with will annexed, of the estate of William Everet, deceased.

Massillon, O., Nov. 12th, 895

Willison & Day, Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Matilda T. Rousseau, vs. Geo. H. Gross, Executor, et al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on Saturday, November 23, 1895, the following described real estate, to-wit: Situated in the township of Bethlehem, county of Stark and state of Ohio, and known as lot No. 63, in the town of Navarre, and in the part thereof which was formerly called Rochester. Appraised at $80'. Terms cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock, P. M.

J. A. JEFFERS, Attorney. HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

Land for Sale

The following described land is offered at private sale by the executor of the late

Lewis Hornberger Estate,

80 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND,

in Tuscarawas Township, 3¼ miles southwest of Massillon, 8 acres of which, has timber thereon.

Also 8 acres in the same township, 1½ miles southwest of Massillon, an excellent tract of land. For terms and further particulars call on

JOHN J WEFLER,
Massillon, O. Executor.

ALSO

The following described land is offered at private sale by John Hollinger,

27 Acres of Land in Perry Township,

2 miles south of Massillon, west of Tuscarawas river. This tract of land is considered equal to any in Perry township. For terms and further particulars, call on. JOHN J. WEFLER,
Massillon, O Agent.

Entertainment committees will find just what they want in the way of invitations and programs, at THE INDEPENDENT office.

Legal Notice.

THE STATE OF OHIO } Court of Common
STARK COUNTY, SS. } Pleas. September Term 1895. No. 11698.

In the matter of application of The American Patent Plant and Flower Basket Vase Manufacturing Co., for change of name

This day this matter on the application of C. E. Myers, B. F. Reese, R. C. Myers, L. H. Spoor, and J. M. Myers, petitioners herein, came on for hearing upon the petition filed herein, for change of the above named incorporated company, as prayed for, and the court being fully advised in the premises finds:

1st: That more than 30 days notice of the filing and pendency of the petition herein, was given by due publication thereof in The Massillon INDEPENDENT, a newspaper published in and of general circulation in said county of Stark, Ohio, as required by law.

2nd That no answer, demurrer or objection to the prayer of the petition was ever filed or made herein and thereto.

3rd. That all and singular, the facts, allegations and matters set forth in the petition contained are true. And it is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed by the court that the name of said incorporated company mentioned and described in the petition, be, and the same is hereby changed to be that of "The American Vase Manufacturing Co." as prayed for in the petition, and at the costs of the petitioners, taxed at $

Sheriff's Sale.

Robert W. McCaughey, vs. Fannie L. Clay, et. al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the court house, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, November 16th, '95,

the following described real estate, to wit:

Situated in the city of Massillon, county of Stark and state of Ohio, and described as follows: That certain lot or parcel of real estate at the northwest corner of Main and Clay streets, known as and being a strip of land fifty (50) feet front and rear off of the east side or end of Market square as designated and called on the original and duly recorded map or plat of the town, now said city of Massillon, and being the same premises which were conveyed to said Fanny L. Clay by Charles A. Krider as sheriff of Stark county by his deed dated December 1st, 1891, and being also known as lot No. 176 new number in said city.

Appraised at $18,000

Terms, cash.

Sale to commence at one o'clock p. m

HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

Willison & Day, Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Louisa K. Mendlin, vs. Augustus Momfer. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an attachment of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on Saturday, November 23, 1895, the following described property, to-wit: The undivided ½ interest in out lot No. 12, section 17, First ward, Massillon, Stark county, Ohio, and containing 1 and one sixth acres of land, subject to the life estate of Elizabeth Kramer. Appraised at $250. Terms cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock, p. m.

R. A. PINN, Attorney. HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

W. B. Benedict, plaintiff, vs. T. R. Cartright defendant.

Before Robert H. Folger, Justice of the Peace, of Perry Township, Stark County, O.

On the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1895, the said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for $10.50 and $10.00 probable costs.

November 5, 1895.

EGGERT & MCLAUGHLIN,
Plaintiff's attorneys.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned have been duly appointed Administrators of the estate of John P. Lawrence, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased.

Dated the 26th day of October, 1895.

JACOB R. LAWRENCE,
J. W. SCHUCKERS,
Administrators.

DR B E. OTTMAN,

The Celebrated Specialist,

Of Columbus, O., will be at the

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Wednesday, Nov. 20

Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 6:00 p. m. One Day Only Each Month

No money required of responsible parties to commence treatment.

HE CURES AFTER OTHERS FAIL.

The Most Successful and Scientific Treatment of All Diseases and Weaknesses of Mankind Possible to Obtain.

The most widely and favorably known Specialist in the United States. His long experience, remarkable skill and universal success in the largest hospitals in the world enables him to treat all CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD Diseases upon the latest scientific principles, and entitles him to the full confidence of the afflicted everywhere.

DR. OTTMAN has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. Medical and Surgical Diseases, Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases speedily cured by treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope. Many people meet death every year who might have been restored to perfect health had they placed their cases in the hands of experts.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. OTTMAN, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by the new remedy, **OLIVE BLOSSOM.** The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. **Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential.**

DR. OTTMAN operates successfully and painlessly for squint eyes, pterygium, iridectomy, turning in or out of eye lashes or lids, closure of tear duct and all other eye operations.

CHRONIC SORE EYES and granulated lids quickly cured.

A CERTAIN AND POSITIVE CURE for the awful effects of early vice and the numerous evils that follow in its train.

PRIVATE BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES speedily, completely and permanently cured.

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND SEXUAL DISORDERS yield rapidly to his skillful treatment.

PILES, FISTULA AND RECTAL ULCERS guaranteed cured without pain or detention from business.

SYPHILIS, GONORRHEA, GLEET, Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Night Emissions, Decayed Faculties, Female Weakness and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex, positively cured, as well as functional disorders that result from youthful follies or the excess of mature years.

SPECIALTIES: Catarrh, Skin Diseases, Sores, Pimples, Scrofula, Blood Taints, Eczema, Cancer, Piles and Diseases of Women quickly and Permanently Cured by the latest approved treatment as pursued by leading specialists of America and Europe.

DEAFNESS. I cure 90 per cent. of all cases. Many cases cured in one treatment.

DISCHARGING EARS cured in every case.

CATARRH OF THE NOSE, bronchitis and lung troubles, caused from catarrh, positively cured.

TO YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

A SURE CURE. The awful effects of early vice, which brings organic weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dreadful ills, permanently cured.

DR. OTTMAN addresses those who have impaired themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study, society or marriage.

MARRIED MEN, or those entering on that happy life, aware of physical debility, quickly assisted.

WE GUARANTEE TO CURE Nervous Debility, Failing Manhood, Syphilis, Varicocele, Stricture, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges Weak Parts and all Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

Cases and correspondence confidential, but personal consultation preferred.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (that passed first in the morning preferred), which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if requested a written analysis will be given. Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Delays are dangerous.

WONDERFUL CURES Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S.

List of 100 questions free. Address, with postage,

Dr. B. E. OTTMAN, 255 E. Broad st., Columbus, O.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®